The New-York Times.

VOL VII.....NO. 2174. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1858. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE QUARANTINE WAR.

GOV. KING'S PROCLAMATION.

The County of Richmond Declared in a State of Insurrection.

THE MILITARY CALLED OUT.

Further Arrests and Proceedings in Court.

POLICE REINFORCEMENTS FOR THE ISLAND.

Matters at Quarantine during yesterday remained very much *in statu quo*.

Up to 12 o'clock the fifty persons appointed by the Board of Health of the town to guard the gates of Quarantine had not made their appearance. The reason assigned is that the Committee find it difficult to get the requisite number of men at a dollar and a half a day to assume the risks and labor which will be required of them in closing up the Quarantine gates. Should the attempt be made to obstruct the avenues to and from the Quarantine, the case could easily be settled by an appeal to the Courts, without resort to force. This is probably the course that would be adopted by the Health Officer.

One-half of the Police force at Quarantine was relieved yesterday morning by a fresh detachment which was sent down by the Deputy Superintendent at 10 o'clock, on board the *Doctor Kane*.

The work on the quarantine buildings is progressing. Mr. Burns, for whose arrest a warrant was issued yesterday morning, upon the affidavit of Knell, has been ill since the conflagration.

Governor King has returned to Albany, and thence has issued his proclamation (which will be found below) relative to the late riots and arson at Quarnatine.

There were rumors in town yesterday that the National Guard had been ordered out, but they were unfounded. No orders were issued to the Military, but it is expected that the 7th Regiment will be ordered under arms to-day.

Many of the members of the various companies of the National Guard assembled at their armories in Broadway last night, awaiting the expected summons. They talked of the probabilities of a bloodless campaign on Staten Island, with rations of turtle soup like those served out to the Police now quartered at Quarantine. Most of the men expressed their readiness to serve the State in the present emergency, but many deplored the business losses which they should sustain in this busiest season of the year, if compelled to be absent from the City for a lengthened period. The suggestion that each militiaman would be fined $250 by the laws of the State, and suffer other punishment for a refusal to serve, was, however, to those who talked thus, a consolation. The yellow fever few dreaded, for the saffron-visaged destroyer, it was well known, had departed from Quarantine and taken up his abode at Ward's Island.

Governor King's Proclamation.

ALBANY, Tuesday, Sept. 7—2 P. M.

PROCLAMATION.

By John A. King, Governor of the State of New-York:

The deliberate and wanton destruction, on the nights of the 1st and 2d of September, by a large mob of armed men, of the buildings, dwelling-houses and hospitals at the Quarantine Station, in the County of Richmond, the property of the people of this State; the cruel and inhuman dragging forth of the sick and disabled patients from the hospitals, respected always, even in war; their barbarous exposure without shelter throughout an inclement night; the general concurrence in, and approval of, these violent acts by the people of the County of Richmond, and especially by those who reside in the neighborhood of the Quarantine grounds: the undisguised and determined manner in which all these outrages were committed, evincing a total disregard and contempt of the laws, and of all their obligations and duties as citizens and men; all combined present in my judgment a case which, standing alone in its enormity and violence, appeals directly to the Chief Magistrate of the State, whose duty it is to see that the laws are faithfully executed, to assert and maintain the dignity of the State, and of the authority of these laws, so contemptuously and barbarously defied and trodden under foot. Now, therefore, acting upon the high responsibility of my office, and desirous to vindicate the supremacy of the laws, I denounce these acts of arson and outrage, as crimes of the highest infamy, and for the purpose of bringing the people of the County of Richmond to a just sense of the enormity of these crimes, which they have permitted to be perpetrated without any attempt to interfere with or punish the well-known actors in all these terrible scenes of violence, burning and bloodshed, and to guard against the threats which are yet made that the ships lying at Quarantine shall be fired, and the buildings for the accommodation of the sick, who are now houseless, as well as for those who may arrive from infected Southern ports, would be destroyed as soon as erected, and for the security of the cities of New-York and Brooklyn from contagion and pestilence, I issue this proclamation, and call upon the civil authorities of the County of Richmond, and upon each and all of its inhabitants, instantly and zealously to coöperate in restoring the outraged peace and order of the Island, and in bringing to condign punishment the well-known, bold and principal actors and abettors in these acts of arson and murder, and I declare that by reason of the acts and proceedings herein referred to, and the refusal of the Sheriff of the County of Richmond, although repeatedly notified that threats had been made to destroy the public property at the Quarantine, to take any steps to prevent the consummation of those threats, and the absolute necessity for an adequate force to protect the buildings to be erected for the sick on the very site where they stood, until provision shall be made by law for their removal to some other place, and to release the large police force withdrawn from the general service of the cities of New-York and Brooklyn, and now stationed at Quarantine, that the County of Richmond is in a state of insurrection, and in order to assist in preserving and to protect the property of the State and the lives of the sick, that a military force of sufficient strength shall be detailed and stationed at the Quarantine until the returning sense of the people of Richmond County to their duties and obligations as peaceful citizens shall render its presence unnecessary, or until the Legislature shall otherwise direct.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto affixed my name and the privy seal of the State, this seventh day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

(Signed.) JOHN A. KING.

The Affairs at Quarantine Yesterday.

HOW THE GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION WAS RECEIVED—MORE YELLOW FEVER—ARRIVAL OF POLICE REINFORCEMENTS, ETC.

The Governor's Proclamation was received at Quarantine about 4 o'clock P. M., by the evening papers, and produced a sensation. Threats had been freely circulated that the buildings now in process of erection would be destroyed. The effect of it upon the populace was very apparent. The prospect of having a military force in their streets, and the probability of intercourse with the Island being wholly stopped, creates considerable excitement, and there were apprehensions that an attack would be made to finish the work before the military arrived. There was only a small Police force on the ground during the day, one-half of the number having been relieved; the substitutes did not arrive until in the evening. The Police will be sent back as soon as the military arrive on the ground. It is said there is great difficulty in finding the necessary number among them to mount guard at the buildings, and near the tents of the sick, for fear of taking the yellow fever.

New cases of yellow fever continue to arise outside the Quarantine walls. On Monday a German woman living in the village was admitted sick with the disease. Yesterday the husband was also brought in sick, and as they had no friends to care for their two children, and it being almost morally certain they would take the disease, they were also taken in to be cared for when they are sick.

No serious difficulty, however, occurred yesterday at Quarantine. The action of the Board of Health in resolving to appoint fifty patrolmen to guard the avenues to the Hospital grounds resulted in nothing. It turned out that the movement was an ingenious *ruse* to obtain the votes of fifty persons at a primary meeting which was held on Monday evening. There being a split in the Democratic Party this course was adopted to secure the nomination of a particular set of delegates to the Syracuse Convention. The persons employed were told that they would be regularly enrolled yesterday, but having secured their votes at the meeting, nothing further is heard of the matter. About 2 o'clock a small fight occurred outside the gate between some half dozen of the Sepoys, growing out of the unfair distribution of a musk melon which had been purchased by joint contribution from Chambers' grocery. Several visages were slightly marred during the *mêlée*, and there was considerable profane conversation, which is a great novelty in this well-ordered community.

Forty of the Police were relieved by a fresh detachment sent down by Mr. Carpenter. The married men were let off and the bachelors detained, whereupon strong resolutions were expressed among the latter persons that they would immediately take the necessary steps to get out of the proscribed class.

Police Surgeons Kennedy and Ball were ordered down to make inspection of the sanitary condition of the force. They expressed themselves highly pleased with the clean and orderly appearance of the tents, bedding and arrangements generally. There was not a case of sickness among the whole force. The Doctors gave the credit of this very much to the cook, Officer Nathaniel Stilwell and his assistant, Mr. Reynolds, who, notwithstanding the unsatisfactory condition of the culinary arrangements, succeed in getting up plenty of very palatable food for the force, whose appetites have wonderfully improved by a change of air. The rations were yesterday changed from turtle soup to corned beef and ham. They have plenty of milk for their coffee, and many little luxuries which add to the comforts of a camp life.

The two shanties building in the orchard south of Dr. Thompson's former residence, are entirely covered. Two other shanties for the better accommodation of the sick, were commenced yesterday afternoon on the same ground. They will be completed and ready for use on Saturday, Mr. Crolius says, unless they are burned down.

Edward Brady, a man-of-all-work, formerly engaged in the Hospital grounds, has been missing since the fire on the first (Wednesday) night. He slept in the stevedores' shanty, and when the attack was made, Dr. Bissell handed him a loaded musket and told him to shoot the first villain he saw attempting to fire the premises. He ran out in his shirt sleeves, and went towards the party that were coming through the corn field. He has not been seen since.

The following affidavit against Burns was taken yesterday:

Town of Castleton, Richmond County, ss.—Cornelius Van Buskirk being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is a resident of Staten Island; that he was on the Quarantine grounds on the 1st inst.; that he saw on the said grounds, and within the Quarantine inclosure, Thomas C. Burns; that he believes the said Burns was there without permission from the Health authorities of Quarantine. And the deponent further swears that on the night of the 1st inst. he saw John C. Thompson on the Quarantine grounds, and within the building known as the Small-pox Hospital; that he saw the said Thompson deliberately set fire to several beds in the hall of the second story of said Hospital; and do many other acts and things in the way of destroying the said Hospital.

CORNELIUS VAN BUSKIRK.

Subscribed and sworn to, before me, this 7th day of September, 1858. R. H. Thompson, Health Officer.

Since the destruction of the buildings, sufficient time has not elapsed to develop the consequences which in all probability will flow from the ruthless invasion of the hospitals, dead houses, and other localities of the Quarantine ground, where infection in its most concentrated form exists, if anywhere. It is well known and susceptible of proof that, during the conflagration on the 2d inst., when the main Hospital building was burned, where the sick were all shoved together, any quantity of old bedding and garments connected with the sick were stolen by the marauders, and carried among the people of the Island everywhere. These garments and bedding materials must necessarily act as so much seed for the spread and propagation of pestilence.

More Arrests.

WARRANT AGAINST TOM BURNS, PROPRIETOR OF THE NAUTILUS HOTEL.

The following affidavit has been made against Tom Burns, lessee of the Nautilus Hotel, at Tompkinsville charging him with being implicated in the recent burning of the Quarantine buildings.

City and County of New-York, ss.—Thomas Knell being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is a resident of Tompkinsville, S. I.; that he was present on the Quarantine grounds on the 1st inst., during the conflagration of the Quarantine buildings; that during said period he was on what is called the "Old Wash-House Dock" where the engine was located which was used in discharging cargoes from infected vessels; that while standing there on the dock Thomas C. Burns appeared and advised them to take all their property (referring to stevedores) from the wash-house and dock; that the said Burns stated to the deponent that he and his associates were going to burn the whole establishment, meaning the dock and wash-house; the deponent further says that he believes that the said Burns were on the Quarantine premises without authority. THOMAS KNELL.

Sworn before me, Sept. 6, 1858.

J. H. Welsh, Police Justice.

A warrant was forthwith issued against Burns. Mr. Burns enjoys considerable popularity among the villagers as the host of the Nautilus Hotel, which was formerly kept by Frank Jones. Being foreman of the Engine Company of the town, his place is the resort of those who run wid der mashine, and also of citizens who congregate there to enjoy their lager and berate the Quarantine. Strangers also stop there by instinct, as the house commands a beautiful view of the Bay and Narrows. Burns was unquestionably present on the first night, and demanded admittance within the Quarantine inclosure as the head of the fire company. His arduous exertions, however, in trying to extinguish the fire, in which he had bad luck, on account of the cutting of the hose, so much overcame him that he went to sleep, and was not seen much afterwards.

On Monday Burns presented himself before Justice Welsh, and inquired if any warrant had been issued against him, and expressed a desire to surrender himself, if it was proposed to take him in custody. No affidavit had then been made, but he had barely left the Court-room when Thomas Knell made the above affidavit against him. Yesterday afternoon, having heard of the warrant, he surrendered himself, and gave bail in the sum of $2,000 to answer. Mr. James R. Borden, of Stapleton, became his surety.

ARREST OF TWO HARBOR POLICEMEN.

Benjamin Bogle, and B. C. Bodine, two men attached to the Harbor Police, were yesterday arrested, charged with dereliction of duty, in not endeavoring to prevent the destruction of the Quarantine buildings. The affidavit, setting forth the complaint against these men, was published in Monday's Times. The arrested policemen comprised part of the Harbor Police regularly stationed at Quarantine, to aid in the enforcement of the Health laws, and to arrest parties found violating the requisitions of the Health Officer. It is charged that both of the officers worked assiduously to put outside the Quarantine walls men belonging to the hospitals, who were doing their utmost to prevent the mob from firing the buildings. This occurred on the night the buildings were first fired. The alleged derelict policemen were taken before Recorder Barnard, who is acting as Police Justice during the absence of Justice Welsh, and gave bail in $2,000 to appear for trial at the Court of General Sessions. Mr. Abraham Van Duzer became surety for officer Nodine, and Robert Christy, Jr., for officer Bogle.

The Garrett Habeas Corpus Case Postponed.

SUPREME COURT—Chambers—Sept. 7.

Before Judge Davies.

The Supreme Court room was well filled to-day, by people from Staten Island, who were anxious to hear the decision of the Court in the *habeas corpus* case of Mr. Garret, Justice of the Peace, of Staten Island. After several other motions had been heard, Mr. Anthon, of counsel for Justice Garret, appeared and announced that his client, who had been in the custody of the Assistant Warden of the Tombs over night, was in Court.

Judge Davies said he would not give a decision until 12 o'clock to-morrow, as one of the Judges was still absent.

Mr. Anthon asked whether, pending the decision, the prisoner might not be allowed to visit his family on Staten Island, in the company of the officer.

Mr. Sedgwick, the Assistant District-Attorney, said he could not consent to allow the prisoner to leave the County.

Judge Davies said he could make no order in the matter.

Mr. Anthon asked if the officer might not use his discretion in the matter, as there was no doubt of the prisoner's appearance when wanted.

Judge Davies—From the authorities I have been able to consult, I have no doubt the prisoner is legally in the custody of the magistrate, therefore I cannot interfere.

MR. GARRETT ALLOWED TO VISIT HIS FAMILY.

Before the Hon. Recorder Barnard.

After the parties in the Garret case had left the Supreme Court they appeared before Recorder Barnard, who, in the absence of Justice Welsh, had consented to sit. It was then decided that no investigation should take place until after the decision on the *habeas corpus*.

Mr. Anthon then asked whether his client might not be allowed to visit his family on Staten Island, in company with the officer, at the same time giving his assurance that he would be forthcoming when wanted.

Recorder Barnard did not understand why Justice Garret had not been bailed like the others who had been arrested on a similar charge. He thought if the case had been before him he would have bailed him. As it was, and as there was no doubt of the intention of the Justice to be present when wanted, and of the application and promise being made in good faith, he thought the officer might allow him to see his family.

With that understanding the parties left the Court.

Police Reinforcements for Staten Island.

Forty policemen were sent yesterday to Staten Island by the steamer *Dr. Kane*, to relieve the same number who have been on duty since the first detachment was detailed there. The first installment was taken from ten different Wards—four from each Ward. The attempts to avoid being detailed to the "seat of war" were more marked and earnest than when the original order was promulgated. Newspaper revelations have served to enlighten the Police upon the nature of the duties devolving upon them at Quarantine—the character of the sleeping accommodations afforded them, and the quality and sameness of the fare. Altogether the picture was not a pleasing one, and the majority of policemen have evinced a disposition to keep aloof. A rumor that one of the officers on duty had been taken ill with yellow fever (Officer Slowey, of the Tenth Ward, was stated to have the yellow fever, but the statement was incorrect, his sickness being only the result of fatigue,) caused additional dislike to the place, and altogether it was no easy matter to make up the needed complement of men. The Captains succeeded by being peremptory, and disregarding the grumbling of the timid ones.

One Policeman, Swain Lindsley of the Twentieth Ward, saw fit to appeal from the decision of Captain Curry, of his Precinct, requiring him to go, and applied to Mr. Carpenter, acting General Superintendent, to be let off from going. Mr. Lindsley is a man of Falstaffian proportions—but he pleaded delicate health and the extra hazard he should run beyond those in robust condition of catching the yellow fever. The conference was a very brief one, and ended with a dialogue somewhat in the following pointed style.

Mr. Carpenter—I have heard enough, Lindsley; you must go to Quarantine.

Officer Lindsley—In the delicate health I am in it's death.

Mr. Carpenter—Nonsense; I won't hear a word more.

Officer Lindsley—I'll catch the yellow fever, sure.

Mr. Carpenter—You are a coward and you shall go.

Officer Lindsley—I am no coward, but I shan't go to Quarantine.

Mr. Carpenter—Enough said; I suspend you from duty and pay; give me your shield.

Officer Lindsley—Won't you——

Mr. Carpenter—I won't anything; I want your shield and that you should be off.

Mr. Lindsley ventured no further explanations or interrogations, but took off his shield, completing which, he instantly took himself out of the room.

Commissioners of Health.

The Commissioners of Health met yesterday. Present, the Mayor, Dr. Thompson, Drs. Rockwell and Miller, also the President of the Board of Councilmen, Mr. Haswell.

The Health Officer made the following report:

To His Honor the Mayor and Commissioners of Health of New-York:

Sirs: Since yesterday, in response to the direction of your honorable Board, I have taken the annexed statement, in form of affidavit, relative to the invasion of the Quarantine Grounds by Ray Tompkins, who, it is said, was aided and abetted by Richard Adam Locke, Boarding Revenue Officer stationed at Quarantine. It will be seen by the affidavits that the said Tompkins was within the Quarantine inclosure until the 5th inst., and I have to say that, the affidavits being true, he invaded the Quarantine premises without permission and in opposition to the disclosed wishes of the Quarantine authorities.

Respectfully yours,

R. H. THOMPSON, Health Officer.

Quarantine, Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1858.

Accepted and ordered on file.

[The affidavits are already printed.]

The following resolution was offered by Dr. Rockwell:

Resolved, That the Health Officer of this port be directed to apply ice and salt as a disinfectant to the *Susquehanna* forthwith, provided the price paid for such ice and salt shall not exceed $5 or $5 50 per ton, and upon the terms heretofore understood and agreed upon between the Navy Department and this Board.

Carried unanimously.

Dr. Miller, Health Commissioner, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Mayor be and hereby is requested to present to the District-Attorney of this City and County the report of the Health Officer and the accompanying affidavits, with the request that Ray Tompkins be proceeded against forthwith, as the law directs.

The Doctor observed that he had had the honor to hold a seat in the Board for eight years; that during the said period he had been familiar with the affairs and operations of Quarantine; that he had been conversant with the proceedings of Richard A. Locke, Revenue Boarding Officer at Quarantine, for several years past, and during the administration of several Health Officers; that the said Locke had worked it somehow to be at war with all of them; that he believed that it had been owing to the revolutionary acts of Locke, more than anything else, that the arson had been committed at Quarantine; that he hoped the acts of this Government official would be fairly presented to the authority under which he holds his office; that he desired that this man should be dealt with as his acts richly deserve, under the laws of the State and the United States. The Doctor, therefore, hoped the resolution would pass.

On vote the resolution passed unanimously.

Dr. Thompson then presented the following report:

To the Mayor and Commissioners of Health of the City of New-York:

Sirs: I have to report that a case of yellow fever was taken from the frigate *Susquehanna* yesterday afternoon. The frigate has been freed from her stores and supplies now over a month, and immediately after she was discharged she was thoroughly cleansed, fumigated and whitewashed, and yet the development of the case of disease above-mentioned shows the vessel had infection still lingering about her, and that she is not in a safe condition to proceed to the Navy-yard. Respectfully,

R. H. THOMPSON, Health Officer.

Sept. 7, 1858.

Ordered on file.

Action was taken in reference to several petitions from owners of vessels to come to upper anchorage and to the City. Most of them were denied.

Adjourned till to-day.

Letter from Alderman McSpedon.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Sir: In your issue of this morning I see a communication signed "Navy," in which it is alleged, there was but a single invitation sent to, "the officers on this Naval station, besides the commander of the *Niagara*. Upon this communication you are pleased to comment in no very flattering terms to myself and the Committee generally.

I am aware that it has become the practice of some of our press to falsify and pervert every act of the Common Council, if they can thereby be held up to the ridicule of the community—but I am surprised that so respectable a journal as the Times should, without inquiring into the facts, use the language you do in your editorial.

As early as the 17th of August the Committee directed letters to be addressed to the officers commanding at the Navy-Yard and Forts in the Harbor, requesting a list of the officers under their command. No reply having been received as to the officers at the Navy-Yard, the Committee directed two of their number to make personal application for the same; this application was made to the officer in command at the Navy-Yard and was denied.

The Committee then caused invitations to be sent to all whose names they could learn, among whom were Captain J. R. Sands, of the *Susquehanna*, Captain C. E. Thorburn, of the *Sabine*, the Commander of the *North Carolina*, Captain John Faunce, of the *Harriet Lane*, Commander L. Kearney, of the Navy-yard, Benj. F. Delano, U. S. Naval Constructor, *and every officer of the Niagara*, and many others who were at the time in the City; and they would have been pleased, as it was their intention, to have extended an invitation to every Naval officer on the station, which would have been done, could they have ascertained who they were.

With these facts before you, the public can judge as to the correctness of your remarks that the Chairman appears "to have been wholly incompetent for his position," or that the Committee were ignorant of the etiquette of the Naval service.

Yours, THOMAS McSPEDON,
Chairman of the Committee.

The New-Orleans *Picayune* treating of the yellow fever question, says: It is remarked this year, as it was in previous similar epidemics, that those who might have been supposed exposed to the fever, but kept within doors, lived frugally but regularly, kept their minds free from anxiety and were regular in all their habits, escaped an attack. This is a suggestive fact, though it is quite impossible to explain it. Let the unacclimated avoid the mid-day sun and night air as much as possible.

CHINA.

The Opening of the Pei-ho—Triumphal Entrance of the Fleet—Myriads of Spectators—A Fleet of Fire-rafts—Diplomacy of the Imperial Commissioner—Up the Pei-ho—The Scenery—The Squadron in the Grand Canal—Tient-sing.

From Our Special Correspondent.

Tient-sing, Saturday, May 31, 1858.

If I were a *miles gloriosus* under the cross of St. George, I should commence by telling you that

"Two truths are told as happy prologues
To the swelling act of this Imperial theme."

One of these is the futility of all the military barriers against access to this rich emporium. The other is the absence of any natural obstruction. The first was demonstrated by the bombardment of Ta-koo forts; and the latter has been proved, within the last ten days, by the advance of a formidable squadron to the very terminus of the Grand Canal. Six English, three French, and one Russian steamer are now lying before the walls of Tient-sing. The feasibility of reaching this place with vessels of considerable size, some of them drawing eleven or twelve feet water, is a discovery equally important whether we consider it in a political or commercial aspect.

It will enable Western Powers hereafter, in all cases of dispute with the Chinese Government, to apply the *ultima ratio* with the greatest possible effect. They have but to send a steamer or two to the head of the Grand Canal, and cut off the supplies of grain from the capital, both by canal and river, and they will be more certain of bringing the Emperor to terms than if they should blockade his sea-ports and bombard his maritime cities.

It opens a highway for western trade to this inland emporium whence our manufactures can be distributed through a thousand channels to the cities of the North, and especially to Pekin, which, with its population of mandarins, barbers, and merchants, is not unlikely to become one of our best markets.

The successful entrance of the Pei-ho, unexpected to us, is astounding to the Chinese. Countless multitudes line the shores and gaze in mute astonishment from dawn till dark. They appear, too, to entertain a wholesome dread of barbarian power; as the people (not the Mandarins) have already sent propitiatory offerings; and commissioned their deputies to inquire whether the Allies have come for trade or war. If the former, they desire to know what goods they have on board. If the latter, they beg a previous notice of five days, that they may evacuate the city. They have even proposed to levy a contribution to induce them to retire from the river. This is the common resource of Chinese cities when blockaded, as they often are, by the piratical squadrons which infest the coast. Such a policy encourages piracy and destroys maritime commerce. It is like the Done-geld of the Saxon kings, only a bait to tempt invasion. That such has been its effect in China is obvious, from the fact that the chief seats of maritime trade, such as Canton, Fuchou, Ningpo, Shanghae, and Suchou are not situated as they otherwise would be, close to the sea, but on rivers at a distance of from ten to a hundred miles from the coast. Each of these has a small port at the outer anchorage, near the river's mouth, where the principal city would naturally be, but for the wretched policy which has forced them to retire inland for the want of protection. Tient-sing is no exception to this rule; for it was the city which fixed the terminus of the canal, and not the canal which created the city. It contains a population of six or seven hundred thousand, and stands at the distance of seventy miles from the coast, if we follow the sinuosities of the river, though it is not more than thirty in a direct course. Ta-koo, near the mouth of the Pei-ho, is the small port corresponding to Woo-sang and Chin-hai. It is said that in the reign of Yaou Kwang, just before the first war with England, some officer proposed the erection of additional fortifications at the entrance of the Pei-ho. The Emperor rejected it as a mere stratagem for embezzling money, or at best a superfluous waste, with the remark that the old fort already there was impregnable, but if it were not, the bar of sand stretching across the channel was alone a sufficient defence against the barbarian ships. Hienfung appears to have awaked to the importance of adding to the strength of that military post; but while he caused all the best cannon from Tient-sing to be removed thither, he neglected to have them placed on wheels; and what was a greater oversight, neglected to obstruct the narrow channel of the river. Exclusiveism exhausted itself in this last futile effort; and it may confidently be predicted that this commercial metropolis of the North will never be permitted to retire into its former seclusion; and may even hope that the smoke of a steamer may never cease to betoken the presence and energy of a higher civilization on the banks of the Pei-ho.

But, dismissing visions of the future, allow me to recall the attention of your readers to some of the minor, but not wholly insignificant events which have filled up the interval since the date of my last letter.

After the bombardment of Ta koo, the English and French Admirals lost no time in advancing upon Tient-sing with all their available forces. It was supposed they would be annoyed at every step by fire-rafts, sunken junks, or batteries, and that, at all events, they would not be allowed to approach the walls of Tient-sing without an engagement. A paper picked up at Ta-koo, represented the ordinary defences of Tient-sing as consisting of no more than sixteen hundred troops and eighty guns. But a rumor reached us that the Emperor had committed its defence to Sangkihlinsin, a Mongol Prince, and the First General in the Empire, with orders to draw together a force of thirty thousand for that purpose. We were, accordingly, on the *qui vive* for "news from the river," in daily expectation of some stirring event. But the battle of Tient-sing was fought at Ta-koo. The flying troops spread everywhere the terror of Western arms; and the gun-boat squadron moved right up to the gates of this, the key of Pekin, without any delay other than that occasioned by the untried navigation of a tortuous and narrow river. Indeed, so far from making any attempt to expel these invaders, the High Commissioner again had recourse to that contemptible trickery which the Chinese call statesmanship. He had the meanness to send an apology for firing on the allied squadron on the morning of the 20th inst.; and as he had formerly blamed the insult offered us by the style of address made use of in his first communication on the ignorance of his scribes, so in this he also laid the blame upon his subordinates, who, he alleged, acted without orders; adding, "It was never my intention to make war upon your honorable nations." Beyond this deprecatory explanation, he even proceeded to invite the Ministers of the neutral Powers to come up to Tient-sing and use their good offices with the Allies. Non-committal and cautious, however, he merely dispatched a deputy with a verbal message, desiring them to come by land. To such an invitation they of course gave no heed; and another was soon forthcoming, requesting, in writing and plain terms, that those Ministers should repair to some place intermediate, between the coast and the capital, and exert their influence for the restoration of peace. You see, therefore, that we are here, not as intruders, but by express invitation. It is but fair to say, however, that the four plenipotentiaries had already agreed, previous to the receipt of this paper, to proceed together to Tient-sing.

It was on the 29th inst. that this resolution was made known to us; and hastily packing up such clothes and books as we might need during a trip to Pekin, we crossed the bar for the interior, just one month after we had first crossed it for the mouth of the river.

Lord Elgin in the *Slaney*, and Baron Gros in the *Dragonne*, proceeded a few hours in advance; the other ministers both coming in the *America*, Mr. Reed having accepted an invitation to take passage with Count Pontiatine, expecting that a steamer and a guard of marines will be dispatched to wait on him as soon as Commodore Tatnall shall arrive. We followed in a chartered *lorcha*, and were kindly taken in tow by the *America*.

As we passed Ta-koo; the gray pall of evening was hung over its ruined batteries. Not one of those banners which a few days before had flaunted so proudly on its walls, or one of those guns which had looked defiance from its embrasures, was to be discovered. A mass of ruins was all that met the eye; but another sense added its testimony to the recency of the battle-field. A breeze that blew athwart the river bore to us, with overpowering force, an odor not to be mistaken by any one who has ever undergone the experiences of the dissecting-room—that odor which summons the fowls of the air to their carnival. It was shocking to think of numbers of human bodies being devoured by birds and beasts; and more shocking still to know that the Allies had failed to vindicate the honor of Christian civilization, by giving their fallen enemies a decent burial.

For several miles above this point, the villages, without so much as a glimmering taper to indicate the presence of a human being, appeared to be deserted; and the shores, without a tree, were in keeping with the prevailing air of desolation. Further on, however, the eye was relieved by occasional clumps of trees; and the moon rising, (only two days after the full,) brought a cheerful change over the face of the landscape. Her beams danced playfully on the rippled water, and showed us the banks clothed with groves of the graceful willows, orchards of fruit trees, and fields of wheat and barley; while a kind of Philomel, all night long, blended her notes with the soft beauty of the scene.

The next day was Sabbath; and as we glided quietly with the tide, (having parted company with the steamer during the night,) no sound was heard to disturb its stillness. The villagers who, except a few engaged in irrigating their fields, appeared to have nothing to do, assembled in crowds and gazed with silent wonder as we passed. They were not in Sunday attire, and many of the children and boys were in a state of complete nudity. Their villages, built of sun-dried brick, and plastered over with a mixture of mud and straw, sufficiently marked the low grade of civilization attained by their inhabitants.

As we approached Tient-sing we saw a great many junks engaged in the coasting trade, which had come in to discharge cargo, and were about returning. Their masters anxiously inquired whether they would be captured if they should attempt to put to sea. Nor was their solicitude without reason, for they complained that they had already been plundered of several articles and considerable sums of money by English and French sailors.

Inquiring the distance to Tient-sing, we were told that we yet had "five *bends* to pass," a mode of mensuration adapted to the meandering course of the stream.

When we came to the last bend we found the wind dead ahead, and the current so strong that it was impossible to proceed. It was suggested that some of the sturdy fellows who stood on the bank idly gazing at us might be bribed to help us out of our dilemma. Trackers were called for to draw us around the next point, with the promise of half a dime per man. At once a hundred voices responded, and a hundred hands were extended to grasp the rope. They appeared disappointed when we limited the number to ten. We were their friends, it is true, but to them even our flag was not sufficient to distinguish us from the belligerents; and in their eyes to lend us a helping hand was no less treason than to aid and abet the hostile operations of the Allies. How lightly this high crime (as it is held in the Chinese code) rested on their consciences, may be seen from the fact that hundreds of them were actually induced, for a few pieces of vile copper, to track the "fire-ships" of their invaders. What wonder when "patriotism" is a word unknown to their language? And happy is it for China that it exists here in so faint a degree, for it is essentially an explosive element, which, in all but the best-regulated popular governments, leads to frequent revolutions, and causes far more ill than it cures. It is to the want of this igneous principle that Chinese dynasties have owed their long reigns of two, four, and even eight hundred years; and it is to the same deficiency that their subjects are indebted for no small degree of happiness under a constitution which acknowledges none of their natural rights. For while as a community they are delivered from the miseries of frequent civil commotion, their minds are secured from the influence of the most disquieting of all subjects; and with a very slight modification that may be applied to the Chinese, which was wrongly said of the French,

"He's happy, reign whoever may,
And eats and sleeps his cares away."

The next morning after reaching Tient-sing, I met a subaltern who I had seen at Ta-koo just before the bombardment. He was bareheaded, having been deprived of the button of rank, and choosing rather to wear no cap than to wear one which, without its button, would only proclaim his disgrace. Higher heads than his have suffered a similar punishment for their share of responsibility in that unfortunate engagement. The General who attempted to drown himself, but was prevented by his followers, will most likely suffer decollation. The high Commissioner, immediately after that event, informed the Emperor of his defeat, and *begged for punishment*.

He took care, however, to concoct a fictitious account of that occurrence, in hopes of inducing His Majesty to refuse his petition. The fight, he said, lasted two days. On the first he gained some advantages; but on the next an extraordinary rise of the tide took place. The barbarians seized the opportunity to renew their attack, and His Majesty's faithful servants were compelled to abandon their batteries, rather overwhelmed by the resistless weight of the ocean, than yielding to the guns of the enemy. This facile statement no doubt abated, though it did not altogether avert the ire of Hien-fung. Commissioner Yan was deprived of the insignia of office, though temporarily retained in charge; and what is lucky for him, he is superseded as Commissioner by two Manchus of high rank, who are daily expected to arrive and to attempt the solution of the Gordian knot which complicates the relations of the five chief nations of the globe. That their efforts will be futile, or at least unsatisfactory to their master, and that they will obtain for their pains banishment, confiscation or death, it needs not the gift of second sight to foretell.

In view of the contingency of a somewhat prolonged detention of this post, the Plenipotentiaries are preparing to make themselves comfortable, by securing residences on shore. The two belligerents are domiciled in a commodious, and not inelegant, structure, just at the terminus of the Grand Canal, and the two neutrals, whose flags now float together at the mainmast of the *America*—a beautiful emblem of international comity—have just engaged the mansion of a rich merchant. There are few good buildings to be had—the style of architecture being of the meanest description. Indeed, the low mud-plastered houses suggest anything but an idea of oriental magnificence; and the *sans culotte* rabble, who throng the streets, indicate that the masses of the people are sunk in the most squalid poverty. PARSONS.

Police Intelligence.

Alleged Abduction and Seduction of a Young Girl by a Married Man.—The particulars of a painful case of alleged abduction and seduction of a young girl by a married man have just been brought to light. The young girl lives in Pike-street, and her parents are highly respectable. A few days ago she met Francis C. Sefton, a young married man of her acquaintance, in Broadway, and she alleges that she was decoyed by him, without her knowledge, to Newark, N. J., where she was detained all night at a public house, and that during the night her room was entered by her decoyer, and her person then and there violated. On the ensuing day they returned to the City, and, being afraid to return home, she was induced to remain two days at the Western Hotel, in Cortlandt-street, with Sefton. On the third she insisted upon going home, and told her parents the above facts. This is her story—but there is improbability on the face of it. Sefton has been arrested, and, in default of $2,000 bail, committed to the City Prison, to answer the serious charges preferred against him.

Lawyer Charged with Swindling.—Lucius E. Bulkley, a lawyer, doing business in Wall-street, was arrested yesterday charged with swindling Mr. Elias H. Main, of No. 208 Washington-street, out of $750, money borrowed. The money was loaned to Mr. Bulkley, who gave as security for its repayment 100 shares on the Rutland and Whitehall Railroad Company and 10 shares on the Stockbridge and Pittsfield Railroad Company. Mr. Main asserts that Mr. Bulkley represented the stock as worth its par value, whereas it was not worth anything. The case is to undergo investigation.

Burglars Arrested.—At a late hour, Monday night, two youths broke into the store of Patrick Campbell, in Tenth-avenue, and stole $18 in silver coin, and three watches. They were afterwards found in a dance-house and arrested, and the watches and most of the money recovered. They gave their names as Michael Hickey and John Hearn, and Justice Kelly committed them for trial. A young man named Walter Jacobs, was caught attempting to break into the dwelling-house No. 5 Hester-street. Justice Brennan locked him up for trial.

NOTE FROM COUNCILMAN MULLIGAN.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In this morning's issue of your valuable journal I notice a gross misstatement, reflecting upon my character, which is naturally read with the more avidity because it makes the *hero* a member of the Common Council. Your reporter alleges that "Councilman Mulligan made a call at a house in Eleventh-street near avenue A, about midnight, and, while making himself agreeable to a young lady, was relieved of his timekeeper," and so continues through the article, narrating that which is eagerly perused and believed by thousands who never would trouble themselves to read an explanation. The Councilman above alluded to *did not enter any such premises* as those mentioned in your article until he entered for the purpose of recovering an ordinary silver watch—not one which was presented to him, and which he still has—but one that was stolen from him by a female pickpocket, when returning home about 9½ P. M. With regard to the remainder of the statement, as to blows, &c., the article magnifies, the mere fact being that force was used unsuccessfully to prevent a confederate from escaping through a window with the property in question.

Respectfully yours,

A. MULLIGAN, Councilman.

EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE FULTON

ADDITIONAL DETAILS OF NEWS.

The United States Mail steamship *Fulton*, J. A. Wotton, Esq., Commander, from Havre and Cowes, on Wednesday, Aug. 25, at 3 P. M., arrived at this port yesterday morning.

The *Vanderbilt* arrived off Cowes on Wednesday morning, Aug. 25.

The *Vigo* passed Holyhead on Tuesday night, Aug. 24.

The *Indian* arrived arrived at Liverpool on the 24th inst.

The leading points of the news have been anticipated by our telegram from Cape Race.

Intelligence has been received of the accouchment of the Empress of Austria. Her Majesty has been delivered of a son. The infant Prince and his Imperial mother are both doing well. The Prince has been baptized Rodolph Francis Charles Joseph, and at the same moment named Colonel of the 19th Regiment of Infantry.

By a decree of the 3d, the Universal Exhibition of Industry, which was to have taken place at Vienna in 1859, has been put off to a period which will be hereafter fixed.

The Emperor and Empress of France returned to St. Cloud, on Saturday evening. During the last days of their journey their Majesties met with the same enthusiastic reception as had greeted them in passing through Normandy and Brittany. On the Emperor's arrival at Rennes he was met by the Bishop and no less than 800 Priests and about 100,000 people. The great gathering of the Priests was, perhaps, intended to encourage the intention the Emperor is said to entertain of raising Rennes from a Bishopric to an Archbishopric.

It was stated in the *Times* of Saturday that a fire took place in the engine-room of the *Agamemnon* the day previously. It appears that the fire occurred in the warrant officer's store-room.

The *Lady Franklin* and *Sophia* have arrived at Aberdeen from the Arctic winter whale fishery with twenty-three whales and sixteen tons of bone; both ships full. The *Traveler*, of Peterhead, was lost by the breaking up of the ice in the Spring—crew saved.

As a proof of the improved condition of the water of the Thames, a quantity of small whitebait was caught on Saturday last, off Woolwich.

The notorious horse, which, next to the zebra, was supposed to present the most insuperable difficulties to the horse tamer, Rarey, is announced to appear at the Alhambra this week as a circus performer.

The *Herald* says: "It appears by the accounts of the harvest in the different localities, that operations are proceeding satisfactorily, but late rains have caused some little delay. No permanent injury has, however, been inflicted, and the yield of the Wheat crop will prove favorable."

The death of the veteran and favorite actor, F. P. Harley, took place on Sunday. It appears that he was suddenly struck with paralysis while performing his character of *Launcelot Gobbo*, in the "Merchant of Venice," at the Princess', on Friday evening. The deceased was in his 69th year.

The last numbers of the *Scindian*, received by the India mail, contain discussions on the value of the coal recently discovered in Scindia. From the trials reported it will prove extremely useful for locomotives and river steamers, and give a new impulse to the progress of this territory and it important port of Kurrachee.

The Etoile *Belge* gives the following example of the danger of too precipitate interment: A few days ago while the clergyman was reciting the usual prayers over the coffin of a child, the supposed dead child, who had only fallen into a trance, awoke and knocked at the sides of the coffin, uttering cries. The coffin was opened and the child taken to the hospital.

The news of the bombardment of Djidda has created some little sensation at Paris, and there are persons who appear only half pleased with it, because it was done without the coöperation of a French man-of-war.

Lord and Lady Palmerston are expected in Paris, and will, it is said, pass some days at M. de Persigny's seat of Chamarande.

The *Moniteur* contains the following: The Plenipotentiaries of France, Austria, Great Britain, Prussia, Russia, Sardinia, and Turkey, assembled at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to proceed to the signature of the convention relative to the organization of the Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia. The exchange of the ratifications of the said Convention will take place at Paris in five weeks, or sooner if possible. It is only after the accomplishment of this formality that the text of the Convention can be published.

The correspondent to the *Herald* says another conference was held at the Foreign office, when important business was transacted regarding the act of the navigation of the Danube. The plenipotentiaries signed a protocol annulling all that has been done by the special commission appointed under the treaty of Paris to settle the question, and referring the question to the various governments for settlement by the usual channels of diplomacy.

Some excitement has occurred in Catalonia, Spain, with reference to the discovery of two very rich mines, one of gold and another of lead. A quintal of the lead ore is said to contain three ounces of silver.

During the late military manœuvres at the camp of Neunkirchen, near Vienna, an incident took place, the motives of which have not yet been cleared up. The Hungarian regiment, Don Miguel, fired ball cartridge on a German regiment drawn up in front of it, killing three men and seriously wounding eight others.

The following dispatch appeared in the *Moniteur*:

St. Petersburg, Aug. 20.

The French Ambassador to the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

A courier who left Tien-sing on the 27th June, overland, has brought the news to Prince Gortschakoff that a treaty has been concluded between China and Russia, identical in its general bases with those concluded between China and the other Powers. The ports are open, the free exercise of the Christian religion allowed, the establishment of Consuls admitted, as also the sending of diplomatic agents to Pekin, in case of necessity. France and England have, moreover, obtained a considerable pecuniary indemnity.

The latest messages received at London by the Atlantic Telegraph is not creditable to the accuracy of the operators. It runs thus:

"Newfoundland, Wednesday, Aug. 25—12.53 A. M., Greenwich time. Verse takes *Europa's* passengers and mails. Great rejoicings everywhere were solemnized in the United States on the success of the cable. Bonfires, fireworks, *feux de joie*, speeches, balls, &c. Mrs. Eddy, the first and best telegrapher in the States, died to-day. Pray give us some news for Newfoundland; they are mad for news"

There is to be a grand Cable celebration in Paris, in which the English and American residents will participate. It will be held at the Palais d'Industrie, in the Champs Elysée.

The *Journal d'Havre*, commenting on the proposed Telegraphic festival in Ireland, speculates:

"If the projected banquet in Ireland takes place at the terminus of the Atlantic Telegraph, and if there were to be a similar festival simultaneously from the other side of the Atlantic, either in Newfoundland or on the American Continent, it will be possible for a European feaster to toast an American banqueter, seated at a table placed a thousand leagues from his; and, thanks to two small copper wires passing under the table, he may receive, as we may say, with the cup to his lip, a response to the sentiment. Only while they are dining in Europe, they will be breakfasting in America; and they will respond from New-York at 2 o'clock P. M., to a toast drunk at Killarney at six in the evening. Now, we ask, what in the presence of such facts, is to become of those fundamental notions of time and space which appear to be the essential base, the fundamental condition of human existence?"

It is seriously said that the Duke of Malakoff is about to be married, not to an English, but to a Spanish heiress. The lady's name is Dona Sofia Valera; she is the sister of the Marquis de la Paniega, a Spanish nobleman who lives in Paris, and is in some way or other related to the Empress. It is even said that the departure for Spain of the Empress's mother, the Countess de Montijo, is delayed on account of this marriage.

It appears from a parliamentary return just issued that in 1854 12 ships, with 992 officers and men were engaged in the suppression of the Slave-trade on the west coast of Africa; in 1855, 12 ships, with 1,082 officers and men; in 1856, 13 ships, with 1,222 officers and men; in 1857, 15 ships, with 1,424 officers and men. At the Cape of Good Hope, in 1854, 4 ships, with 475 officers and men; in 1855, 5 ships, with 775 officers and men; 1856, 3 ships, with 760 officers and men; and in 1857, three ships, with 610 officers and men. North America and West Indies in 1854, 11 ships, with 1,650 officers and men; 1855, 12 ships, with 2,466 officers and men; 1856, 14 ships, with 2,842 officers and men; and in 1857, 9 ships, with 3,363 officers and men; on the southeast coast of America, in 1854, 6 ships, with 541 officers and men; 1855, 6 ships, with 905 officers and men; 1856, 7 ships, with 1,260 officers and men; and in 1857, 6 ships, with 1,335 officers and men. The total deaths on the four stations were 48 in 1854, 52 in 1855, 116 in 1856, and 141 in 1857. The numbers invalided were 136 in 1854, 192 in 1855, 201 in 1856, and 179 in 1857. In slaves, for whom head-money was paid, were 62 in 1854, none in 1855, 19 in 1856, and 384 in 1857. In none of the years was any head-money paid for dead slaves.

The London *Times* takes alarm at the fact that the intelligence from Pekin *via* St. Petersburg, had arrived a month before the possibility of receiving the news through channels controlled by England. It thus closes its remarks: "The French have covered all Northern Africa with their wires; how far Russia has yet carried hers we do not know. But this China telegram gives us ground to suspect that they are pushed a long way beyond Moscow. The American States talk hourly with each other with these tongues of lightning; yet we, to whom rapid communication is as the breath of our empire, have not yet begun even to lay down wires to Calcutta. Nudged and elbowed by Brother Jonathan, we have thrown a line across to America; but let any one compare the Atlantic Ocean, which, so far as it was an impediment to conversation, we have practically abolished, with the Red Sea and Straits of Bab el mandeb, and the Arabian Sea and the Bay of Bengal, and the Straits of Malacca and the China Sea. There can be no difficulty in any of these seas. We have Aden and Gallé and Singapore and Hong Kong as stations—what is to prevent us from paying out our lines of wire and working our telegraphs? There really is nothing to prevent this, except that the official mind is not yet quite sure that the Atlantic telegraph is a fact, and not a dream, and cannot yet believe that the work is so easy as it has been now proved to be."

The London *Daily News* takes decided grounds against the President's proposal of neutralizing the Telegraph, using the arguments anticipated in the columns of this paper. It would amount to the same thing, it urges, if the President should demand, that in case of war between England and the United States, the President should have liberty to establish dépôts of provisions and munitions at some point of British Territory; and that the Royal couriers should be at his service in transporting orders to agents, diplomatic or military.

Frightful Railway Collision—Twelve Lives Lost.

The most serious catastrophe that has ever occurred on a railway in the Midland district, took place last night on the Oxford, Worcester and Wolverhampton line, between Round Oak and Brettell-lane stations, a few miles beyond Dudley. By it eleven persons were instantaneously killed, another died a few hours afterwards, several more were so severely injured that their recovery is despaired of, others are maimed for life, and a great number were more or less injured. The accident took place under the following circumstances: On Monday there was "a very cheap Sunday-school excursion to Worcester." A special train was announced to leave Wolverhampton for Worcester at 9:15, "calling at all stations, for the express purpose of conveying the teachers and children of the various schools to Worcester and back." The fare from Wolverhampton and Stourbridge, and all intermediate stations to Worcester and back, was 1s. for adults and 6d. for children; from Hagley, Churchill, Kidderminster, and Worcester it was 8d. for adults, and 4d. for children: and from Droitwich and Fearnall Heath, 6d. for adults, and 3d for children. This extraordinary low rate of charges naturally attracted a large number of passengers, and by the time the train arrived at its destination it had been augmented to 45 carriages, computed to contain nearly 2,000 passengers. The return train was announced to leave Worcester at 6:15 P. M. Those having charge of the arrangements determined to divide the train, and instead of having one monster train propelled by two engines, to have two trains each drawn by one engine. Accordingly, about 25 minutes after 6 o'clock, the first train left Worcester station. It consisted of 29 carriages, closely packed with passengers, and was followed in a quarter of an hour by the second train consisting of 16 carriages. Each train called at all stations, and all went well with the first until its arrival at Round Oak, which took place about 8:5. There, either just before the train arrived at the station, which is situated on a steep incline, or when it was put in motion to leave the station, twelve or thirteen of the last carriages became detached from the former part of the train by breaking of the couplings of two of the carriages, and rolled back down the incline towards Brettell-lane with ever increasing velocity. The guard who occupied the van at the extremity of the train applied his break with all the forces of which it was capable, but its power was insufficient to check the retrograde motion of the carriages, which soon attained a very high rate of speed. On arriving at Bug Hole, a little more than half way to Brettel-lane, they dashed into the second excursion train, which, as before stated, was despatched from Worcester only fifteen minutes after the first, and being a lighter train, naturally gained upon it during the journey. The driver of the second train, perceiving the carriages running back upon him down the incline, had nearly succeeded in bringing his train to a stand at the time of the collision, thus considerably mitigating the severity of the crash. But as it was the consequences were fearful. The guard's van and the carriage next to it were split into matchwood, and the second carriage escaped little better. The guard jumped out just before the collision occurred, and escaped without injury; but the effect upon the passengers crowded in the two shattered carriages was dreadful. The scene that ensued it is impossible to describe. Fragments of the crushed and broken carriages, mutilated human forms, some still in death, some writhing in their last agonies, others seriously but not fatally hurt, shrieking with pain and terror, were commingled in a general melee, hardly distinguishable amid the darkness and the dust occasioned by the collision. The terrified passengers who escaped without serious injuries, ran hither and thither in bewilderment, and for a time none knew what to do. A few of the more self-possessed, however, speedily bestirred themselves to render all possible assistance to the unfortunate sufferers, and remove them from the wreck that bestrewed the line, and messengers were dispatched for medical and other aid. It was soon apparent that the loss of life was lamentably great. Eleven lifeless forms were discovered amongst the rubbish, in addition to many frightfully mangled and disfigured. As speedily as possible the latter were conveyed on stretchers, furnished by the shivered carriages to the various hotels in the neighborhood; and the next duty attended to was the removal of the dead in like manner. Many of those only slightly injured proceeded onwards by the train, and it is probable that a complete list of the casualties resulting from this sad affair will never be obtained.

THE DEAD.

At the Swan Inn.—Edward Matthews, who had lived near the Ivy House, Coseley. The deceased had a severe wound over the left eye, had his left leg dreadfully mangled and the bone shattered, which must have produced fatal hemorrhage, and the left leg broken near the ankle.

Joseph Baker, Princes-end, puddler—shocking injuries to the head and other parts of the body.

The third dead body here is supposed to be that of a man named Mills, of Bloomfield. He is a man of stout build, prominent well-formed features, and an abundance of black hair and whiskers. His feet have been cut off and his head injured.

Mrs. Skeldon, (whose brother and son are also dead.) The head of this poor woman was frightfully crushed, and her legs were much cut. She was also far advanced in pregnancy. She comes from Prince's End.

Mrs. Kildrick, with her head in a yet more mutilated state than that of Skeldon.

At Moor-lane Hall Beer-house.—The man Skeldon, from Prince's End, died at about 8 o'clock on Tuesday morning, after his legs had been amputated, the amputation being conceived by three surgeons on the spot to afford the only means of giving the man a chance of life.

At the Cock Inn.—Mrs. Harley, Stafford street, Dudley, dreadfully crushed.

The youth Skeldon, before referred to—his skull was forced in from the direction of the forehead.

The third man, (dead,) who lies by the side of these, is not yet identified.

At this house there also lies Samuel Clarke, No. 18 Caponfields, who has been so much injured that little hopes are entertained of his recovery. The Rev. E. C. Perry, who had taken 200 children in the train, visited him yesterday, and gave most appropriate advice to the young man, who, during the previous day, had carried a school banner from the works of Messrs. Bagnall, ironmasters, to which works Mr. Perry, who was most useful on the previous night, is attached as a works' chaplain.

At the Whimsey Inn.—Henry Marshall, boatman, from Worcester, leaving wife and family. Injuries to body and legs.

Francis Mills, mill furnace man, married, and a family. A cut across the head, as if from an axe.

INJURED.

The following list comprises the injured who have not been removed from the neighborhood:

William Harley, tailor, Dudley. Injury not ascertained.

Richard Wassall, of Princes'-end. Injury to the head.

Joseph Webb, Bradley-lane, near Cosely Church. Broken leg and toe amputated.

William Kendrick, Princes'-end. Broken leg.

Sarah Ann Whitmore. Slightly injured.

Ader Smith, forgeman, from Cosely. Arm broken, and hand badly hurt.

Miss Bevan and Mrs. Wychefley, sisters. Badly injured.

Henry James, forgeman, of Cosely. Back badly hurt.

Samuel Starkey, Dudley. Badly bruised, back supposed to be broken.

Lydia Canser, of Princes'-end. Seriously hurt about the head.

Edward Jones, of Dudley-Port. Leg fractured.

Elizabeth Hyde. Body much bruised.

Thomas Brett, of Daisy Bank. Collar-bone fractured, in a dangerous state.

Charles Turner, blacksmith, Daisy Bank. Side cut open and lungs protruding, cannot survive.

Ann Fisher, of Princes'-end. Bruised about the chest, and arm injured.

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

The Paying-Out From the Agamemnon.

To the Directors of the Atlantic Telegraph Company:

GENTLEMEN: On arriving at Valentia on the morning of the 5th inst., I forwarded to you by telegraph, a brief report of the success which has attended the Company's endeavors to place Newfoundland in electrical communication with Ireland, and I have now the honor to lay before you fuller particulars of the operations carried out on board Her Majesty's ship *Agamemnon*, which I have been unable to do sooner, owing to the pressure consequent upon the return of the Expedition.

After our departure from Queenstown, at 2 A. M. on the 18th ult., we proceeded towards the rendezvous, which we reached on the night of the 28th, having been delayed by contrary winds and a head swell. We found the *Niagara*, *Valorous* and *Gorgon*, which had left Queenstown on the 17th, waiting for us; and on the morning of the 29th, the sea being smooth and the barometer standing 30° 15', the *Agamemnon* and *Niagara* were connected together by a hawser, stern to stern; the end of the cable on board the latter ship was then brought by the boats of the *Valorous* to the *Agamemnon*, where the splice was finished by 1 o'clock, local time, our position then being lat. 52° 8' N., lon. 32° 27' W., distant 938 2-10 statute, or 815 nautical miles from the White Strand Bay at Valentia.

Having veered out a sufficient length to bring the splice into the centre of the curve formed by the cable hanging between the ships, the hawser was released, and we proceeded on our course slowly, paying out slack freely for the first three hours, after which the speed of the ship increased to four, and at 7 P. M. to five knots per hour.

All went on well until 7.45 P. M., when, immediately after passing from the outside to the centre of the coil in the main hold, the beginning of the first turn of the flake next below that in process of delivery was seen (on being exposed by the uncoiling of the cable above it) to be squeezed between the side of the cone in the eye of the coil and the end of the piece of wood by which the leading in part of the coil was defended.

This injury occurred through the extent to which the coil was distributed during the gales encountered in our previous voyage. Although the whole of the upper part of the coil, which had been displaced to such an extent as to promise difficulty in paying out, was removed, and coiled on the upper deck abaft the foremast, it would appear that all the new cable which had been lately placed on the top of the main coil had shifted somewhat in the heavy weather, for it was necessary to rectify another defect arising from the same cause at a similar part of the coil soon after.

The old cable, which had been coiled for a longer time, and was more thickly coated with the mixture of tar and pitch, was not in the least degree disturbed.

When the defective piece had been passed under some of the turns of the flake then paying out to the outside, in order to allow of more narrow examination than could be made in the centre of the coil, where the cable was passing out of the hold, Professor THOMSON reported that continuity had ceased.

On the cessation of signals, I requested Captain PREEDY to stop the ship, having placed Mr. CLIFFORD to superintend the machine, so that as little cable might be payed out as was consistent with safety, Mr. CANNING taking charge of the reinstatement of the injury, while Mr. HOAR attended to the dynamometer.

It is in great measure owing to the care of these gentlemen that no ill resulted from this critical mischance.

At 9:15 the fault was repaired, and shortly afterwards signals were again reported from the *Niagara*. We had at this time payed out 46 nautical miles of cable from the *Agamemnon*.

The depth of water at the time of this stoppage was 2,030 fathoms, according to the nearest soundings.

By noon on the 30th we had paid out 135 8 nautical miles, being then in lat. 52° 21', long. 29° 50' by observation, and 718 miles distant from Valentia; the *Niagara* having laid 130 miles of cable.

After this the wind freshened, and a heavy swell got up, increasing the motion of the ship very much, and at midnight it was blowing hard from S.S.E.; the consumption of coal required to keep up the speed which I desired to maintain being so great that some apprehension was felt in regard to the sufficiency of our supply of fuel.

At noon on the 31st the *Agamemnon* had paid out 280 miles, and the *Niagara* 285.

The weather did not allow of any observation, but our run by dead reckoning made us about 605 miles from Valentia, and in the locality where the depth of 2,409 fathoms (the greatest in our route,) was obtained by Captain DAYMAN, in Her Majesty's ship *Cyclops* last year.

During the day the wind continued to blow heavily, the sea running very high; by midnight the barometer had fallen to 29 50, and everything indicated a change for worse rather than for better weather. We had then paid out 358 miles of cable, the *Niagara* 365.

At noon, on Sunday, Aug. 1, we were 478½ miles from Valentia, our position by observation being 52° 26' 30 sec., long. 23° 16' 30", 434 miles having been payed out from the *Agamemnon*, and 440 by the *Niagara*.

During the morning the wind had changed to the S. W., and the weather gave signs of amendment, but a heavy swell remained, and in the afternoon the breeze freshened; squalls followed each other in rapid succession, and the ship pitched as much as before.

By noon on the 2d we were in lat. 52° 35', long. 19° 48', 351' 6" miles from Valentia; 605 miles of cable having been laid from the *Agamemnon*, and 615 from the *Niagara*.

In the afternoon the force of the wind decreased, and the motion of the ship was much easier. At 3 P. M. we had to alter our course for a few minutes, to avoid a three-masted schooner, which passed us on the port bow so closely as to make it a subject of congratulation that she did not cross our path astern. The cable grew out very much to the starboard side during the change, but I caused an additional amount of slack to be payed out at the time, so that no undue strain came upon it.

During the evening the weather was squally, and by 4 o'clock in the morning of the 3d the wind had got round to the N. W., and a long slow swell from the S. W. caused the ship to pitch and roll as much as before. At this time some excitement was created by a bark bearing down upon our starboard beam; we increased speed to clear her, but she hove to on being intercepted by the *Valorous*.

At noon on the 3d we had paid out 776 miles of cable, being then in lat. 52° 26', lon. 16° 7' 40", 21 22 miles from Valentia, the *Niagara* having laid 780 miles.

After this the depth of water, which had averaged 2,000 fathoms since the 1st inst., began to lessen, and at 5 P. M., the greatest variation in our track (from 1,750 to 550 fathoms within about 10 miles) occurred, an extra per centage of slack being laid to provide for any irregularities which might there exist in the bottom; by midnight the depth had further decreased to 216 fathoms.

At 4 A. M. on the morning of the 4th the large coil in the main hold was exhausted, and we commenced paying out from the upper deck coil.

By noon the water had deepened again to 400 fathoms. We were then in lat. 52° 11', long. 12° 40', only 89½ miles from Valentia, having laid 924 miles of cable, while the *Niagara* had laid 925.

During the day the wind and sea dropped, and at 8 P. M., having reduced our distance from Valentia to 50 miles, the *Valorous* steamed ahead to make out the land.

The water now shoaled gradually; at 8.30 P. M., having finished the second coil, a change was effected to the cable on the orlop deck.

At midnight we were in company with the *Valorous*, in sight of the Upper Skellig light, and at dawn on the morning of the 5th abreast of the Blasqueto, steaming slowly towards Valentia.

At 6 A. M. we anchored in Doulas Bay, 2,022 nautical miles having been payed out between the two ships, and proceeded to coil a sufficient length of cable to reach the shore into one of the paddle-box boats of the *Valorous*.

The wind freshened in the course of the morning, by which the landing of the end was somewhat delayed, the swell becoming so great that Capt. PREEDY got up steam in the *Agamemnon*, ready to put out to sea at any moment.

At 3 P. M. the end of the cable was safely brought to the beach, and passed into the company's station at Knightstown.

The strain upon the cable varied during the paying out under different circumstances of weather, depth of water and speed of ship, as will be seen by the accompanying tabular log, which furnishes details recorded several times in each hour of the indicated strain, weight on brakes, angle of cable, rate of paying out, rate of ship, revolutions of screw, distance run according to MASSEY's log, distance made good by observations, and a journal of all the events worthy of note in each watch; an entry is also made of Greenwich time, so that the Electricians' diary, and the log kept on board the *Niagara* may be more readily compared with it.

Some inconvenience was experienced by the great accumulation of pitch and tar, a second coating of which was laid on the cable when coiled away at Keyham for the Winter, to prevent it from rusting, but this had also, its advantage in keeping down the cable leading from the coil, which had, if too dry in any place, a tendency to fly out when running at a high speed.

The paying-out machinery (consisting of the addition of Mr. APPOLD's brake to one of the two machines fitted on board each ship last year as recommended by your Committee, with the dynamometer for indicating the strain) has worked exceedingly well, in a manner which reflects the highest credit upon the manufacturers, Messrs. EASTON & AMOS.

The hand wheel for lifting the weights when required, designed by Mr. AMES, was of considerable service during the unfavorable weather which prevailed for the chief part of the voyage.

The amount of slack payed out amounted to 22 per cent. upon the distance run. Less might have been laid, but I considered it desirable, to insure the cable laying everywhere on the bottom, that ample slack should be used to cover any irregularities within the bounds of probability.

I must not conclude this report without again expressing my deep sense and appreciation of the laborious zeal and untiring patience exhibited by Captain PREEDY and the officers and company of the *Agamemnon*, nor can I too strongly express my obligation to Mr. CANNING and Mr. CLIFFORD, who so ably took part with me in the general superintendence of the work, and to Mr. HOAR and Mr. MOORE, whose supervision of the dynamometer and machinery was of the utmost value to us; and it must not be forgotten that Captain HUDSON and the officers and crew of the *Niagara*, with Mr. EVERETT and Mr. WOODHOUSE, who had charge of the operation of paying out from the *Niagara*, with the assistance of Mr. KELL, have also performed their share of the labor equally with those who have returned to Ireland in the *Agamemnon*. I have the honor to remain your most obedient servant,

(Signed) CHAS. T. BRIGHT, Engineer.

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY, }
No. 22 Old Broad-street, }
ENGINEERS' DEPARTMENT, Aug. 19. }

The Royal and Presidential Telegrams.

From the London Times, Aug. 23.

We publish to-day the first fruits of the Electric communication which has been established between the New and the Old World. The first message was sent from the Queen of England to the President of the United States; the second, the reply from the other side. There is here far more than a formal interchange of compliments between the heads of two powerful communities. We fully believe that the effect of bringing the three Kingdoms and the United States into instantaneous communication with each other will be to render hostilities between the two nations almost impossible for the future. Take as an example the three last instances of difference between ourselves and our trans-Atlantic cousins. These have been—first, as to the right of visiting vessels with the view of ascertaining their nationality; secondly, the question of the fisheries; and, thirdly, that of the enlistment during the Russian war. Now, it is not too much to say that the most fiery politician in the States, who might have been desirous of making a little political capital out of these notable heads of quarrel, would have been fairly checkmated if the English Government had possessed the power of undeceiving the American public before the sparks had been fanned into flame. There ought not, between two nations whose interests are clearly identical, to be any points of difference which honest Ministers on either side could not adjust in a few hours by the help of the Atlantic Telegraph. It is also certain that one of the first results of this electric post will be an enormous growth of the commercial relations between the two countries. Tradesmen are not generally anxious to blow the warehouses and stores of their best customers off the face of the earth. It is scarcely too much to suppose that if the two great Anglo-Saxon States remain firmly united—fused together, as they now are, by this electric agency—he would be a bold continental statesman who would venture to try conclusions with them in a warlike way. United, we are masters wherever there is salt water enough to float a ship's boat. There can be no stronger guarantee for the peace of the world. We fear, however, that the President of the United States is somewhat sanguine when he expects that other nations will respect our submarine lines of communication in case of war. The conclusion is a most desirable one, no doubt, and heartily shall we rejoice if it can be attained, but it is to be feared that the forbearance and philanthropy of other nations will scarcely extend so far. For the moment it must be remembered that the cable is only extended between two points of the British dominions, although the first line is, of course, but the fruitful parent of many others. A minor, but still an important result, of this new method of instantaneous communication will be that the escape of malefactors from one side to the other will become an impossibility. A person guilty, let us say, of forgery or embezzlement, would be safe as soon as he put himself on board ship under the new system. Once there he would be fairly trapped, and find the officers of justice waiting for him in the pilot boat on the other side. It is with great satisfaction that we lay before our readers this day the messages of the Queen of England and of the President of the United States which have been thus exchanged instantaneously under the waters of the Atlantic. Well may Mr. BUCHANAN write, "This is a triumph more glorious, because far more useful to mankind, than was ever won by conqueror on the field of battle." May the triumph be as lasting as it is glorious, and bring forth fruit in the form of perpetual amity and goodwill between the two great Anglo-Saxon communities!

A POET IN COURT.

Yescombe vs. Walter Savage Landor.

This interesting trial for libel came off upon the Western Circuit at Bristol, Eng., on the 23d August. The case has caused the greatest local excitement, and will be an object of curiosity wherever the noted name of the defendant is recognized. The declaration contained four counts, the last of which was for breach of a contract not to repeat any libels against the plaintiff. The defendant denied publication and the undertaking.

Mr. SLADE, Mr. M. SMITH and Mr. H. BULLER were counsel for the plaintiff; and Mr. PHINN and Mr. COLLIER for the defendant.

Mr. SLADE in opening the case, said he had the honor to appear for the plaintiff in this case. Mr. YESCOMBE was a clergyman who had resided for some time in Bath, and had mixed with the first society in that city. The defendant was the celebrated poet and author whose works had procured for him a world-wide reputation, and anything that dropped from his pen approaching to a serious imputation against any one could not be silently passed over, but must have serious notice taken of it. The action was brought for the purpose of rescuing Mrs. YESCOMBE from a most false, foul, and malicious libel, which had come from the pen of Mr. LANDOR, and which was contained in a book called, *Dry Sticks Faggotted*, by WALTER SAVAGE LANDOR, and which had been circulated with great rapidity throughout Bath. The plaintiff asked the jury to step in between his wife and Mr. LANDOR to protect her, and to deter Mr. LANDOR from the persecution he had adopted against her. It was impossible to discover what motive had induced Mr. LANDOR to pursue Mrs. YESCOMBE in the manner he had done, for up to May in last year they had been on the most intimate terms, and almost daily visited. The only possible motive that could be suggested was certain conduct that Mrs. YESCOMBE had pursued towards a young lady who was at one time in her house. Mrs. YESCOMBE had considered it right to recommend that that young lady should be removed from Bath to Cheltenham, for immediately after that removal Mr. LANDOR had begun to publish some of the most libelous statements it was possible to conceive. He published a pamphlet headed *Mr. Landor and the Hon. Mrs. Yescombe*, and in that he charged her with six offences: 1. He charged that Mrs. YESCOMBE had in a trial been guilty of perjury. 2. That he had given her £18 to pay for him, and that she had purloined half the money. 3. That Mrs. YESCOMBE had stolen £5 out of a letter which Mr. LANDOR had trusted to her to put in the Post-office. 4. That a tradesman named JOLLY had sent Mrs. YESCOMBE a receipt for the money for some goods; that the money was not returned, but she had availed herself of the receipt. 5. That being in the shoe-shop of a man named BANKS, there were 14s. on the counter and 7s. of it had found their way into Mrs. YESCOMBE's pocket. 6. That Mrs. YESCOMBE had obtained £100 from Mr. LANDOR upon false pretences. These charges were circulated throughout the whole of Bath, and it was impossible to suppose accusations of more serious import. Mr. YESCOMBE consulted Mr. SLACK, an attorney of Bath, who wrote a long letter to Mr. LANDOR, in which he asked for an apology which would be satisfactory to Mr. YESCOMBE's friends and the public. To that letter no answer was sent, but another pamphlet was published, and that attacked Mr. SLACK for simply having done his duty. It was headed *Mr. Landor Threatened*, and it concluded with these words "Would it be unlawful to order a chairman to cudgel the fellow for his insolence?" After this there was no other course to be adopted save that of bringing an action. The object of an action, as they were aware, was to challenge the traducer to prove the truth of his accusation. If it was shown to a jury to be true, then it was an answer to the action. Mr. LANDOR pleaded the truth of the libel. Mr. YESCOMBE was prepared to go to trial at Wells, when shortly before the Assizes a gentleman named FOSTER, the friend of Mr. LANDOR, and who had been the editor of the *Examiner* newspaper, came down from London and called on Mr. SLACK, and after some conversation the following apology was agreed upon: "Two published statements concerning Mrs. YESCOMBE, entitled *Mr. Landor and Mrs. Yescombe*, and *Mr. Landor Threatened*, having come from me, and having been required by my friends to suffer Mr. FOSTER to institute an inquiry, and he having stated to me that I had not sufficient authority for the publication, I hereby fully and unreservedly withdraw all such charges contained in the statements above referred to.—W. S. L." To this, by the desire of Mr. SLACK, was added a promise that the libels should not be repeated. This was done upon an interview with Messrs. TAYLOR and WILLIAMS, solicitors, of Bath. Mr. SLACK then wrote to Mr. FOSTER, stating that, considering the advanced age of the defendant, his clients had consented to accept the apology. The result of all this was that Mrs. YESCOMBE became a bone of contention in the city. Bath was divided. Her health was broken through the unjustifiable conduct of Mr. LANDOR. The ink was hardly dry with which the apology was written, and in which, upon the honor of a gentleman, he had promised not to repeat the charge, and Mr. YESCOMBE had most generously consented to withdraw the action, when the most beastly, most disgusting and disgraceful anonymous letter was written to Mr. YESCOMBE and sent by the post: "To Mr. CHURCH." There were several lines, the last of them being these:

Then, my good fellow, pound away,
And salivate without delay.

One of the other letters was also in verse, and recommended that "mercury" should be taken. There was another, which was so offensive in every sense that he should not ask Mr. YESCOMBE to pollute his lips with it. Bad as these anonymous letters were, they could not be taken notice of, because there was no publication. In September, however, Mr. LANDOR was in communication with Mr. NICHOL, the publisher, of Edinburg, relative to publishing a book called *Dry Sticks*, and in which was included a poem called "The Unnatural Mother." How much it was to be regretted that a man so highly gifted by God with such great and mighty talent should have so debased and degraded himself! There was a note appended to this poem to this effect: "This was written on the false and malicious representation of a Bath lady, afterwards accused of theft, and suspected of perjury," and it repeated every accusation the defendant made against Mrs. YESCOMBE in the pamphlet. This poem, however, was not included in the book, because some friends told Mr. LANDOR that the poem was libellous. The book published by Mr. LANDOR had recourse to the most transparent artifice. Instead of calling this lady as he had libelled her he now called her Mrs. PESCOMBE. It was headed—

THE PILFERED TO THE PILFERER.

Mother Pestcome, none denies
You were ever true—to lies.
So the father of them all
Helps you up at every fall,
Putting money in your pocket,
Showing armlet, showing locket,—
Showing where you lately found
That poor nurse's lost five pound.

Pay me down the debt you owe,
For such praise as few bestow;
I can never take for this
Tottering teeth and slobbering kiss—
Teeth, to say the least, as long
As another woman's tongue,
Some athwart, like windmill sails,
Others fitter for park pales;
Kisses foul as muskets are,
After the Crimean war.
I will tell you briefly what
I just now am driving at:
Tho' you've made her pale and thin
As the child of Death by Sin,
When you've done with Caroline,
Bid her for a night be mine.
You shall have her all the day
Following to repeat our play.

Whether you do this or not
What is done is unforgot.
Fate for you shall sheathe her shears,
You shall live some hundred years.

The learned Baron here interposed, saying that something ought to be done to prevent the case going on.

Mr. PHINN said his Lordship was aware that counsel were now bound and could not act.

Baron CHANNELL—If your client resists it he must take the consequences.

Mr. PHINN said he had sought for the authority and sought in vain.

Baron CHANNELL—Then the defendant must take the consequences. You, of course, can't avoid it.

Mr. SLADE then resumed, and read parts of some other poems, and among them the following:

TO CAINA.

At the cart's tail, some years ago,
The female thief was dragg'd on slow,
And the stern beadle's eager whip
Followed, the naked haunch to clip;
If no such custom now prevails,
Is it that carts have lost their tails?
Rejoice, O Caina! raise thy voice,
Not where it should be, but rejoice!

CANIDIA AND CAINA.

Canidia shared her prey with owls and foxes,
The daintier Caina feeds from letter-boxes.

The learned counsel then called upon the Jury to attend to the case, and give it their best consideration.

The following evidence was adduced:

The publication of the libel was proved. 250 copies were disposed of.

Mr. Edward Slack—I am the plaintiff's attorney; my attention was drawn in May last year to a pamphlet, entitled *Walter Savage Landor and the Hon. Mrs. Yescombe*; I wrote a letter to Mr. Landor upon the subject; I received no answer to that; shortly after another pamphlet appeared, called *Landor Threatened*; I then issued a writ against him at the suit of Mr. and Mrs. Yescombe; the briefs were all made up ready for trial; on the 27th of July Mr. Williams, the defendant's attorney, called upon me; he said that Mr. Foster, a great friend of the defendant, had come down to endeavor to effect a settlement by an apology, and he asked me whether I would accept it; I said I would see Mr. Foster, who subsequently came to my office; he said he could not justify the pamphlets, and that he would endeavor to get Mr. Landor to make an apology, and he asked me whether I would upon that condition, stay the action; I said that would entirely depend upon the nature of the apology, that it must entirely vindicate the lady's character; I said, if he would prepare a draught of the apology I would take my client's opinion upon it; they left, and shortly returned with an apology signed by the defendant; I objected to the word "sufficient" in the apology. Mr. Foster assured me that the object of the apology was to leave no sting whatever behind, and that from his knowledge of language he was sure that no one could read it without feeling that all charges against the plaintiff were fully withdrawn; I submitted a copy of it to Mr. and Mrs. Yescombe; I sent to Mr. Taylor and Williams' office, and said that I thought the defendant ought to express his regret for what he had published; I called upon them the next day, and produced evidence which clearly showed Mrs. Yescombe's innocence of the charges; I said the apology could not be accepted unless an undertaking were given that the publication of such libels should not be repeated; Mr. Taylor said he would endeavor to get the undertaking from Mr. Landor; Mr. Taylor said that if Mr. Landor refused to give the undertaking he would no longer act as his attorney; the next day the apology was brought by Mr. Williams to me, with the undertaking written as I demanded; I don't think the handwriting was the defendant's; I think the body was in Mr. Taylor's handwriting; in May last Mrs. Yescombe sent for me; she was very ill; I read in her presence the poems complained of; I wrote a letter to Mr. Landor before the present action was brought; I received no answer and his address was refused.

Cross-examined—I have reason to believe that he was out of the country; I had been for a long time employed by Mr. and Mrs. Yescombe; when Mr. Foster called he did not tell me that he had come without any authority from Mr. Landor; Mr. Landor is between 80 and 90 years of age; I don't recollect Mr. Foster saying that it was useless to expect Mr Landor to make an apology; he told me that Mr. Landor was a very difficult man to manage; I had a very long interview with Mr. Taylor upon the matter; I told him I had evidence of the regularity of Mrs. Yescombe's conduct in all the matters; I had investigated every matter; I told Mr. Taylor that Mrs. Yescombe would be put in the box, and would deny every imputation; I had never heard a breath of imputation against Mrs. Yescombe until the pamphlet was out; I had heard no rumor whatever; so far from Mr. Williams objecting to the apology being published, he said I might publish my brief if I thought fit; Mr. Taylor appeared desirous of conciliating my client, or I should not have accepted the apology.

The Rev. M. Yescombe.—I am a clergyman, and the plaintiff; I have five children, and have resided in Bath six years; for twenty years we were intimate with Mr. Landor; of late years very intimate; Miss Hooper had been most intimate with us; a plate was always placed for her; she is 19 years of age; she went to Cheltenham in May of last year; the intimacy then ceased; I subsequently became acquainted with the pamphlet, and brought an action; when Mrs. Yescombe heard of the pamphlet she was struck, and has scarcely been able to stand since, she has been in a most wretched state ever since; she has been attended by Mr. Church; this anonymous letter is in in Mr. Landor's handwriting; one of the letters from Mr. Landor was so obscene that no decent person could read it, and I burnt it directly; it was addressed to Mrs. Yescombe; I have read the three libels; they refer to Mrs. Yescombe.

Cross-examined—I have seen Mr. Landor write for 23 years, and I have no doubt that these anonymous letters are in his handwriting; I took no proceedings upon those letters before the publication of *The Dry Sticks*; Mrs. Yescombe had been married before, the defendant lived in lodgings, and he dined at my house three times a week; Miss Hooper went to him with my children; I never visited with Mr. and Mrs. Hooper; we had compassion for Miss Hooper in her distressed state; Mrs. Yescombe did not receive £100 from Mr. Landor for Miss Hooper; she received £50 from Miss Hooper to take care of; I locked it up, and it was given up instantly when demanded, and it was applied for paying Miss Hooper's debts.

Colonel Fitzgerald—I am Lieutenant Colonel in the army; I have read these pamphlets, and the books and the three poems; I have no doubt they were intended for Mrs. Yescombe.

Colonel Smith—I know Mr. and Mrs. Yescombe; I recollect the pamphlets; one was sent to me; I have seen *The Bundle of Dry Sticks*; they relate to Mrs. Yescombe in my opinion.

This was the case for the plaintiff.

Mr. SLADE then summed up his evidence. He hardly expected a summing up required, for the plaintiff's case was fully proved, but the defendant's counsel had even now endeavored to prove the charges to be true. Was there ever such a case laid before a jury? A talented man had lent himself to this conduct without a motive. There could be little doubt that Mrs. YESCOMBE most naturally suggested Miss HOOPER's leaving Bath, and then these pamphlets were published. But was there any desire to injure Mr. LANDOR? A letter was written to him by Mr. SLACK, and then a more dirty poem was sent. Who sent for Mr. WILLIAMS and Mr. FOSTER? Not Mr. YESCOMBE, who was anxious the whole matter should be sifted. They came at the instance of Mr. LANDOR. If Mr. LANDOR had regretted his conduct, why should he be ashamed of his regret? He had admitted himself a foul libeller, but did not wish to come into Court—he wished to save his pocket. If Mr. SLACK had not spoken the truth, they might have called Mr. WILLIAMS and Mr. FOSTER. Was his friend going to tell them there were rumors? But if there were, did the man condescend to dirty and filthy aspersions? They had gone step by step through the aspersions with Mr. TAYLOR, and had satisfied him of the falsehood of the imputations. More open treatment of a libeller he had never known. Mr. TAYLOR had said that if Mr. LANDOR refused to sign the apology, he would wipe his hands of him. Could any one doubt that Mr. LANDOR was actuated by the most bitter malice? Even now it existed, for the man gloried in throwing dirt at Mrs. YESCOMBE. If there was any imputation, why did they not justify? They ought, at the suggestion of the judge, to have expressed regret. If his malice still continued, the jury ought to express their sense of his conduct by giving serious damages. Mrs. YESCOMBE's sufferings could not be alleviated by any sum of money, but he asked the jury to mark their sense of the way in which Mrs. YESCOMBE had been treated, and teach Mr. LANDOR, the great poet, that whatever his talents were, not to prostitute them by slandering a respectable and innocent woman. It was a very bad case.

Mr. PHINN then addressed the Jury for the defendant. He could not conceal from himself that they had thrown out an expression that the case ought to be compromised. Counsel formerly had imagined they could take upon themselves the settling of these questions, but that authority which he believed always to have been exercised beneficially, had now been withdrawn. He had sought for authority, but it had not been given. It had been thought that counsel ought not to interfere, but he would not select what causes he should advocate. They were now sent like champions into the lists, bound to do what they could. There was much in the case which he must condemn, but he would ask them to review the whole case and what was left behind. He confessed it was most painful to say there was that of which he could not approve. They had no right to punish Mr. LANDOR; they were to give to Mrs. YESCOMBE that damage which they thought she had sustained. Punishment was not their duty, because the plaintiff might put the criminal law in force. Now they were to determine what damage had been sustained. It was difficult to give a Jury that upon which they could build their judgment. Whether the animosity the defendant entertained was well founded or not he could not say. His friend had only done Mr. LANDOR justice in putting forth his great talents and great gifts; they were not given without some alloy. They could detect the errors of those great men who had preceded him. They must look upon the defendant with some allowance, and not with the eyes of the present day. He was the contemporary of BYRON and MOORE, whose writings were filled with the immoralities of another age. He appealed to them not to exaggerate the facts, and not to hand this man down to posterity with a stain upon his character. What had been the state of this old man? He had been almost one of the family of Mr. and Mrs. YESCOMBE. Their intimacy had been abruptly broken off, in a great measure, perhaps, through a trial in the County Court. That some dispute had occurred with regard to some money matters was clear. Then came that violence of feeling which was evident in the first letters which had been read. Somebody was at hand to fix upon his mind the idea that Mrs. YESCOMBE had perjured herself. Youth and old age were much alike, and the circumstances had been fixed upon his memory as on brass, and were impossible to be removed. He did not complain of the plaintiff or Mr. SLACK in bringing the first action. Mr. SLACK had written a letter which he had penned for the purpose of being read by his counsel in Court with a flourish. It was clear that Mr. FOSTER had had much command over the mind of Mr. LANDOR in inducing him to sign the apology. It was clear that they could not get from the old man an expression of regret. Mr. SLACK had done that which was quite wise; he reserved the right to proceed with the action if Mr. LANDOR offended again. Why had they not proceeded with that first action? No one, as a gentleman, could have undertaken to justify the libels. One part of the case was of a most painful description, and should not have been introduced, and that was what had previously taken place in the former case. But defence he could not offer; he could no justify the defendant's conduct; but when Mr. LANDOR was born the bad example of that time he had followed; he was, in truth, of a past age. Had he broken that agreement? If they believed that the verses referred to Mrs. YESCOMBE, he could not deny that it was a breach of that agreement, and they must say what damage had been sustained. It did not appear that Mrs. YESCOMBE's society had been shunned, and it was clear that every one had treated these things as the visions of an old man. He trusted they would review the circumstances under which the letters were written; the passions were strong, but the judgment was weak. He said not one word in derogation of Mrs. YESCOMBE.

The learned Baron then summed up. The action was brought for three several libels, and for the breach of an agreement. It was an action of a very painful nature. He adopted the view taken by the learned counsel as to his position, and he had addressed to them arguments deserving of their great consideration. Mr. LANDOR had obtained a deservedly large reputation, and he believed, if he had retained those feelings which he possessed in former years, they would not have heard of this cause, but if he still possessed that amount of intelligence and talent which enabled him to issue such literary productions, he (the Judge) did not know how his old age should induce them to diminish the damages they would give. His Lordship then went through all the facts of the case, and stated that the object of the action was not punishing the defendant, except as damages had that effect. But, if it was evident there was malice, they must award compensation, although it did in fact act as a punishment.

The Jury found a verdict for the plaintiff, with damages—£750 for three libels, and £250 for the breach of agreement.

From the London Times, Aug. 25.

What a strange and scandalous story it is that we published yesterday about the old age of WALTER SAVAGE LANDOR! He must be so old that one is almost afraid to talk about his age. He has been so famous a writer in his time, that it would have been pleasant to think of him, if still alive, as surrounded by troops of friends, who were smoothing the last furlong of his long pilgrimage. He should have outlived the ill-will of others, and the animosities of his own heart. It is with unfeigned reluctance that we perform the duty that has been cast upon us of saying a few words about the trial which took place at Bristol on Monday last, in which Mr. LANDOR was defendant. The result was, that the old man has to pay £1,000 as damages, besides his liability for costs. Who can read the report of the proceedings without saying that it served him right? The old poet can scarcely lay claim to impunity on the ground of failing intellect. It must be admitted that in their own nasty way—and it is a very nasty way—the verses of LANDOR's old age are quite equal in point and vigor to the golden produce of his prime. But it is such filthy point—such dirty vigor! Take JONATHAN SWIFT's impurest productions, when he sat down for a regular innings at dirt—take the obscenest off-scourings of MARTIAL, when the Roman poet was wallowing in the very cesspool of the Muses, and you will have an idea of the nature of LANDOR's recent literary diversions. So far we have spoken of the old man's offence as of one against decency and morality. To describe it technically, according to the form in which it was brought the other day before the Court, we must, however, speak of it as the publication of a libel; and a fouler libel than the one brought home to him was never written by man. What made the case worse was that he had selected as the object of his attack a lady whose only fault seems to have been that she had been for many years on intimate terms with her unmanly traducer.

When the counsel on his side was called upon, he could not say a word in the defence of the nasty old man, except that the jury should consider his great age. When LANDOR was a young man, or even a man in middle life, filth was the fashion. A wit and good fellow of the days of the Regency would now be scouted out of decent society if he made any effort to be amusing in his own peculiar line. In such a school LANDOR had been brought up, and therefore it was suggested that he should be judged by the morality of a former day, rather than by the rules of decent behavior which obtain in our own time. Of course the jury would not listen for a moment to such palliation as this; but still the counsel for the defence was obliged to say something, and what could he say? It was more reasonable when this gentleman added, that in consequence of the recent decision in the great will case there is an end of the discretion which barristers used to exercise in former days in what they supposed to be the interests of their clients. Thus, notwithstanding his own feeling and a significant hint from the presiding Judge, he was obliged to go on. The obvious inference, and it was not a very favorable one for Mr. LANDOR, was that it was he himself who compelled the gentlemen who were acting as his counsel to take a course in direct opposition to their own feelings and judgment. The end was a verdict for £1,000 damages against Mr. LANDOR; but this is the lightest portion of the result. How ineffable is the disgrace to a man of Mr. LANDOR's ability and reputation, at the close of a long life, to be mixed up with so disgraceful a transaction! A slanderer, and the slanderer of a lady—a writer of anonymous letters, and these letters reeking with the foulest odors of the dirtiest stews—a violator of his pledged word—who is it to whom these words must now be applied?—

"Who would not weep if ATTICUS were he?"

The Arctic Expedition.

The following letter to Captain COLLINSON gives information of the whereabouts of the expedition under Captain M'CLINTOCK:

YACHT FOX, HOLSTEINBORG—commenced }
May 3, 1858, closed May 7. }

MY DEAR COLLINSON: Our cruise hitherto has been short and sharp—most lamentably short, indeed, but, thank God, it is not at an end; the real work is only now beginning. We have only got to repeat the attempt this year which failed so signally last year. Our progress was finally stopped in Melville Bay, Aug. 18, from which time up to the 25th of April we remained in the pack, drifting southward with it. While beset we have drifted down from 75½ north to 63½ north; the whole amount is 1,194 geographical miles. You will understand what disappointment and anxiety this ill-fortune entailed upon me. For a whole month in Melville Bay our fate hung in the balance. The season was very similar to 1848, when I was with Sir J. ROSS; the whole bay was crammed full of light pack, and there was no land ice. Having previously examined the edge of the middle ice down as far as 72° 20' without any prospect of success, there was but one course open to me—to enter the pack whenever a favorable opportunity offered, and trust to boring through into the north water. This is what Sir J. Ross did, and, being on the same spot, and also on the same day, and, moreover, a very favorable opportunity of long leads opening out, I tried the same plan. We did not succeed; a long run of southerly winds closed the ice together so much that it did not open again. Still I had the precedent of the North Star from which to draw the hope of a drift through into the north water, and this, I think, we should have done in time to save our season but for the grounding of some bergs on a bank off Cape York, which it has been our lot to discover. We drifted up within 24 miles of that cape, and subsequently far to the westward before commencing our southern march. But all this you will see in my statement of proceedings and track chart which I have sent to Lady FRANKLIN.

We are thoroughly efficient, but rather short handed, and I am sorry to add that R. SCOTT (leading stoker) died on the 4th of December.

We are in excellent health, and the ship uninjured. She leaks a little, and we had to pump her out all Winter three times weekly.

Forty tons of coal remain on board, and we will take in as much more at the Waigat. As for provisions, we have excellent in quality, of salt meat 17 months, preserved meat and pemmican 13 months, &c. From this you will see how well provided we are, and how easily we can complete ourselves for a third Winter at Beeche Island.

With regard to my future plans, I see no reason for departing from my original scheme. If early into the west water, I will thoroughly sift the Pond's Bay natives, so as to separate the history of Belcher's abandoned ships from such knowledge as they may possess respecting FRANKLIN's ships.

I hope to look into Port Leopold before visiting Beechey Island, as the former would be the place to which we would have to fall back. If the launch is injured, I will take a boat from Beechey Island, and leave her there should I go down to Bellot Strait, or at Cape Walker, should I succeed getting down Peel Strait.

Should I get down to the Magnetic Pole, I will pass on the east side of King William's Land, communicating with the natives, and into Fish River. If I can manage to complete my work in Fish River by ship, it would be an immense advantage to Winter near the southwest angle of King William's Land.

DISCO, May 24.—For the early part of this season I shall be among the whalers, leisurely following their motions; but, should they not persevere to the north as long as I think desirable, I must then judge for myself whether to persevere or return south with them, and seek a southern passage. I purpose sailing to-morrow morning. We shall long remember the kindness of Mr. and Mrs. OLRICK and all here.

Yours very sincerely,
F. L. M'CLINTOCK.

Commercial and Financial.

The *Herald* (Tuesday, Aug. 24) says: The demand for money is only moderate to-day at the Bank of England, but out of doors there was rather more active inquiry, owing to the payment of the instalment on the Indian Loan, and the increased absorption for trading purposes.

About £60,000 gold, principally American, which has been held over by one of the large exporting firms, was taken to the Bank to-day, it not having been required for shipment. The £256,000 by the *Essex*, from Australia, has not yet been delivered, but will probably be sent into the Bank to-morrow. Some further gold arrivals are expected from St Petersburg. The Continental exchanges show great firmness at all points, especially Paris. The suspension is announced of Messrs. PORTILLA, SCHEMBRI & Co., —a house in the Mediterranean trade, with connections at Malta. Their liabilities are stated to exceed £150,000. The firm was held in good estimation. The railway between Aix and Culon has been completed, and a train ran between those termini on Monday, thus giving uninterrupted communication between the Lyons and Geneva line. There will now be only ten hours' diligence between Paris and Turin until the Mount Cenis Tunnel is completed. The general business at the port of London during the past week has continued active.

The number of ships reported inward was 282, including 83 with cargoes of corn, flour, &c. The arrivals of sugar were also very large. The number of ships cleared outward was 116, including 14 in ballast. Of those on the berth loading outward, 64 are for the Australian colonies, six for Vancouver's Island and two for San Francisco.

THE TEA TRADE, AUG. 23.—The deliveries in London estimated for the week, were 794,281 lbs, which is a decrease of 65,067 lbs., compared with the previous statement.

The suspension of DUNCAN GIBB, of Liverpool, is announced. It is believed that the estate will pay 20s. in the pound.

The Turkish Ministry had held a special meeting, to examine the projects of VELY and AHMED PACHA, relative to the affairs of Candia.

The plan for the regulation of the Exchanges has been adopted. A loan of £800,000, issued by the Government, has been taken up.

The following is from the *Times'* City Article of Wednesday, Aug. 25: The English Funds have again been firm to-day, and have closed at a further improvement. Consols opened at the last price of yesterday and almost immediately advanced to 96⅞ to ⅞, from which there was no reduction. The transactions of the day were not important, but the general appearance of the market was very good, a further influx of gold to the Bank, and the expectation of fresh arrivals, having contributed to the feeling of confidence. The French three per cents advanced ⅛ ℘ cent.; 69f. 95c. for money; 70f. 5c. for the end of the month.

In American Securities there was a reduction in Illinois Central and New-York and Erie. New-York Central was firm. Atlantic Telegraph, 846@860.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, Aug. 23.

There has been a good demand during the last two days, and the sales exceed 22,000 bales; 9,500 on speculation and for export. Prices partially ⅛d. higher than on last Friday.

Liverpool Corn Market.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, Aug. 23.

The market was dull, at about the rates of last week.

Liverpool Cotton and Breadstuffs Market.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, Aug. 24.

The weather proving fine, there was a dull market. WHEAT sold at about 1d. ℘ bushel over the rates of Tuesday last. FLOUR must be quoted 6d. ℘ bbl. dearer, but the demand was less active. OATS unchanged. INDIAN CORN met with a very limited sale at the last quotations.

London Produce and Provision Market.

LONDON, Tuesday, Aug. 24.

SUGAR in fair demand; prices unaltered. COFFEE firm. RICE firm. TEA unchanged. MOLASSES—Limited business done at former prices. TALLOW steady at 48s 9d. on the spot; 48s. 3d. October to December. SALTPETRE somewhat dearer. OILS—Linseed, 33s. 3d. @33s. 6d. ℘ cwt.; Fish Oils firm. SPIRITS TURPENTINE 36s. 6d.@37s. 6d.; rough, 9s. 3d.@9s. 6d. ℘ cwt. METALS—Iron firm; Lead steady; Tin in fair request.

Position of Members of the Democratic General Committee—Misstatements Corrected—True account of the Vote on the Primary Election Question.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Sept. 4, 1858.

The only organ of the Administration in this City undertook, a day or two since, to criticize some statements "W. E." made in relation to the proceedings at Tammany Hall, on Thursday night last.

The heavy business, or argumentative part of this criticism, bears intrinsic evidence of being the production of a recent importation from the provinces; a man accustomed to small footlights and a narrow stage, who is fatally dazzled and lost in the glare and vastness of our great City theatre. He is probably the same gentleman who started for the Brevoort House on Celebration night, and whom Ase Reed found in the Tenth Ward next morning, complaining that "people here seemed to take pleasure in misleading strangers." He should have applied his experience on this point to political matters before accepting the list of "Ayes" and "Nays" on the Primary Election question—said list "misleading strangers" to any extent, and having been clearly devised for that purpose by the leader of the misled "two dozen."

The object of this list is to convey the impression that all the members of the Democratic General Committee who voted *in favor* of the new and liberal plan of primary-elections, reported by Surveyor Hart, are office-holders, either directly or indirectly; while a great majority of the two dozen who voted *against* that measure are either gentlemen of independent fortunes, who desire no patronage, or patriots of so pure a stamp as to refuse any con-sid-er-a-tion which might cast a doubt over their abstract devotion to liberty and the best interests of the commonwealth.

As a New-Yorker who has mixed in politics for something like a quarter of a century, it strikes me as odd, I confess, to hear objections urged against a number of gentlemen because, and simply because, they chance to hold office under either the Federal or the Municipal Government. Time *was*, certainly, when office was an honor; and though it may have ceased to be so when the parties now complaining were in power, we have hopes that under a different system the trade of public servant may regain, or has already regained some of its forfeited respect. Against the "Jesse Rural" who did the heavy business of this two-column reply to a thirteen-lined paragraph, there can be no complaint made, as he knows nothing of our City affairs, and must therefore have accepted (with a confidence which does honor to his heart) the statement of parties fully competent to direct him rightly, if not unfortunately interested in "misleading" this particular "stranger." The wonder is that the Editor, who has been a leading office-holder for 20 years, should permit such a tissue of folly and political ignorance to creep into a paper over which he is supposed to exercise the chief control.

These preliminary remarks made, let me now analyze the lists of "Ayes" and "Nays," correcting the criticism in question, and calling attention to some facts which may have the effect of making "Jesse Rural" more careful in future. The cardinal motive of the article was to convey the idea that all the "Ayes" were official votes, having a direct pecuniary interest in "dispensing with the people altogether;" and to make this statement appear plausible, the following *fibs*, of greater and less magnitude, became necessary, and were therefore used:

1. It was stated that E. Hogan, of the 1st Ward, belongs to the United States Marshal's office. He does not.
2. That A. Chancellor, of the 2d Ward, holds an office under the Register. He does not.
3. That Mr. Fenno, of the 3d Ward, is in the Street Department. He is not.
4. That Mr. Jordan, of the 6th Ward, is Clerk in the office of District Attorney. He is not.
5. That J. A. Tipper, of the 7th Ward, is in the Navy Yard. He is not.
6. That J. M. Marsh, of the 10th Ward, is connected with the Street Department. He is not.
7. That John L. Brown, of the Nineteenth Ward, is connected with the Street Department. He is not.
8. John W. Chanler, of the Seventeenth Ward, is put down as an "Assemblyman." He *was* an Assemblyman last year, but it might puzzle smarter men than Jesse Rural to show how that fact could affect his present independence.
9. W. Roche, of the Sixth Ward.
10. W. M. Tweed, of the Seventh Ward.
11. E. F. Purdy, of the Tenth Ward.

[These gentlemen are undoubtedly Supervisors; but as the office is purely honorary, it cannot fairly be said that *they* "are comfortably provided for."]

So much for the list of "ayes;" and let us next examine the status of the independent "nays," who are paraded as serving at the altar out of pure love and affection, and with a lofty contempt of all "perquisidges," either past, present or to come, which have heretofore been considered *the right* of the priests who minister at political shrines. It is painful to destroy "Jesse Rural's" illusion; but sooner or later he would *have* to be told it by some one, and perhaps in a less friendly way than we intend to convey the "distressing intelligence"—if such he chooses to consider it. Be it known, therefore, to "Jesse:"

1. That I. Hackett, of the Third Ward, whom he sets down as independent and disinterested, holds a place in the Custom-house.
2. That Thos. Fitzgerald, of the Fourth Ward, in whom he places the same implicit faith, is also in the Custom-house.
3. That William Baird, of the same Ward, passed off on Jesse as a simple "Ex-Alderman," is in the receipt of large sums as a City contractor.
4. That Mr. Bernard Kelly, of the Eleventh Ward, was Superintendent of Wharves and Piers under Mr. Wood—a good fat place, and one which even better men might covet to hold a second time.
5. That Andrew Jackman, of the Eleventh Ward, another "disinterested patriot," has one son in the Custom-House and another in the Post-Office.
6. That Thomas H. Ferris, of the Thirteenth Ward, set down as incorruptible and above all influence, was Superintendent of Lands and Places under Mr. Wood, and is now an applicant for a place in the everlasting Custom-house.
7. That Walter R. Jones, of the Fifteenth Ward, was very thoroughly known to the citizens of New-York some years ago in connection with a Wood operation, known as the "raising of the ship *Joseph Walker*."
8. That Samuel Osgood, of the Sixteenth Ward, is not the "independent Osgood" represented—he now holding the place of Custom-house Auctioneer.
9. Neither is Charles A. May, of the same Ward, quite independent—he having been appointed Public Administrator by Mr. Wood, and now being Mr. Wood's candidate for Alderman in the Sixteenth Ward.
10. Mr. Thomas O'Reilly, of the Nineteenth Ward, is put down as an "independent gentleman;" and certainly he is so, as far as two places—one in the Custom-house and one in the Street Department—can make a man.
11. Mr. Daniel Kennedy, of the Twentieth Ward, we may inform "Jesse Rural," holds a place in the Street Commissioner's office, and will hold it as long as he can.
12. "Jesse," having only just arrived, could not be aware that Mr. Wm. H. Leonard, of the Twenty-first Ward, has for the past ten years been "Standing Candidate" for Judge of any Court in the City, from the Supreme bench to a civil justiceship.
13. Den F. Root, of the Twenty-second Ward, holds a clerkship in the eternal Custom-house.
14. M. J. M. Holk, of the same ward, belongs to the same benevolent institution.
15. Dan Linn, of the Eighth Ward, has just got his brother Corny a place in the Dickinsonian Custom-house.
16. Brother Ben Wood is not in the Custom-house, but is engaged in operations not a whit more respectable.
17. J. M. Houghkirk holds a place in the Tax Commissioner's office.

And adding the foregoing to the "Nays," set down as office-holders by Mr. Wood, using "Jesse Rural" as his mouthpiece, it will be seen that out of the whole two dozen, Fernando and Brother Ben are the only two who, in some manner or other, are not sucking, or expecting and working hard to be able to suck, some federal or municipal pap boat.

18. The list says that Robert C. McIntyre, of the Fifth Ward, voted with the "Nays." Mr. McIntyre was in favor of the proposition from the first, and voted "Aye" at every stage of it. The wish was father to the thought in this case.
19. Brigadier-General Creighton is also set down

as voting "Nay." Mr. Creighton made the best practical speech of the evening against irregular organizations, and Wood as their chief promoter; he also voted "Aye," and greaty contributed to the ultimate success of the Administration side.

So much for the "Nays" in this precious criticism, and with these *thirty distinct misstatements of facts* the whole matter might easily be dismissed from further consideration. But "Jesse Rural," forsooth, (doing the heavy business again,) describes the Tammany plan as "oppressive!" *Oppressive*, when fifteen wards out of the twenty-two (perhaps "Jesse" thinks we have two hundred wards in the City) joined freely in it, and united in naming the Inspectors! Shall we tell "Jesse" to look back over the files of his own paper, (under another name,) to Aug. 6, 1852, where he will find a full report of the famous "5th of August plan," forced down the throats of the Democracy while Augustus Schell was in the Chair of the Committee, and heartily indorsed by the paper which now condemns as "oppressive" the present liberal, honest, and democratic system for ascertaining the wishes of the people! Or shall we direct "Jesse's" retrospective eye to the fair and impartial course pursued by *then* Mayor (now quasi-Editor) Wood, in reference to the celebrated Executive Committee of 1856, by which nearly every decent man in the Committee was ruled out, or at least paralysed for the time being in regard to political action? Yea, shall we refer "Jesse Rural" to the action of the two bogus bodies (Regulars and People's) whom he so professes to admire, conferring the total power to appoint 66 Inspectors and return the seventeen delegates to the State Convention on two gentlemen named Genet and Stephens, who hold chairmanships of the bogus bodies in question, subject to Fernando Wood's good will and pleasure? A vacant stare, a succession of astonished "ohs," and "Jesse" would at last confess that the editor of "the *only* Democratic paper in the City of New-York" was indeed a—countryman.

Before I close, let me add a few words on the vexed question of Organization. The present General Committee took their seats on the 1st January, 1858, and the first duty devolving on them was to choose their presiding officer. Who did we find as candidates for that position? Isaac V. Fowler on one side and Richard Schell (brother of the Collector) on the other. The Collector, Gideon J. Tucker, John C. Mather, Wm. N. McIntyre, and so forth, then openly recognized Tammany Hall as the only regular organization of the Democratic Party, and proclaimed this faith that was in them at every corner. Their reason for this was evident,—to wit: that, by the patronage of the Custom-house, they believed they could gain control of it. Every member of the General Committee was offered places *ad libitum* under Mr. Schell, in return for the votes which would give Mr. Schell the ascendancy. Friends of the Collector held jubilant caucuses, displaying lists of the "majority," who would support Brother Richard for the Chairmanship. In the meantime, the other side were very actively at work By superior generalship, and showing that the patronage was thus diverted from its legitimate channel for corrupt purposes, they raised such a feeling in the community that orders came from the highest authority to the effect that it would gratify the President if both Mr. Fowler and Mr. Schell would retire from the contest. Both obeyed, and Peter B. Sweeny, an original Hard, and supporter of James Buchanan, was united on by the independent men o the party, against Wm. H. Leonard, who neve maintained the same position in the organization for twenty-four consecutive hours. Sweeny was elected; and it was not until then—until he had been defeated, that Mr. Schell either had, or *professed* any doubts as to the regular and legitimate authority of the Tammany Hall General Committee. Since then even up to the present day—all his doubts of his legitimate authority, (if he have any) are secret; for publicly he is on record as acknowledging and sustaining its power. The only complaint we have against him is, that his acts are at war with his professions; as the only galvanic vitality which the Regulars and People's Committees have, is derived from his patronage and the encouragement of his friends.

As to Fernando Wood, it was only last Thursday night that he "took pride in declaring himself a Tammany man of twenty years' standing, who does not now, and never did belong to, nor have sympathy with, any outside *Democratic* organization, whilst he saw around him traitors who had quitted the Wigwam to roost in the Stuyvesant Pear Tree!"

Yours, and so forth, W. E.

Mr. E. C. Delavan and Gerrit Smith.

Edward C. Delavan, Esq., late President of the New-York State Temperance Society:

Dear Sir: In your recent letter to the Temperance Convention at Utica, you justify your strong preference of the Hon. Gerrit Smith for Governor, by referring to what he has done for Temperance the last thirty years. You are not alone in your estimate of the value of the Temperance labors of that distinguished philanthropist. There are few men living whom I have loved more sincerely or honored more highly than Gerrit Smith, both for his excellent private character, his universal philanthropy, his munificent benevolence, and his eminent services in behalf of a cause to which I have literally given in hard labor fifteen of the best years of my life.

Much, however, as I love Mr. Smith, I love Freedom and Temperance so much more that I cannot join in any efforts to induce the friends of Temperance and Freedom to give him their votes. As your commendation of him is altogether in view of the past, allow me to suggest the propriety of your communicating once more with the public, and stating, as frankly as in your other letter, whether you are in harmony with his *present* political opinions and positions. In view of *those* is he still your first choice for Governor of the Empire State?

Do you want a Governor who would "summon the whole military power of the State to put down, *as a mob*, any number of judges, jurors or witnesses," even if the probable action of such a Court should be "to render up a fugitive?" Are you prepared to see the military executive crush out the judiciary? At most the Governor is but a coördinate officer of the Government, created and his duties and powers defined by the same Constitution. Do you want a Governor who "considers the Constitution of this State of no consequence whatever," when the "rhetorical flourishes" of that instrument stand in the way of his infallible judgment or of his vaulting ambition?

Mr. Smith says that President Buchanan could not have been elected if he had passed the ordeal of a public questioning. Perhaps not, if he had had the frankness, not to say folly, to expose his most obnoxious points. Probably, however, the men of this nation in 1856 would have received the whole Kansas policy of the President quite as readily as the people of New-York in 1858 will receive the modest proposal of Mr. Smith to assume an absolute military dictatorship, for he certainly proposes nothing else. Laws and the Legislature are but the creations of the Constitution, and if this can be nullified, or its existence ignored by the Executive, what shall prevent the Governor from marching, at the head of the Albany Burgesses Corps, into the Senate Chamber and commanding them to pass his personal liberty bill, or a prohibitory liquor law, or any other law to carry out his measures or maintain his assumptions? Or what shall hinder him from driving both Senate and Assembly from the capitol at the point of the bayonet if they attempt to pass any law that he does not approve?

Call not these things fancies. They are legitimate deductions from Mr. Smith's threat to put down, as a mob, judges, jurors and witnesses, sitting or attending in open court, and his declaration that "the Constitution is of no consequence whatever. Certainly the Legislature is not more sacred, nor further removed from gubernatorial surveillance than is the Supreme Court. Say not, neither, that Mr. Smith cannot mean all this. No matter if he does not. When Louis Napoleon first nominated himself, or obtained his own nomination for the *elective* office of President of the Republic of France, it is not likely that he had then even conceived the idea, much less matured the plan, of the *coup d'etat* that made him Emperor. Nor has Mr. Smith forgotten who revolted from the prediction of his own future course, saying, "Is thy servant a dog that he should do this thing?" Yet the one became Emperor, and the other acted out the bloody tyrant, as soon as they had gained an absolute and unlimited control of the military. Mr. Smith declares that when he takes the Governor's chair, he shall assume this control of the military, independent of, and superior to, the laws, the Legislature, the Constitution and the Courts. Now, if any number of judges, jurors and witnesses may be put down as a mob, then any number of citizens, assembled to devise measures for the protection of the Courts, may be dispersed or shot down by the military, at the command of this same absolute dictator. Mr. Smith may call this his *higher law*, but not such was that eternal principle of right avowed by our astute and honored Senator. That was proposed as the rule of duty for legislators; this is nothing but the irresponsible will of a despot.

To a few other points I would just call your attention. Are you, Sir, like Mr. Smith, opposed to the system of public schools? Would you have the system at once abandoned? Would you, as he would, complete the canals by loans, and thus sell them, or give them away? No company or corporation could buy them, or conduct them, unless it be the Central Railroad. Would you then pay the canal debts, and support the State by direct taxation? Would you inaugurate the policy of allowing women to vote, and to hold office? On these matters, however important, I cannot dwell. Many of Mr. Smith's best friends and warmest admirers stand amazed at his avowal of such sentiments. His personal character, his unsullied reputation, the purity of his life, his gentleness, philanthropy, and benevolence, all would have forbade the possibility, had he not taken precisely the way he has to force these sentiments upon the public. Equally astonished, also, are the public at the thought that it is *for* these sentiments, or even *with* them, that Mr. S. is your first choice for Governor.

The recent reappearance of your letter simultaneously in various papers, unless you disavow the publication and withdraw the recommendation it contains, authorizes the presumption that you prefer Mr. Smith for Governor, not only in view of his past life and labors for temperance, but in view of the astounding avowals which public examinations have drawn from him since your letter was written. May you not, then, with great propriety speak once more in your usual way to the public, and let us all know, without any doubt, whether you recommend Mr. Smith for what he *now is*, and says, and proposes to do, as well as for what he *was*, and said and did, many years ago.

Your letter, I am aware, was addressed personally to Gen. Smith, President of the State Temperance Society, but as it was manifestly intended not for him alone, but for the Society at its quarterly meeting, and for the people of the State, I trust you will not deem it a breach of courtesy for me to have addressed this to you in such a way as to reach a portion of the thousands by whom your letter has been read. With great respect, your obedt. servt.,

CHARLES J. WARREN.

New-York, Monday, Sept. 6, 1858.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Judge Russell.

The following gentlemen were impanneled, yesterday, as the Grand Inquest for the September Term of this Court:

Anthony J. Bleecker, Foreman.
Matthias Bloodgood, Nathaniel Prime,
Gordon W. Burnham, Israel Underhill,
Elisha Brooks, Benj. Wheelwright,
Henry Corse, John H. Abeel,
Samuel Dawson, Duncan F. Curry,
Marcellus Eells, Benj. H. Day,
Francis Leland, William Hall,
Thomas Christy, Richard D. Lathrop,
John S. Martin, Moses Starbuck,
Jacob Vanderpoel.

Judge Russell delivered a brief charge to the Grand Jury.

Counsel for William Mulligan, the renowned "Billy," whose escape from Judge Russell's nose, whose subsequent fraternization, while Judge Russell was sitting on the bench, with the officers of the Court, and whose ulterior rustication at Hoboken, cannot be forgotten by our readers, was again before the Court, yesterday, waiting to be tried, (Judge Russell presiding.) His counsel, Mr. Theodore E. Tomlinson, applied for a postponement, and with the consent of Mr. Sedgwick, the Assistant District-Attorney, the trial was postponed till the 17th inst. Mulligan was admitted to bail a short time since by Recorder Barnard, but at the large and proper sum of $12,500. It seems that the bail was in some way procured, and Mulligan had no further pressing reason to reside in Jersey. He was to have been tried on the last occasion before Judge Russell, but walked out of Court. He is again to be tried before Judge Russell. Will he this time walk out of Court?

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—Sept. 7.

Before Judge Nelson.

Judge Nelson sat to-day in one of the rooms recently fitted up for the Supreme Court, for the purpose of hearing appeals in Admiralty. The calendar was not called peremptorily, in consequence of the fact that many members of the bar were not aware that a Court would be held.

MARINE COURT—Aug. 7.

Before Judge Thompson.

Robert Webb vs. James H. Thomas.—Action for assault and battery on the high seas. The plaintiff was a passenger from Liverpool on board the ship *John J. Boyd*, of which defendant was Captain. The defendant ordered plaintiff to clean out his room, which he refused to do. The Captain put him in irons for two hours, in bad weather. Verdict $200.

The "Union" on Douglas.

From the Washington Union, Saturday.

A serious question has arisen in the case of Mr. Douglas, the solution of which is likely to involve the character of the Democratic Party and determine the extent of its hospitable tendencies. The Senator abandoned the Democracy last Winter, and was remarkably well received and entertained by the Republicans. They received him with every demonstration of joy, imparted to him all their lessons, and, it must be confessed, found in him a most apt and useful associate. At length the question came up about admitting him into their church and ordaining him into their ministry. At home, where he was best known, they were all against him. They would take him as a visitor, treat him as a visitor, use him as a visitor, but would not clothe him with ministerial functions. Mr. Douglas, finding himself thus repulsed, turned his back upon the Republicans, denounced them and walked coolly into the Democratic camp once more; acting, no doubt, on the idea that a man must live somewhere. Now, the question arises, is he to be received back into our party? The Republicans refused to take him—will the Democrats refuse likewise? We propose a compromise, and, as much as we distrust compromises generally, we shall be prepared to stand by it; I. That he shall first be disarmed. II. That he shall be reduced to the ranks. III. That he shall be compelled to read all his speeches since the opening of the last session of Congress, and rehearse his conferences with the Black Republican leaders in this city. IV. That he shall utterly abjure the terms so common in his addresses, "My principles," "The Douglas Party," &c., and, if it were not mixing up matters too much, we would also suggest that, while the Chicago *Times* talks so well about the voice of the Democracy of Illinois and the independence of their Senator, that journal might, with great propriety, say less about the dictation of a Democratic President, his Cabinet, the Senate and House of Representatives.

The Murder in Cheshire, Conn.—Arrest of the Supposed Murderer.

On Saturday, says the New-Haven *Journal*, we gave an account of the killing of a woman named Stevens, the wife of Gilbert Stevens, in Cheshire, a few miles north of New-Haven, and the allegation of Stevens' mother that a young woman named Tobin, from New-Haven, was the murderer. Since then, the woman Tobin has been arrested, and the facts of the case have been partially developed. The case is a very singular one. The disclosures at present rest principally on the statements of Mrs. Stevens' mother, an old woman of 97 years, who also received injuries which it is supposed will cause her death.

It seems that the woman Tobin, who is a vagrant, has been in the habit of visiting Stevens, and had improper connections with him, against which the family naturally remonstrated. On Thursday last she visited Stevens, and in the night or morning the neighbors heard a noise and disturbance in the house. On going there, Mrs. Stevens was found dead in bed, with her husband in a drunken sleep by her side. Old Mrs. Stevens was also suffering severely from the effects of a beating she had received. She said that the woman Tobin had beaten Mrs. Stevens to death, and had also choked her. She said that she heard her son request the Tobin woman to kill his wife, as she had lived long enough, and he wanted to get rid of her. Tobin had left the house and had been seen on the road to New-Haven, and word was therefore sent to our officers. A search was made, and early on Saturday morning Tobin was arrested at the head of Long Wharf, and sent to Cheshire on Saturday night for an examination, which which will take place to-day. The physicians say that Mrs. Stevens died of strangulation, and that it is probable that the old woman will die of her wounds.

The Legislature of Virginia has ordered an elegant sword to be presented to Lieut. Robert B. Pegram, United States Navy, for valiant conduct in the Chinese Seas in the recent conflict with piratical junks. The blade bears on one side the following inscription: "A mother's gift to her devoted son." On the other side of the blade is inscribed: "Virginia to Lieut. Robert B. Pegram, United States Navy, Kulan, 4th August, 1855." The hilt of the sword is surmounted by an eagle surrounded with thirteen stars, the guard being in the form of a dolphin.

General Merchandise Import.

Imports (other than Dry Goods and Specie) at the Port of New-York, for the Week ending and including Sept. 4, 1858.

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

CHINA, GLASS AND E'RTH'W'E.	P'k'gs.	Value.	METALS, &C.	P'k'gs.	Value.
China	20	$1,177	Iron Hoop, tons	25	$1,620
Earthenware	795	29,710	Iron, Pig, tons	128	1,812
Glass ware	16	1,419	Iron, Sheet, tons	129	6,487
Glass Plate	8	1,316	Iron Tubes	1	209
DRUGS, &C.			Iron other, tons	372	15,778
Alkali	48	1,581	Lead, Pigs	1,976	10,348
Acids	1	140	Metal Goods	42	12,837
Blea. Powder	1	22	Nails	70	3,321
Castor Oil	78	1,265	Needles	5	3,115
Cream Tartar	15	3,705	Nickel	5	3,718
Cochineal	4	1,472	Old Metal	—	916
Gambier	1,251	1,000	Plated Ware	2	812
Gums, Crude	136	2,279	Percus. Caps	14	2,597
Gum Arabic	160	4,813	Saddlery	5	1,293
Gum Copaiva	56	345	Steel	2,544	33,535
Glue	22	2,614	Silver Ware	1	35
Ipecacuanha	25	1,888	Tin, boxes	5,330	38,877
Indigo	51	5,872	Tin, slabs	1,772	36,865
Iodine, pot.	4	896	Wire	392	2,700
Leeches	18	532	SPICES.		
Madder	15	2,050	Cassia	—	709
Oils	11	685	Ginger	—	235
Oils, ess	9	1,397	Mustard	—	623
Opium	5	2,789	Nutmeg	—	91
Paints	—	17,128	Pepper	—	20,970
Potash, hyd.	15	2,275	STATIONERY, &C.		
Soda, bicarb	3,020	13,813	Books	140	14,010
Soda, sal	87	726	Engravings	8	2,979
Soda, ash	245	[illegible]	Paper	18	1,309
Other	—	1,509	Other	25	7,959
FURS, &C.			WOODS.		
Furs	79	28,318	Logwood, M.lb.	293	1,600
FRUITS, &C.			Mahogany	—	1,981
Lemons	—	416	Rosewood	—	2,836
Pineapples	—	154	Willow	—	190
Raisins	—	[illegible]	Other	—	1,519
Sauces and Preserves	—	2,378	MISCELLANEOUS.		
INSTRUMENTS.			Bags	—	689
Mathematical	2	574	Buttons	38	10,630
Musical	34	[illegible]	Clay	—	991
Nautical	1	316	Cigars	—	24,823
Optical	7	1,967	Coal, tons	1,623	5,525
Surgical	3	1,385	Clocks	2	219
JEWELRY, &C.			Cocoa, bags	119	2,050
Jewelry	24	11,959	Coffee, bags	12,612	170,728
Watches	18	30,752	Fancy Goods	—	29,063
LEATHER, HIDES, &C.			Fish	—	6,218
Bristles	2	302	Hair	1	892
Boots and Shoes	1	64	Haircloth	13	8,861
Hides, dressed	297	108,197	Hemp	2,825	34,176
Hides undress.	—	181,184	Honey	22	599
Leather, patent	76	8,000	Machinery	4	306
LIQUORS, WINES &C.			Marble & Man. do	—	1,106
Ale	200	1,833	Molasses	1,282	23,696
Brandy	283	7,865	Oil Paintings	14	11,451
Cordials	1	8	Paper Hanging	2	391
Gin	27	1,310	Plaster	—	1,683
Porter	473	4,248	Perfumery	59	4,334
Rum	106	4,361	Pipes	—	298
Whisky	22	1,738	Salt	—	8,147
Wines	70	1,980	Soap	1	159
Champ'ne, b'sk.	35	211	Sugar, hhd&bl	5,461	290,888
METALS, &C.			Do. box & bag	4,787	122,3[illegible]5
Brass Goods	1	144	Tea	458	11,566
Ch'ns&anchors	40	2,788	Twine	3	274
Copper	—	9,990	Toys	66	3,993
Cutlery	69	28,961	Tobacco	1,138	23,505
Gas Fixtures	85	864	Waste	104	2,459
Guns	35	8,430	Wool, bales	326	18,145
Hardware	136	20,374	Other	—	2,616

Total General....$1,644,527
Dry Goods....1,895,946
Total....$3,540,473

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Fifth appearance of
Signora PEPITA GASSIER.
Second appearance of
Signor LUIGI STEFFANI.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 8, 1858.
Verdi's celebrated Tragic Opera of
RIGOLETTO.
Positively for the Last Time.
CHARACTERS.
Duke of Mantua....Signor Luigi Steffani
Rigoletto....Signor Assoni
Gilda (his daughter)....Signora Pepita Gassier
Count Monterone....Signor Gasparoni
Sparafuele (a bravo)....Signor Garibaldi
Magdalen (his sister)....Miss Adelaide Phillips
Conductors....{ MAX MARETZEK, ANGELO TORRIANI.
Stage Manager....Mr. Dubreuil
Doors open at 7½; Opera commences at 8 o'clock.
ADMISSION:
Parquette, Dress Circle and Boxes....$1 00
Secured Seats, to be paid extra....50
Family Circle....50
Amphitheatre....25

Sale of tickets every day at the Office of the Academy, and at BREUSING'S and HALL'S Music Stores, from 9 till 5 o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Engagement of
MISS AGNES ROBERTSON,
who will appear in conjunction with
Miss ADA CLIFTON, Mr. J. H. ALLEN,
Mr. GEO. PAUNCEFORT, Mr. A. H. DAVENPORT,
Mr. JOHN SLOAN, Mr. WHITING,
Mr. GROSVENOR.
TO-NIGHT, (Wednesday,) Sept. 8,
JESSIE BROWN;
Or, The Relief of Lucknow,
the celebrated Indian Drama.
NEW SCENES, by ISHERWOOD.
NEW APPOINTMENTS.
Engagement of
MR. DION BOURCICAULT,
Who will appear as the Nena Sahib.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.
No reserved seats. Tickets, 50 cents.

BURTON'S NEW THEATRE,

BROADWAY.
NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON.

Mr. COLLINS, whose engagement has been most successful, will continue his admirable impersonations of Irish character, and sing many of his most popular songs, including one hundred new verses to the "Widow Machree."

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8, 1858.
THE FORTUNE HUNTERS.
Gerald Desmond....Mr. Collins.
Chatterton Skinner, Mr. M. Smith; Bob Rouser, Mr. Moore; Frank and Fred Skinner, Messrs. Canoll and Briggs; Miss Penelope, Mrs. Hughes; Alice May, Mrs. A. Parker.
THE HAPPY MAN.
Paddy Murphy, Mr. Collins, who, in the course of the evening will sing "Erin my home," "Maiden I'll Ne'er Deceive Thee," "The Bould Soger Boy," "The birth of St. Patrick" and the "Widow Machree,"

MADAME COLSON.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

W. E. BURTON has much pleasure in stating that he has made an arrangement with
MAURICE STRAKOSCH
for the appearance of this famous artiste, under engagement with him,
FOR THREE PERFORMANCES ONLY,
at Burton's New Theatre, Broadway.
Madame COLSON, the eminent cantatrice;
Signor BRIGNOLI,
Signor LABOCETTA,
Signor AMODIO, and
Mons. JUNCA, first appearance here.
The first performance will take place on TUESDAY.
Donizetti's opera of LA FIGLIO DEL REGIMENTO.
Marie....Madame Colson
Sergeant Sulpicio....Sig. Amodio
Tonio....Sig. Labocetta
And a complete chorus are engaged.
Reserved seats in dress circle and parquet, $1 50; Second circle, $1; Amphitheatre and Third tier, 25 cents
Seats may now be secured for any or all of the three nights, at the Box Office.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

Immense success of Mr. H. C COOPER'S
ENGLISH OPERA TROUPE.

All the artists honored with repeated encores, and unanimously pronounced by the Press to be the most perfect English Opera Company that has ever appeared in New York.

They will make their third appearance
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, Sept. 8, 1858,
in Donizetti's brilliant opera,
L'ELISIR D'AMORE.
Annie Milner....as....Adina
D. Miranda....as....Nemorine
G. Guilmette....as....Dr. Dulcamara
F. Rudolphson....as....Belcore
The chorus will be full and efficient, and the orchestra under the direction of
H. C. COOPER.
Doors open at 7¼; Opera begins at 8 o'clock.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE,

NO 624 BROADWAY
: The Best Company in the City.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 8, 1858,
Will be presented the celebrated five act comedy
THE HEIR AT LAW.
Lord Duberly....Mr. W. R. Blake
Dr. Pangloss, L. L. D, and A. S. S....Jefferson
Zekiel Homespun....Mr. Sothern
Lady Duberly....Mrs. Blake
Cicely Homespun....Miss Laura Keene
Caroline Dormer....Miss Sara Stevens
M'lle. LAMOUREUX.
Assisted by Mr. GEO. W. SMITH will execute the
PAS DE DEUX WALTZ.
Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 8.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Lessees....Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Lingard
THIS EVENING, (Wednesday,) Sept. 8,
IRELAND'S GOLDEN AGE.
Roderic O'Connor....Mr. Holto,
Dermod MacMurrough....Mr. H. Rynar.
To be succeeded by
THE MAGIC BARREL.
NATURE AND PHILOSOPHY.
FORTUNE'S FROLIC.

MONSTER MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

BY THE
NEW-YORK HARMONIC SOCIETY,
AT THE
CRYSTAL PALACE,
FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 10.

The Harmonic Society having received the following communication:

New-York, Sept. 4, 1858.

To the President and Board of Officers of the New-York Harmonic Society:

Gentlemen: The undersigned having been exceedingly gratified with your musical performances at the Crystal Palace on the evening of September 1, beg leave to suggest a repetition (with such other pieces as you may determine upon) of the odes and selections sung with so much effect on that occasion. A very large number of our citizens were unable to obtain admission to the official ceremonies at the Palace, and they would, we feel assured, value an opportunity to be present at a repetition of the musical part of the entertainment, which so heartily won the applause and commendation of all who were present on Wednesday last.

DANIEL F. TIEMANN,
DAVID DUDLEY FIELD,
PETER COOPER,
JAMES HARPER,
WILSON G. HUNT,
WILLIAM HALL,
C. GODFREY GUNTHER,
ISAAC O. BARKER,
And may others,

Announce in extensive preparation a
GRAND MUSICAL FESTIVAL,
To come off at the Crystal Palace on FRIDAY EVENING next, on which occasion, in addition to the selected pieces and
ORIGINAL ODES,
Sung at the Cable Celebration, a selection of
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL PIECES,
of a popular character, will be given

Full particulars will appear in future announcements. Tickets, 25c. For sale at the door on the evening of the entertainment; at the Musical Stores, and at the office, No. 604 Broadway.

PALACE GARDENS.

14th-st. and 6th-av.
NOVELTY. VARIETY.
TO-NIGHT, SEPT 8.
CONCERT AND INDIAN PERFORMANCES.

The IROQUOIS INDIANS, now on a visit to New-York, will exhibit their method of performing a variety of the most popular of their dances; go through their courting and marriage ceremonies, their burial service, &c &c, and represent the historical drama of POCAHONTAS SAVING THE LIFE OF CAPTAIN SMITH, in which the celebrated Squaw PRETTY LAKE will enact the part of Pocahontas. The young Chief, BLACK HAWK, (grandson of the old chief of the same name) the young Warrior, WHITE EAGLE, BIG THUNDER, YOUNG ELK, BIG TREE, MUD TURTLE AND HALF TIME will participate in the entertainments. Admittance 25 cents.

MINSTREL HALL NO. 444 BROADWAY

THE RENOWNED CAMPBELL MINSTRELS
THE MODEL TROUPE OF THE WORLD.
MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 6, and every evening during the week the following variety will be produced.
NICK WICKEL FROM THE COUNTRY.
MATT PEEL'S NEW SONG, "THE IRISHMAN'S SHANTY"

Burlesque on the coming great fight between Morrissey and the Benecia Boy, by Matt Peel and Moore, Mr Unsworth's new banjo song on the Dry Goods Clerks, who is the author of the "McDill Dall Brothers" and other new songs will be produced. Admission 25 cents.

E. SNIFFIN, Proprietor.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.

WONDERFUL PERFORMANCES! every afternoon and evening, by that elegant, piquant, and wholly novel company of IMITATION MEN AND WOMEN, comprising the renowned exhibition termed THIODO'S THEATRE OF ARTS, Or Animated Mimic World, now in its fourth week in America, and to be repeated THIS AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock, and THIS EVENING at 7¾ o'clock. The Aquaria, or Miniature Seas and Rivers, the Happy Family, &c., as usual. Admittance 25 cents; children under 10, 13 cents.

VERMONT STATE FAIR.

AT BURLINGTON.
Sept 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.
Half Fare on Railroads and Steamboats.
Stock and all articles for exhibition, carried free.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS,

Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock.

THE METROPOLITAN GLEE AND MADRIGAL Union, under the direction of Mr. Peck, of Trinity Church Choir, New-York, give their first Madrigal Matinée, at Clinton Hall corner of Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, on SATURDAY, Sept 19, at 5 o'clock P. M.

N. B.—In order to accommodate professional singers engaged to lead the several parts, the rehearsals will be held on Saturdays, at 5 o'clock P. M., as above.

Subscription to rehearsals and six concerts, $1 50.

GREAT FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—Goods will be received and located on and after TUESDAY, Sept. 7. Entrance on 40th-st. Exhibitors are requested to send their articles without delay

F. W. GEISSENHAINER, Chairman.

John W. Chambers, Secretary.

BROOKLYN INSTITUTE.—SECOND AND LAST WEEK of Signor BLITZ. The LEARNED CANARY BIRDS, NEW SCENES in VENTRILOQUISM, NEW FEATS of MAGIC. MONDAY, Sept. 6, and EVERY EVENING; commencing at 7¾; WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 3 o'clock. Admission 25 cents; children 13 cents.

THE CELEBRATED ABBOTT COLLECTION of Egyptian Antiquities is still on exhibition at No. 659 Broadway, day and evening. Admission 25 cts.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LADIES' NATIONAL EQUESTRIAN CONVENTION.

The Stewards request that the Lady competitors will meet at the Hotel of Mr. J. J. Snedecker, near the Union Course, at 12 o'clock on the 8th instant, for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements.

WM. M. TWEED, Chairman.

Thomas Picton, Secretary.

THE LADIES' NATIONAL EQUESTRIAN CONVENTION,

To be held at the Union Course, L. I., on
WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8, 1858,

upon which occasion awards to the value of One Thousand Dollars will be made to the three most prominent female equestrians. And the public are particularly notified that the prizes are delivered into the hands of the Stewards for the purposes mentioned, and also, that the greatest scrutiny has been exercised in relation to the moral standing and position in society of the fair competitors.

COMMITTEE OF STEWARDS.
The Hon. Elijah F. Purdy, Alderman John Clancy,
The Hon. Isaac V. Fowler, Alderman Charles Francis,
The Hon. F. A. Tallmadge, Geo. W. Varian, Esq.,
The Hon. George Briggs, Caspar C. Childs, Esq.,
The Hon. W. M. Tweed, Joseph Russell, Esq.,
The Hon. Anson Willis, A. M. C. Smith, Esq.,
The Hon. Jacob Cholwell, Richard T. Deming, Esq.,
Frank Queen, Esq., John Richards, Esq.,
Thomas Picton, Esq. Wm. Cauldwell, Esq.

The management of this festival, having received assurances that a large body of beautiful and accomplished female equestrians, from every section of the Union, will be in attendance upon the Convention, do not hesitate to promise that

THE LADIES' CONVENTION, ON WEDNESDAY,
will be universally acknowledged
The most novel,
The most interesting,
And most brilliant
Display of Female Amateur Equestrianism
EVER KNOWN TO THE WORLD!

In addition to a number of entries as competitors for the premiums from our own City, the Managers have received authority to enrol the names of the most distinguished ladies from

Philadelphia,
Troy,
Newark,
New-Haven,
North Carolina,
Harlem,
Long Island,
Newport,
Connecticut,
Ohio, etc., etc.

So it is confidently expected that there will be not less than

ONE HUNDRED ACCOMPLISHED AMATEURS,
Who will participate in the exercises of the day, and exhibit, probably for the only time in public,
THE NOBLE QUALITIES OF EQUESTRIANISM
As a means of developing
THE GRACE AND BEAUTY OF THE FEMALE FORM.

Fearing that some ladies may have misconstrued the time limited for the entries for

COMPETITION FOR THE PREMIUMS,

The managers give notice that they will receive the names of ladies desirous of participation up to the evening of the 7th, after which time the managers cannot be expected to furnish to any lady a suitable horse, should she come unprovided with an animal.

In addition to the competition for the premiums, will be given

A TRIAL OF SPEED.

Open to any lady who may attend the assembly. Nominations to be made upon the ground, without fee, expense or charge, and a suitable

TESTIMONIAL TO BE AWARDED THE VICTOR.

In accordance with the wishes of some of the more daring and dashing of the ladies, who desire to impose a further test to those required by the original plan of the Convention, the management announce

A HURDLE RACE.

Entries to be made on the morning of the Convention. The hurdles to be four feet in height, and the distance of the race a mile and a quarter.

ORDER OF EXERCISES,
which will be interspersed by music by a
CELEBRATED CORNET BAND,
who will perform a variety of
POPULAR AIRS, WALTZES AND MARCHES.
GRAND CAVALCADE OF LADIES,
introductory to the
FETE DE MENAGE,
wherein the amateur competitors will exhibit every variety and style of
ELEGANT EQUITATION,
by means of which the Stewards will be enabled to judge of the superior merits of the
FAIR COMPETITORS
in the art of horsemanship and in the management of
THAT NOBLE ANIMAL—THE HORSE.

The management are happy to announce that this part of the exercises will be under the immediate supervision of Mr. E. C. SEDGWICK, the popular proprietor of the Williamsburg Equestrian Institute, assisted by a corps of competent equerries. Then will come the

FEMALE HURDLE RACE.

By all ladies desirous of conjoining. To terminate with

THE GRAND TRIAL OF SPEED,

free of entry to all ladies who may desire to participate in this exciting and brilliant portion of the programme.

The Exercises of the Convention will commence at 3 o'clock, but the Course will open to carriages at 12 o'clock M.

THE PRICE OF ADMISSION

To all parts of the course field as well as the stands, wil be fixed at the single rate of

ONE DOLLAR PER PERSON.

The Grand Stand being, however, exclusively reserved for ladies and gentlemen accompanying them, and for the members of the Press.

With regard to private carriages, hacks or public vehicles, no charge will be made for the admission of the drivers.

MEANS OF CONVEYANCE.

The Long Island Railroad Company will run special trains to the Course from their dépôt at the South Ferry, Brooklyn, at
Twelve o'clock, noon,
One o'clock P. M., and at
Quarter past Two P. M.

Returning at the close of the Exercises.

The Course can likewise be reached by the Brooklyn City Railroads, and by stages from Williamsburg.

Perfect order will be preserved by a numerous force of the Metropolitan Police, under the immediate supervision of the Hon. F. A. Tallmadge, the Superintendent General of the Police, as well as by the Sheriff of Queens County and his Special Deputies.

No Gambling or intoxicating liquors will be permitted on or in the vicinity of the Course.

Ladies who have entered for participation in the exercises, will find suitable apartments for robing at the hotel of Mr. John I. Snediker, near the course, which have been assigned to them, with suitable attendance, at the expense of the management.

THOMAS THORP, } Managers.
PHILIP LEVY. }
No. 131 Bleecker-street, New York.

UNION COURSE, LONG ISLAND.—TROTTING.—On Thursday, Sept 9 at 3 o'clock, P. M. Free purse—$250; mile heats best three in five, to wagons. James McMann names gr. g. Grey Eddy, from Philadelphia. Mr. Lovett names b. m. Lady Woodruff. This will be Eddy's first appearance on the turf for over a year, and likely to be one of the best trots we shall witness for a long time to come. The cars will leave South-ferry, Brooklyn, at 2 o'clock P. M. precisely, for the track, and will return as soon as the trot is over. Fare to go and return 50 cents. SHAW & WHITE, Proprietors.

MRS. SEGUIN, PRIMA DONNA OF THE late Seguin Opera Troupe, begs to inform her pupils and the public, that she has returned from Europe, and resumes her lessons to those studying for the parlor, church, concert-room or stage. Address, No. 9 St. Clements-place, Macdougal st., near 8th-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

SPRINGFIELD HORSE FAIR.—AT AUCTION, an Andalusian Jack, 13½ hands high imported last Fall from Malaga, Spain. This magnificent animal will be exhibited at the Springfield Fair, Hampton Park, on the 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th of Sept., and sold to the highest bidder on the 17th inst., at 2 P. M., if not previously disposed of at private sale. The attention of breeders is particularly called to this sale, as it affords a rare opportunity of getting a splendid large Jack at a low figure, of the best mule-getting breed.

LIGHT WAGONS FOR THE ROAD—Which cannot be surpassed for style, weight and strength. Price, $100 and $110 each. Dealers would do well to call and examine our wagons. SHEPHERD & TITUS, Nos 25 and 27 Grand-st., Williamsburg, L. I.

FURNITURE

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE, IN all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished in landscape fresco, fruit and flowers, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURniture, in all colors and styles. Wholesale and retail, At prices from $25 and upwards
WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., (old No. 38.)
Four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—MINISTERS OF CHRIST.—A student having just completed his Theological course, desires to become somehow associated in work with a preacher of experience, or an aged minister of the Gospel, whose experience and position would be valuable to one who wishes to be useful in, and well prepared for the Gospel ministry. Presbyterian connection preferred. Address THEOLOGUE, Station B Post-Office, New-York.

PRINTERS' CARDS.

PRINTERS' AND ENGRAVERS' CARDS of all colors and sizes, cut and in sheets; warranted not to peel or fill up the type. Bristol Board and Enamel Cards of every description for sale at
JOHN J. LEVY'S,
Playing and Printers' Card Manufactory,
Nos. 177 and 179 Grand-st., near Centre.

DRY GOODS.

355 BROADWAY,
(Store formerly occupied by Beck & Co.,)
STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.,
IMPORTERS, JOBBERS AND RETAILERS,
have now opened,
AT RETAIL,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
FALL DRY GOODS,

Comprising choice selections of the NEWEST AND MOST DESIRABLE STYLES to be found in the European markets.

They would respectfully call attention to their stock, convinced that on inspection it will be found unsurpassed in variety and richness of Fabrics, adapted to

CITY RETAIL TRADE.
SILKS IN ROBE A TABLEAU,
ROBE A LEZ,
ROBE A DOUBLE JUPE,
ROBE A DOUBLE JUPE A LEZ,
ROBE A DEUX VOLANTS,
ROBE A QUILLE.
SILKS BY THE YARD IN GREAT VARIETY,
ALSO,
A complete assortment of PLAIN and FANCY FABRICS, consisting of PRINTED ROBES DE CHAMBRE,
in CASHMERE DE CHINE and ECOSE.
CASHMERE AND MOUSLIN DE LAINE,
A TABLEAU ET A LEZ.
DE LAINES, PLAIN AND PRINTED MERINOS, POPLINS, SHAWLS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES, IRISH LINENS, LINEN SHEETINGS AND TABLE LINENS, WHITE GOODS.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH PRINTS.
BLANKETS, FLANNELS, &c., &c.
LACES, EMBROIDERIES. Also
FAMILY MOURNING GOODS IN EVERY VARIETY

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Are now offering their entire Stock of
FAMILY AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS
AT RETAIL.
This Department contains every article necessary for
FAMILY AND HOTEL PURPOSES,
All of which will be offered at the lowest market prices
ALSO,
400 pairs Rich Lace Curtains, from auction, much under price.
Canal-st., corner of Mercer.

NEW RIBBON, TRIMMING AND EMBROIDERY STORE.
MITCHELL & McLINTOCK,
NO 599 BROADWAY,
Opposite Metropolitan Hotel.
Just opened with a splendid stock of the above goods—Wholesale and Retail.

NOVELTIES
IN
STELLA, BROCHE AND PLAID SHAWLS,
Will be offered at retail,
MONDAY, SEPT. 6.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Canal, corner Mercer-st.

NEW FALL STOCK.
DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, &c.,
CHEAP FOR CASH OR SHORT CREDIT,
CUMMING, SIMPSON & ARMSTRONG,
NO. 146 BROADWAY, CORNER OF LIBERTY-ST

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Have now open,
AT RETAIL,
Their Fall importation of
FANCY DRESS AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.
All of which have been selected with great care especially
FOR THE CITY TRADE.
Citizens and strangers are invited to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Canal, corner Mercer.

FAMILY MOURNING GOODS.
BOMBAZINES, DE LAINES, ALPACAS, VALENCIAS, PLAIDS, POPLINS, CRAPES, CRAPE VEILS, &c., &c.
An unrivaled assortment for sale by
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE, & CO.
Nos. 309 and 311 Canal-st., corner Mercer.

AT RICHMOND'S,
No 587 Broadway,
Opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

Will open on Monday, the 6th inst, about as handsome a Stock of Embroideries and Lace Goods, Ribbons, Mourning and Illusion Goods as ever came into this market, at very moderate prices. Real Round Point Lace Sets from $15 to $30. Bajou's Best Kid Gloves, 88c.; Children's, 63c The celebrated Tournure Steel Bustle Skirt Reduced to $2 50, acknowledged to be the best.

The Ladies' Dress Cap and Head-Dress Department, under the personal superintendence of Mrs. Richmond. Patterns received monthly.

The Trade supplied. RICHMOND'S,
No. 587 Broadway.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS.
R. S. MILLS & CO.,
Have removed to Nos. 342 and 344 Broadway,
and are ready to exhibit their
FALL STYLES OF
CLOAKS, CIRCULARS, RAGLANS, &c.
Also, a large assortment of
FRENCH AND GERMAN MANTILLA SHAWLS,
all of which they are prepared to offer at low prices.

DRESS GOODS
AND
SHAWLS.
BOOTH & TUTTLE,
Corner of Chamber, Church, and Warren sts.

Are receiving daily new and desirable styles of goods in their line.

Confining themselves to DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS, they are able to offer a great variety, to which they invite the attention of buyers, for cash or short credit.

HARRINGTON'S CELEBRATED
PATENT CARPET LINING

Can be had of any of the principal jobbing or retail carpet stores in the City. Dealers and consumers are invited to call and examine. Manufactured under the supervision of the patentee, by the New-York Carpet Lining Company, J. R. HARRINGTON, Agent, No. 448 Water st. New-York. Carpet Lining and Harrington's Premium Cotton Batting, constantly manufacturing. All orders promptly attended to.

LADIES' CLOTH RAGLANS,
LADIES' CLOTH RAGLANS,
LADIES' CLOTH RAGLANS,
LADIES' CLOTH RAGLANS,
All the new styles and colors
At $3 50, $3 75, $4 25, $4 75, and upwards.
Our prices are 40 per cent. below other houses.
W. K. PEYTON, Manufacturer,
No. 264 Bowery, near Houston-st.

POPULAR TRADE IN CLOTHING.
F. DERBY & COMPANY,
Importing Tailors,
No 57 Walker st.,
West side of Broadway,

Have reduced the prices of all their goods, and have now ready new patterns of their own importation, which covers every QUALITY, STYLE and MATERIAL for gentlemen's dress.

NEW FALL GOODS.
JAMES GRAY & CO.,
have now opened a beautiful assortment of
SILKS, POPLINS, VALENCIAS,
MERINOES, DELAINES,
REAL LACES AND FRENCH EMBROIDERIES.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

RICH RIBBONS, MILLINERY GOODS, BONNET MATERIALS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS, &c., &c., &c.—As one-third of the stores of the City of New-York will be closed on Thursday and Friday next, on account of our fellow-citizens of the Hebrew faith celebrating the Festival of New-Year 5619 A. M., our friends would do well, and find it to their interest, to call on Mr. M. H. LICHTENSTEIN, No. 387 Broadway, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next, at his store, as it will be closed, as announced above, on Thursday and Friday, thereby avoiding being disappointed in obtaining great bargains of his well-assorted and extensive stock of the above goods.

WILLIAM EMBERSON—NO 353 EIGHTH-av., corner of 28th-st, has now in store a stock of French and British goods, which, for variety, novelty, and beauty, cannot be surpassed, consisting of lace goods and embroideries, lace and thread veils, collars and sleeves, bands, edgings, insertions, kid gloves, black lace mits, Lisle thread gloves, ribbons, trimmings, drab bonnets with capes, from 3s. up. Also, a great many other goods, too numerous to mention, and receiving daily from auction, which he will sell cheap. No. 353 8th-av., New-York.

FALL MILLINERY.—MRS. DAVIDSON HAS the pleasure to inform merchants and milliners that she is now prepared to exhibit the very latest styles of Paris Fall and Winter Millinery, at her new showrooms, No. 125 Bleecker-st, west of Broadway

PARIS MILLINERY.—MADAME FERRERO, No. 5 Great Jones-st., 7 doors from Broadway, respectfully announces that she has just received a select assortment of Fall Millinery, Caps, Head-dresses, Feathers, Flowers, Laces, &c., selected by herself in Paris.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
TOYS, FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.,
No. 43 Liberty-st., (up stairs.)

Having removed the entire stock of Messrs. Jolley & Tiers to No. 43 Liberty-st. I would respectfully call the attention of country buyers and the trade generally to the same, as it contains a large variety of staple and fancy goods, which will be sold for cash, at extremely low rates.

EDWARD HEN, Assignee of Jolley & Tiers.

PATENT COTTON TWINES.
3 600 bales Sloats,
1,200 bales Congress,
600 bales Warners,
2,000 bales "C." Candle Wick, for sale by
DAWLEY & FURMAN, No. 26 Cortlandt st.

DOORS, SASHES AND BLINDS,
Made in the best manner, of the very best material, and on short notice, by
CHARLES WHITLOCK,
No. 144 Grand-st.

TWINES AND CORDAGE
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Low down for cash
J. P. TRAVERS, No. 46 Beekman-st., New-York.

OFFICE FOR PROCURING
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.
J. P. PIRSSON, No 7 Wall-st., New-York.
A pamphlet of information sent free.

SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH CABLE FOR SALE.—By the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company, in lengths to suit purchasers; about 33 miles of superior quality, large size Submarine Telegraph Cable, with three conducting wires, manufactured to order by Kuper & Company of London. For particulars inquire of R. W. LOWBER, Secretary, No. 61 Wall-st

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

RARE AND VALUABLE LONDON BOOKS.

The subscriber is now opening some books just received from Europe, embracing a very valuable assortment of both new and old. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine this stock. The lowest cash prices are marked on the first volume of each set. Among these books the following are named:

Sebastian Brandt, Ship of Fools, in Black Letter, English, small fol. London, 1508; scarce. Priced in Longman's Catalogue London, at £84....$20
Sir Wm. Davenport's Works. Fol, 1673....6
M. Poli, Synopsis Criticorum. 5 vols., fol. London, 1669....25
Bishop Manton's Works 4 vols., fol 1681....15
Macklin's great Edition of the Holy Bible, with all the original fine plates. 7 vols., impl. 4to., full Russia extra, gilt; fine copy. A. D. 1800. Priced in Longman's Catalogue at £54....85
Lord Selden's Works, complete. 6 vols., fol. 1726....25
M. de Cabasio, Concordantiæ, Sacrorum Bibliorum, Hebr. 4 vols., fol. 1747....18
D. Augustini. Opera Omnia. 11 vols., fol. Parisi, 1651. Priced in Longman's Catalogue at £11 11s....40
Encyclopædia Britannica. 6th edition. 26 vols., 4to.; half calf....50
Official Catalogue of the Great London Exhibition. 6 vols., 4to.; new red morocco, extra gilt....50
Edinburgh Review. Full set to 1850. 93 vols., half calf....80
Bipontine Latin Classics. 100 vols.; bds....40
Bedæ, Opera Omnia. 8 vols., fol.; calf. 1563....20
Bowyer's splendid Edition of Hume's History of England. 10 vols, imp. 4to.; full Russia extra. Splendid copy....60
Dibdin's Bibliographical Tour in France and Germany. 3 vols., royal 8vo.; extra super new morocco, gilt. 1821....40
R. Watts' Bibliotheca Britannica; or, A General Index to Foreign Literature. 4 vols., 4to.; half calf. London. 1824....35
Ned Ward's Works, complete. 20 vols., 8vo; new, calf, extra. London. 1724; very scarce....65

Also among this stock will be found a great variety of illustrated books, Numismata, Heraldry, &c. The lowest prices invariably put on the books

T. W. REEVE, Importer of Books,
No. 138 Fulton-st., up stairs,
between Broadway and Nassau.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY.
BRANDON;
OR, A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.
A TALE OF THE AMERICAN COLONIES.
BY OSMOND TIFFANY, ESQ.
12mo., cloth $1.

From the New-York News.

This work possesses peculiar attractions. The sketches are instinct with a living and vivid power. The heroine of the story, Lucy Tyrrell, is a real character; and the work is consequently quite as much matter of fact as fiction. It is a book in all respects unexceptionable, and in many respects worthy a place among the classic literature of the land.

From the Springfield Republican.

This is a work of high literary merit, and of unusual interest to American readers. It illustrates the most interesting period of our history—the age of American chivalry—and it gives us a true picture of the opinions and habits, as well as leading personages of that eventful period.

NOW READY, SECOND EDITION OF
EDDIES ROUND THE RECTORY.
BY OWEN VARRA. Paper, 38 cts.
"They are eddies of a sweet and sparkling current."—*News*
STANFORD & DELISSER, Publishers,
No. 508 Broadway.

AGNES,
A NOVEL,
BY THE
AUTHOR OF "IDA MAY,"
of which over
60,000 COPIES
have been sold.
The above work will be published Sept. 11.
1 vol., 12mo. Price $1 25.
Orders from the trade respectfully solicited.
PHILLIPS, SAMPSON & CO.,
Publishers, Boston.

SCHOOL AND HOME JOURNAL.—A Monthly, at One Dollar per year. First number for September, now ready. Send for specimen copies.
MARCIUS WILLSON, Publisher and Proprietor,
No 321 Broadway, New-York.

STATIONERY.

MACHINE-MADE ENVELOPES.
The attention of
WHOLESALE STATIONERS, BOOKSELLERS, AND
THE TRADE GENERALLY,

is invited to the quality, price and style of our extensive assortment of ENVELOPES. The facilities which we possess for manufacturing, enable us to offer

BETTER GOODS AT LOWER PRICES
than any other house in the Trade.
We have removed to the large and convenient store
NO 172 WILLIAM STREET,
NEAR BEEKMAN,
where we shall be happy to have the Trade call and examine our stock.
Samples forwarded free of expense on application.
BUTLER & BRYAN,
No. 172 William-st., New-York.

SLOTE & JANES,
Stationers, Printers and Blank-Book Manufacturers,
No. 93 Fulton-st Orders respectfully solicited.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL, NO. 45 MAIDEN LANE—Solicit orders for any style of Blank Book, Stationery, or Job Printing; prices low. We offer a fresh stock of Goods, and have every facility for the prompt execution of orders.

SHIRT STORE

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.—
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
AT NO. 106 CHATHAM-ST.

WHITE SHIRTS MADE BY HAND,
AS CHEAP AS 75 CENTS.

ELEGANT COLORED SHIRTS,
OF THE LATEST PATTERNS, AT 75 CENTS.

WHITE SHIRTS WITH LINEN BOSOMS,
ARE SOLD AT $1,
AT NO. 106 CHATHAM-ST.

BEST FITTING MARSEILLES, BRILLIANT,
WHITE AND COLORED SHIRTS,
MADE TO ORDER
AT SHORTEST NOTICE,

UNDER GARMENTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES,
AT NO. 106 CHATHAM-ST.

DOUBLE BREASTED FIRE SHIRTS,
WITH COVERED BUTTONS,
OF BEST DOUBLE TWILLED MADDER DYED
RED FLANNEL, AT $1 50.

SILK, WOOLEN AND COTTON
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS
OF ALL SIZES AND TEXTURES.
AT NO. 106 CHATHAM-ST.

SILK, WOOLEN, MERINO AND COTTON SOCKS,
CHEAPER THAN EVER.

POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS,
SUSPENDERS GLOVES,
NECK-TIES AND HANDKERCHIEFS,
TO SUIT EVERY TASTE AND PURSE.

KNITTED WOOLEN SACKETS,
OVERSHIRTS AND OVERALLS,
IN THE GREATEST VARIETY.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY THIS CONCERN
ARE MADE BY HAND, AND
WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION,
OR THE MONEY RETURNED.

FOR EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING GOODS, RETAILED AT
WHOLESALE PRICES,
GO TO NO. 106 CHATHAM-ST.,
CORNER OF PEARL.

IF YOU WISH TO BE TREATED
GENTLEMANLY AND POLITELY,
WHETHER YOU BUY OR NOT,
GO AND EXAMINE THE GOODS
OF THE SOCIETY FOR THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF
WEARING CLEAN SHIRTS,
NO. 106 CHATHAM ST.,
CORNER OF PEARL.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 806 Broadway, New York,
No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn.
Will commence in New York on SATURDAY, Sept. 25;
in Brooklyn, FRIDAY Sept. 24.

Mr. DODWORTH would take occasion to say that he has long felt the necessity of introducing a system of instruction for the use of the younger pupils, by which the exercise of dancing would be of more benefit physically, and more useful in the development of graceful movement, than it has been of late years. The facility with which the Polka and similar dances of the present time are acquired, has induced many to neglect those exercises that were formerly indispensable. To that neglect, as one of the causes may be attributed the appearance of so many round-shouldered young misses of the present generation. They are sent to school and allowed to stoop over their desks without intermediate exercise, until the growing frame assumes the position in which it has been so long restrained; they are then sent to a teacher of dancing, with the expectation that by learning the Polka, Schottische and a few other dances, all this will be remedied and that they will at once become graceful women. Surely these things should be better understood. Were children sent to dancing early in life, at intervals during their necessary studies, and the teacher allowed to exercise them in such a manner, and in such dances (in addition to the fashionable ones) as would add grace to the figure, walk, and every movement, something would then be gained consistent with the true object of this valuable accomplishment. Anxious to restore the art to its former usefulness, Mr. Dodworth instructed his classes in that acknowledged graceful study, the "Minuet de la Cœur," and other dances of similar usefulness. The evident success of this course in its effect upon the pupils encouraged him to give more attention to Dancing as connected with Calisthenics; and, during his late tour through Germany, France and Great Britain, he made it his business to call upon the most prominent teachers, and consult with them in regard to the best methods of accomplishing those desirable results. He hopes, therefore, to have gained such information as will, in addition to his own experience, enable him to present to his pupils a system that will not only make them dance the Polka, but will improve their health, figure and walk, and, consequently, have a salutary effect upon every movement in life.

During his European tour of this season, Mr. Dodworth has had favorable opportunities of studying the peculiar dances of Poland and Hungary so popular at the present time in Vienna. Some of these, with other novelties, will be introduced at the earliest moment of the present season.

Circulars may be had at either Academy.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 59 West 14th-st., New York;
No. 122 Clinton-st., Brooklyn

Mme. DUBRENE FERRERO and E. FERRERO respectfully announce that the above Academies will open on Oct 9, in New-York, and Oct. 12, in Brooklyn. Gentlemen's evening class on Oct 18 in New-York, and Oct. 19 in Brooklyn. All dances now in vogue on the Continent will be taught during the season. Strict attention paid to walking, standing, manners, and first rudiments of dancing. Schools and private classes attended. Soirees given as usual. Circulars can be had at the Academies.

ANY GENTLEMAN HAVING SEEN THE assault and arrest made by a Metropolitan Police officer on another gentleman at the corner of Broadway and Canal st., on the 1st of September, during the passing of the procession, is requested to leave his name at No. 7 South William-st., room No. 4, to further the ends of justice.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 8, 1858.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The DAILY TIMES is published every morning:—price Two Cents; served at 12½ cents a week; mailed, Six Dollars a year.

The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES—Three Dollars a year: two copies, to one address, for Five Dollars.

The WEEKLY TIMES—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Twelve Dollars; twenty copies, to one address, for Twenty Dollars. *Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more, will be entitled to an extra copy.*

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "New-York Times, New-York City."

Amusements this Evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Jessie Brown.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—The Heir at Law—Pas de Deux Waltz.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—L'Elisir D'Amore.

BURTON'S THEATRE—The Fortune Hunter—The Happy Man.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE—Madame Ponisi and Mr. G. C. Boniface.

BOWERY THEATRE—Ireland's Golden Age—The Magic Barrel—Nature and Philosophy—Fortune's Frolic.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—Thiodon's Theatre of Art.

PALACE GARDEN—Concert—Indian Performance.

WOOD'S BUILDINGS—Ethiopian Minstrelsy.

MINSTREL HALL—No. 444 Broadway—Campbell Minstrels—The Irishman's Shanty.

BROOKLYN INSTITUTE—Signor Blitz—Magic—Ventriloquism.

Ocean Steamers.

The *Canada* leaves Boston for Liverpool............Sept. 8

Mails Close at Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas..................3½ P.M.
North and West Way Mail..................................5½ A.M.
Western Mail *via* Erie Railroad.....5½ A.M. and 3½ P.M.
South and Southwestern Mail.........7 A.M. and 4½ P.M.
East for Boston, by Railroad.....5½ A.M. and 2 P.M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat..........................4 P.M.

☞ W. B. ZIEBER, of No. 106 South Third street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia, serves our Daily paper in any part of the city. Subscribers can also obtain the Weekly and Semi-Weekly.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The U. S. Mail steamer *Fulton*, from Havre and Cowes on the 25th, arrived at this port yesterday morning. Her news had been anticipated by telegram from Cape Race. We have added, however, various items of interest, and extracts, which will attract the reader.

Nothing bad been heard of the steamship *Asia* at Halifax up to the time of going to press this morning.

The State Conventions of the Americans and Republicans, for the nomination of candidates for State officers, assemble at Syracuse to-day at noon—the Republicans at Wieting Hall, and the Americans at Corinthian Hall. Whether a coalition of the two will eventually be made remains to be seen, though our latest dispatches would seem to warrant the belief that such a course is unlikely. The representation in each body will be very numerous, probably more so than in any State Convention ever before held. Our dispatches give the names of the different individuals spoken of in connection with the different offices, and sufficiently indicate the temper of the delegates and outsiders.

Returns of the State election in Vermont indicate, of course, the success of the Republicans. The Legislature will stand about as before. The vote for Governor in seventeen towns foots up 3,363 for HIGHLAND HALL, Republican, 2,118 for HENRY KEYS, Democrat, and 15 scattering—a net Republican gain of 220 over last year, and indicating an increase on the whole vote of about 3,000 over the majority of last year. The vote for members of Congress was about even with that for State officers, and the Republican candidates are elected by large majorities.

The Hudson River Railroad, at Fishkill Landing, was the scene of a very serious accident yesterday. A collision occurred between the cattle trains, by which five persons were killed and two were injured. One of the trains having stopped for some purpose, the other one, not having received warning in time, came up behind and ran into the first one, making a complete wreck of several cars. Two engines were coupled to the rear train, which being thrown from the track, ran into a large machine shop and were broken to pieces, after throwing down, in their progress, the large brick chimney of the establishment. We also chronicle this morning two railroad accidents in Ohio, which occurred yesterday, and by both of which lives were lost.

A proposition has been made to Government by the American Colonization Society, to take care of the captured Africans of the slave-brig *Echo*, on their arrival at Liberia, and subsist them one year for the sum of $50,000—the negroes in the meantime to be sent to school, and taught how to support themselves after the expiration of that period by industrial pursuits. It is believed that the proposition will be accepted.

The statement is made in our Washington dispatches that Judge JAMES B. BOWLIN, of Missouri, has been tendered the mission to Paraguay, and that it is confidently believed he will accept. He was United States Minister to Bogota, under the last Administration

The gold discoveries on the Platte River, according to a statement in the St. Louis *Republican*, are promising good results. The first diggings were half a mile from Cherry Creek, and others were found to yield well for a distance of six miles down the river. The distance of the diggings from the frontier settlements is about six hundred miles.

The American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions opened their forty-ninth annual meeting, yesterday afternoon, at Detroit. The attendance was quite full. The Treasurer's statement shows the receipts from all sources to have been $33,480, and the expenditures, $37,241, leaving, with the debt of the previous year, a deficiency of $40,870.

The Republicans of Massachusetts yesterday held their State Convention for the nomination of candidates for State offices. JOHN A. ANDREWS, of Boston, presided. Two hundred and twelve towns were represented by about 1,300 delegates. The present State officers were nominated for reëlection.

The Slavery debate between Parson BROWNLOW and the Rev. Mr. PRYNE was opened last evening at Philadelphia. The attendance was not very large. The debate is to be continued. BROWNLOW labors under a severe attack of bronchitis, and is in consequence forced to have his arguments read by another person.

The deaths from yellow fever in New-Orleans on Monday were one hundred. For the week they amounted to four hundred and fifty. This is an increase on the week previous.

The St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association inaugurated their third annual Fair, at St. Louis, Mo., yesterday. The crowd was very large and the display very fine.

Governor KING'S proclamation on the late arson and riots at Quarantine was received yesterday from Albany, and will be found in another column of this morning's paper. The Governor recapitulates the outrages that have been perpetrated on the Island; declares Richmond County in a state of insurrection, and calls out the military to aid the civil power in restoring order. There were rumors in the City yesterday that the National Guard had been ordered to the Island, but these rumors were premature.

Affairs at Quarantine yesterday remained very much in *statu quo*. The Governor's Proclamation was received about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and created a sensation, but no further attempts at violence were offered. More cases of yellow fever, outside the limits of Quarantine are reported.

The Commissioners of Health met again yesterday, when the matters of difficulty between the Commissioners of Emigration and certain United States officers was again discussed. The Health Officer was instructed to report upon the subject.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, a Grand Jury was impanneled. BILLY MULLIGAN, who was to have been tried for the assault on Mr. WEBB, of the San Francisco Vigilance Committee, was in Court, but Judge RUSSELL granted him the delay which he required. It will be remembered that when MULLIGAN was being tried for the same offence, before Judge RUSSELL, in July, he walked out of Court and was no more seen. We give fuller particulars elsewhere.

The general markets, yesterday, were very firm for Cotton, of which 2,000 bales were sold. Flour continued depressed, and prices of most kinds declined a shade. Wheat was in fair demand at uniform rates. A lively business was reported in Corn, at, however, easier prices for mixed Western. Rio Coffee was in active request, as was also Spirits Turpentine. Sugars and Rice were moderately dealt in. No important change occurred in other branches of trade.

The State Conventions.

Syracuse will be a busy place to-day. At noon the Republican Convention will assemble in one of its public halls, and the American Convention in another. If the question of union shall be decided negatively, both will probably complete their nominations this afternoon or evening, as there are only four officers (Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Canal Commissioner, and State Prison Inspector) to be named. But otherwise it is not improbable that a portion of to-morrow may be required to perfect the arrangements. If we may judge of the selection of delegates, both the Republicans and Americans regard the present as an occasion of no common importance, for it is seldom that Conventions are composed to so large an extent of leading men as are those which meet in Syracuse to-day. It is evidently believed by many, that the success of the Republican ticket depends on the course now taken; not so much indeed upon the selection of candidates, as on bringing about an effective union of the opposition. But even upon this point there is a difference of opinion, real or affected, which may lead to debate if not dissension.

It may not be uninteresting at this point of time, to recur to the election-figures of the last two years. In round numbers the vote of the State in 1856, stood thus:

Fremont	275,000
Buchanan	195,000
Fillmore	125,000

The aggregate was accordingly 595,000. In 1857 the aggregate was 439,000—a falling off off of 156,000. That was divided among the three parties as follows:

Democratic	195,000
Republican	177,000
American	67,000

It will be seen that in the Fremont campaign the Republicans, although they had the large plurality of 70,000, fell 45,000 short of an absolute majority, while in 1857 the Democratic plurality over the Republican ticket was 18,000, and the Republican vote was 85,000 short of the united votes of the other two parties. These facts would seem to urge upon the opponents of the Administration the extreme propriety of union. But how far their influence may be counteracted by considerations of a different character, the doings at Syracuse will soon inform us.

Meantime, while the Republicans and Americans are preparing for the contest, the Democrats are not idle. One week from this day their State Convention will also meet at Syracuse. There are rumors of difficulty, division and splits, in this City and elsewhere, among the faithful; but somehow that party has a wonderful faculty of presenting an undivided front on the day of battle. Nevertheless, the old distinction of Hard and Soft is vividly recognized, and, as is understood, by nobody more willingly than by President BUCHANAN. How far it will avail to trouble the Convention remains to be seen. The leaders are animated by a lively trust that the division of the opposition will make it easy for the Democracy to walk over the course, and the beatific vision of spoils will cause them to work hard for harmony. It would be just like their luck to succeed.

The Frigate Niagara and her New Mission.

The magnificent steam-frigate *Niagara*, so justly the pride of our Navy, is to be allowed no extended period of repose after the achievement of her great telegraphic enterprise. Orders have already been received from Secretary TOUCEY, directing her to proceed to Charleston for the purpose of conveying the negroes of the slaver *Echo* back to Africa. She will proceed upon this service under command of Captain CHAUNCEY, Captain HUDSON'S connection with her having terminated when he brought her to the Navy-yard on the 18th ult. Since that time she has lain at the wharf to gratify the curiosity of visiters, many thousands of whom have enjoyed an inspection of her interior, which has been permitted to remain precisely as it was at the conclusion of her telegraph voyage. Great changes were necessarily made to accommodate the cable and the requisite machinery, so that although the *Niagara* presents outwardly the same beautiful model as before, she is within something like a wreck. Only a few guns remain on board. Her famous battery of twelve Paixhan pieces having been taken out last Winter, may be seen on shore, near the dock where the *Niagara* herself now lies. To put her in readiness for war service would require months of active preparation. But for her present African expedition this is not required, and she will move without loss of time. In fact, although a much larger vessel than is needed to convey three or four hundred Africans, she happens to be the only Government ship at present available for such a purpose. In her spacious apartments the poor negroes will find abundant room, and none of the horrors of the middle passage.

The promptitude of the Government in remitting them to their native shore is commendable. It is well that a statutory requirement precludes all option in the case. The speedy return of these negroes is manifestly the true course to be taken. Not that their wrongs can thus, or in any way, be altogether righted. But when once more in Africa it will be possible for them to regain their former homes, where it is likely they will never regret the civilization and happiness which the rice planters of the South had in store for them. We are not sorry that a timely opportunity has occurred to vindicate in the eyes of Christendom our professed hostility to the slave-trade. No more favorable occasion could have been anticipated. An American slaver is captured by an American ship-of-war. Her cargo is brought into the port of Charleston. When the Africans shall have been remanded to their own land, with liberal povision for their support and comfort, and the pirates of the *Echo* punished, according to law, we shall have no reason to blush for our country.

REBUILDING QUARANTINE.—Mayor TIEMANN has lost no opportunity for speaking his mind plainly in relation to the Quarantine, since the destruction. The Mayor boldly declared at the outset that he was in favor of adding some thirty more acres to the Quarantine ground, surrounding them with a high brick wall, rebuilding the hospitals on their old sites, and placing an armed guard to defend them from incendiaries, as well as to prevent any escape from the inside. This plan is not original with the Mayor; it has been proposed before. At the last meeting of the Board of Health, the Mayor stated that the Board had been in favor of removing the Quarantine, but that since the destruction of the hospitals, the Board was in favor of rebuilding them on their old sites. And this, in fact, appears to be a necessity, for there is no other place where they can be built. If it should be determined to create an artificial island on Orchard Shoals, it would require some eight or ten years to complete the work; and in the meanwhile the Quarantine would have to be established somewhere, and that somewhere would necessarily have to be where it now is, unless some other spot could be found.

Governor King Heard From.

We have at last a proclamation from Governor KING, declaring Richmond County to be in a state of revolt against the laws, and commanding the public officers of the County to attend to their duties and punish the ruffians who were guilty of the infamous crimes perpetrated at the Quarantine on the nights of the 1st and 2d inst. The Governor is very slow in his movements, and his backwardness in taking measures for maintaining the law, and preserving the property, created a suspicion by no means unnatural, that he was himself in favor of the Quarantine incendiaries. The Governor was in the City on the night of the 1st instant, when the first attack was made on the hospitals; he knew the next morning that another attack was intended and that the people of the County had set the laws at defiance, that the Sheriff and Coroner, and all the other local officers, had refused to interfere to prevent the destruction of the public property and protect the lives of the inmates of the hospitals, and yet nearly a whole week intervenes before he takes the first step towards maintaining the public peace. And even now, while he proclaims that the perpetrators of the foul outrages at Quarantine are well known, he takes no steps for their arrest, but calls on the rebellious citizens of the County he puts under martial law, to apprehend and punish themselves. If no arrests are made on Staten Island of the incendiaries who destroyed the Quarantine Hospitals "until the returning sense of the people of Richmond County," anticipated by the Governor, shall lead to them, we fear that all the rioters and incendiaries will go free of punishment.

It was the Governor's imperative duty to remove the Sheriff of Richmond County and appoint another man in his place, the very moment that officer's neglect of duty was reported to him. It is a very great satisfaction to know, however, that the Governor has actually made up his mind that something ought to be done to maintain the dignity of the law and put down insurrection; in the course of another week, perhaps, something will be done.

A Hint to the Marines.

Not the least remarkable of all the strange occurrences that have taken place at the Quarantine ground during the past week was the reported conduct of the officer in charge of the party of Marines sent down there to protect the property of the United States. Captain RICH, if all that has been reported of him be true, entertains notions in respect to the duty of a military officer which we should hope are not shared by many other officers in the service. He seems to imagine that the whole duty of an officer in his position is done when he orders and maintains discipline amongst his men. If this is his notion, we and a great number of greater authorities beg respectfully to differ with him. There is a portion of the duty of a person bearing the commission of the United States of which we may be allowed to remind him, although it is not defined either in the articles of war or the regulations of the service, and that is the duty of behaving like an officer and a gentleman. In other words, there are a variety of things not usually wrong, which it is unbecoming for a person in Captain RICH'S position to do—although a civilian might do them without hesitation. To speak more plainly, just as it is improper for an armed military man, if threatened with an assault, to seek protection from the Police, so also it is improper for an officer to associate openly, and somewhat ostentatiously, or in fact in any manner whatever, with persons under arrest for criminal offences. It is not allowed by military etiquette in any army in the world, and we hope Captain RICH'S comrades and superiors will take note of the fact, and do their duty in the premises. RAY TOMPKINS is under arrest for a penal offence of a very grave nature, and stands accused by general report of the crime of arson, and therefore until he has been acquitted by a jury he is not a fit person for an officer and gentleman to invite to his table, or be seen in company with in public.

If Captain RICH were on board the *Sabine* or at the Navy-yard, it would hardly be becoming for him to fraternize publicly with such a person as TOMPKINS; but being actually in command of a party of marines at the Quarantine, he there not only smuggled TOMPKINS to his quarters in a barge, but sought to force admission for him to the Yard in defiance of the State authorities.

What has occurred on Staten Island within the last week is disgraceful enough, Heaven knows; but surely Captain RICH might spare us the additional scandal of witnessing hob-nobbing between an officer of the United States military service charged with the protection of public property from a mob, and the leader of that mob, even if he had previously been his bosom friend. The times, as Mr. EVARTS remarked at the meeting on Monday evening, are certainly sadly out of joint. Everybody seems to be growing more and more indifferent to the claims of honor, and decency, and law, and of all claims, in short, that are not enforced by a policeman and handcuffs. If even our soldiers begin to throw off all restraints not enforced by terror of courts martial, we shall presently be a pretty spectacle for mankind.

THE UNION MEETING AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE.—The meeting on Monday evening, although respectably attended, must be considered to derive whatever importance it possesses from its relation to the political necessities of the day. It was not what could be called either "large or enthusiastic." But those present were in some sort representative men, and the speakers were such as do not usually appear without being in earnest. If, therefore, the gathering, although moderate in numbers, was indicative in its spirit of the proclivities of the parties represented, its real significance may have been far greater than its size would imply.

The avowed object of the occasion was to concentrate the Republican and American vote upon a single ticket; and the time chosen for this effort, just in advance of the Syracuse Conventions. Influential men took part in that demonstration, who could be brought together by nothing short of an earnest purpose, and the speeches of Mr. EVARTS, Mr. BROWN and Mr. HOXIE evinced an unquestionable desire for union. But to-day the two State Conventions meet, and upon their action hangs the result. When that result is so near, it is better to wait than to speculate.

RAILROAD CASUALTY AT FISHKILL.—The collision at Fishkill Landing on Monday night, described in another part of this morning's TIMES, by which two men were killed outright and two others severely injured, appears to be due to the running of two cattle trains quite near each other. Both started, as would seem, almost together from Albany. On reaching Fishkill, a little after midnight, the forward train had occasion to be stopped on account of a heated box. Precautions of the usual character were adopted to check the advance of the train behind, but it was too near and under too great speed to be stopped. Hence the collision. There was a smash so sudden that some could not escape. An engineer and a drover were instantly killed. Another engineer and a fireman were crippled. Three cars were smashed and a number of cattle destroyed. Such were the results of running two trains on the same track with a small interval between. What the verdict of the Coroner's Jury will be, it is not, perhaps, difficult to guess, for we know what such verdicts usually are. The decision of public opinion, however, must be that this is one more instance of life sacrificed by want of care.

THE TELEGRAPH OVERTAKEN.—The last public dispatch passed along the Atlantic Cable contained the news, full details of which we publish at length in this morning's paper; and with all its promise of future telegraphic marvels, it is highly possible that the *Asia*, with three days' later intelligence, will be along to-day, and steam so beat the lightning. Would it not be well for Messrs. WHITEHOUSE and DESAUTY to take their hands from the lips of the ocean oracle, and let it speak? Or, if they cannot, with their inadequate contrivances, render it eloquent, is it not high time they stand aside, and permit HUGHES, with his unquestionable machinery, to give voice to the giant? The world wearies of thus waiting upon pedants and empirics.

THE NAVAL OFFICERS AND THE MUNICIPAL DINNER.—We publish a letter from the Chairman of the Cable Celebration Committee of the Common Council, this morning, which contradicts the statements of our correspondent "Navy." The Committee of the Common Council really appear to be blameless in the matter; and if the Naval Officers on this Station received no invitations to the dinner at the Metropolitan Hotel, they must blame the Commodore of the Yard for it. He was requested to furnish the names of all the officers of the station, but he refused or neglected to do it.

Amusements.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—The engagement of Miss AGNES ROBERTSON at this house commenced last evening, and there was a monster attendance to pay homage to the versatile and charming lady. The play was "Jessie Brown," with Mr. BOURCICAULT, its author, in his famous character of the *Nena Sahib*—Miss ROBERTSON being, of course, the heroine. Say what they will about the contemporaneous drama, it is the thing that draws. This little specimen of its production is about the best of the season, and will bear vitalizing on more occasions than the present. It was hugely enjoyed last night, and inaugurated Mr. BOURCICAULT'S season in a very triumphant manner.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.—The play of "Louis the Eleventh,"—BOURCICAULT'S version of the French piece, we fancy—was produced here last evening. Every reader of Sir WALTER SCOTT knows the character of the astute French monarch sufficiently well to appreciate the sort of hero he makes on the stage. The incidents used by the dramatist are singularly striking. Although a little heavy, the peace is effective, especially with Mr. COULDOCK as the principal character. The performance was generally good and the play successful.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—An English version of "Lucia di Lammermoor" was played here last night. Why an English Opera company should sing Italian music, when there are plenty of English works to be had, we are at a loss to imagine. Miss MILNER sang exquisitely as *Lucia*, and was fairly supported by other members of the company. It is impossible, however, to avoid comparisons in a work so well known as this, and these comparisons were not favorable to the male artists. We saw no reason, however, to change our opinion that Mr. STUART'S company is by far the best we have ever had in this City.

Shocking Accident on the Hudson River Railroad—Two Persons Killed and Two Injured.

A terrible accident occurred yesterday morning on the Hudson River Railroad, about 12½ o'clock, at Fishkill Landing, by which two persons were instantly killed and two others injured.

It appears that the cattle trains started from Albany on Monday night, for this City, and the engineer of the first one perceiving that one of the boxes of a car was too hot, the conductor ordered the train to stop, as it was dangerous to proceed with a hot box. As soon as the train was stopped, a brakeman was ordered to take a red light and stop the approaching train. To insure greater safety, the conductor himself went up the track some distance, and placed three torpedoes upon the track. The brakeman's signal was answered by the engineer, and the brakes applied; the torpedoes were also heard to explode, but such was the weight and length of the train that the brakes were unable to entirely stop it, and a collision, resulting as we have above stated, was the consequence.

The two engines, Rochester and Putnam, were coupled to each other at the beginning of the train. These, together with three cars, are entirely destroyed, being literally cut to pieces. A number of cattle and hogs are killed, and a number more so seriously injured that it was an act of humanity to kill them, which was done. The names of the killed and wounded are as follows:

KILLED—George Haywood, engineer, Albany; John B. Boswell, drover, Manhattan, Putnam county, Indiana.

INJURED—Charles B. Robinson, engineer, Poughkeepsie; Charles Rowe, fireman, Poughkeepsie.

Mr. PARRIS HAND, a drover, who was in the last car with the drover BOSWELL, had a narrow escape from being killed. He looked through the window of the car, and saw the train within thirty yards of him, and immediately jumped. This alone saved his life, as in another moment the car was in a mass of ruins.

The engineer and fireman of the first engine, Rochester, also jumped; the fireman, ALBERT BURLINGAME, escaping uninjured, but the engineer, Mr. ROBINSON, had his head badly cut in three or four places, and his hand and arm badly torn, but no bones broken. The collision threw the cars from the track, and the engines running into a large machine shop, broke them to pieces, and piled them upon the rocks. To add to this scene of ruin and desolation, the same instant the large brick chimney of the establishment tottered and fell with a loud crash amongst the ruins.

An alarm of fire was given at Fishkill about a quarter before one, caused by the burning of the broken cars, which took fire from the locomotives.

The firemen were quickly on the spot, and did all in their power in extinguishing the flames, and render what assistance they could.

Coroner E. P. TAYLOR, of Poughkeepsie, was called upon to hold an inquest upon the bodies, and up to the time when our reporter left Fishkill, a number of the principal witnesses had been examined. The inquest was adjourned until two o'clock in the afternoon.

The President, Mr. SAMUEL SLOAN, and Superintendent Mr. COHEN, arrived at Fishkill by the first train, and from their untiring efforts, and the number of men employed to clear away the ruins, the passenger trains were detained but a very short time.

Mr. HAYWOOD leaves a wife and two children to mourn his untimely death.

☞ The *Olive Branch*, a well-known literary weekly, is now published in Boston by UPHAM & DIX, both experienced and capable gentlemen. The editorial department is under the charge of Messrs. CHARLES C. HAZEWELL and J. T. TROWBRIDGE, whose literary reputation insures the excellence of their new undertaking. The *Olive Branch* numbers among its contributors some well-known writers. It deserves success.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Magnetic Telegraph Company's Offices—No. 43 Wall-street and No. 181 Broadway.

NEW-YORK STATE POLITICS.

The American and Republican Conventions at Syracuse.

Assembling of Delegates—Probabilities of a Union—Speculations as to Candidates, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

SYRACUSE, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The assemblage of two double-headed Conventions, with the attendant lobby, fills Syracuse to overflowing. The leaders were on the ground early; but, contrary to expectation, there were but few delegates present until a late hour this evening.

I never knew a Convention at which so few names of candidates were discussed. There is but one name mentioned for Lieutenant Governor, and that is Governor SELDEN. This being conceded by all, it is assumed that the Governor must have Whig antecedents. The only names actively discussed are those of Gov. KING, E. D. MORGAN and JAS. M. COOK. The actual contest is between the two latter. It is understood that MORGAN has the benefit of Mr. WEED'S personal feelings and exertions, which give him much strength. Mr. MORGAN takes the field in person. Mr. COOK is also present and in consultation with his friends. I think that either COOK or MORGAN will be the nominee, unless the friends of either unite with KING'S friends, in order to defeat the other. It seems improbable that Gov. KING can be renominated except by such a movement.

That a union will be consummated appears the general impression among both Americans and Republicans, but how to arrange the preliminaries is puzzling all. If an alliance is not consummated, it will be lost on the first movement. If once the parties get within hugging distance, they will embrace, for about the candidates which shall be allotted to each, there is no difference—the Republican having Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, and the Americans Canal Commissioner and State Prison Inspector.

The two Conventions meet at the same hour. Both parties have evidently sent strong men, and there is a more than ordinary infusion of the wire workers.

One fact is very marked—that is, the entire absence of men of high position of Democratic antecedents. Of course there are a few exceptions, like JENKINS, of Oneida, and VAN DYCK, of Albany. But, beyond these two, there are here no radicals whose names would be generally recognized. In fact, take out these, and the Convention has more the semblance of an old Whig conclave than of a Republican nominating body.

LATER.—The movement for MORGAN is likely to receive a check from the cold water thrown on his choice by the Americans, who have canvassed and found him wanting in the elements of firmness and decision of character. I think they will not support him if the Republicans put him in nomination.

General NYE is endeavoring to change the tide. He has the active assistance of a large Police delegation, as well as the coöperation of some connected with the Commissioners of Emigration.

It is understood among the Americans that if they nominate a straight ticket it will be made up of the best men in the ranks, and that assurances have been received that no American however prominent will refuse the use of his name even for the minor offices. If they are forced to a fight they will mount the heaviest metal.

DETONATOR.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The city is rapidly filling up with Delegates, and the representations, in the aggregate, will be larger than ever before assembled in a State Convention.

A train from Albany, at noon to-day, brought up eleven passenger-cars as full as they could be, and there are still not more than two-thirds of the Delegates here.

The outsiders are gathering in great force, a great majority of them being of the Republican stamp. A decided union spirit appears to prevail, so far as this outside influence is concerned, and very few Delegates talk any other way than for an alliance. The only difference seems to be on the manner of accomplishing it and on the equity and policy of the terms. Some of the Republicans express an unwillingness to unite except on consideration of abandonment of separate organization and union on a Republican platform, with an indorsement of the registry law and a requirement of one year's residence after naturalization. The latter plank will, however, be opposed by the German Delegates.

Other Republicans favor the adoption of a platform immediately on assembling in Convention; and the transmission of the same to the Americans for their approval, and if indorsed by them, then the appointment of a Committee of Conference on the terms of union. Still others advocate no platform, but the informal nomination of candidates on both sides, and then the appointment of a Committee of Conference to compare and make out a Union Ticket, and the adoption of simple resolutions of hostility to the National Administration Democracy; strongly favoring the Canals, and against the corruption of the ballot-box. The latter proposition seems to meet with the readiest indorsement. The Americans generally favor a union, and express a willingness to support the Republican candidate for Governor, on a fair division of the ticket. Any abandonment of the American organization or principles will be opposed by a large majority, and, if pressed, will prevent a union. Very few of the delegates speak against a fair union, but some threaten a withdrawal from the Convention unless the union contemplates the indorsement of the leading American principles, and a fair division of the offices.

The Americans of this Assembly District elected delegates to-day, and passed resolutions instructing them to oppose any union except on the grounds stated above.

Numerous candidates are talked of, principally on the Republican side, but all is confusion and uncertainty, for the delegates appear, far more than is usually the case, independent of any particular line of policy as to nominations. Mr. E. D. MORGAN appears probably the strongest individual candidate at the present moment. He is understood to be supported by THURLOW WEED and his friends, and will get probably thirty of the New-York votes. He is strongly objected to by the bulk of the Americans.

Mr. JAMES M. COOK, Bank Superintendent, makes a fight on his own behalf and appears now to be the principal opponent of Mr. MORGAN. Neither of the gentlemen seem to have decided strength enough for a nomination.

It is now ascertained beyond question that Mr. JAMES S. WADSWORTH could have been nominated by a large majority, but his last letter puts him out of the question.

Mr. E. G. SPAULDING will be presented by the Erie County Delegation. It is said that WARD HUNT and BENJAMIN WELCH, Jr., favor his nomination.

A ticket named by the Delegates from the Central portion of the State, and much approved by the Americans, is as follows:

For Governor—Timothy Jenkins, of Oneida.
For Lieutenant-Governor—Joseph B. Varnum, of New-York.
For Canal Commissioner—Lorenzo Burrowes, of Orleans.
For State Prison Inspector—Mr. Squires, (Ex-Member of the Assembly,) of St. Lawrence.

Mr. JENKINS is a Radical Democratic Republican; Messrs. BURROWES and VARNUM are American, and Mr. SQUIRES is a Whig Republican.

Another ticket puts forth Mr. JENKINS for Governor; Mr. PUTNAM, of Erie, for Lieutenant-Governor; THOMAS S. KEMPSHALL, of Rochester, for Canal Commissioner; and W. A. RUSSELL, the present incumbent, for State Prison Inspector.

Governor KING has not much positive strength, but seems to be likely to come in as a compromise candidate, if much of a struggle takes place on the others.

Lieut. Gov. SELDEN has written a letter stating that he will not accept a nomination for Governor under any circumstances, and is not a candidate for office—but, from his relations to Governor KING, that he will accept of a renomination with him on the ticket, if party deems it desirable.

From present appearances the radical Democratic branch of the party do not seem so largely represented as last year.

HORACE GREELEY'S name has been mentioned in connection with the Governorship, and he would be acceptable to the Americans.

There are not many American candidates in the field. In case of union, the only men named for position on the ticket are LORENZO BURROWES, JAS. O. PUTNAM, LYMAN ODELL, J. B. VARNUM and W. A. RUSSELL.

If no union should take place, which does not now appear probable, the Americans would probably nominate CYRUS W. FIELD for Governor. DANIEL ULLMANN has also been talked of.

Ex-Governor SEYMOUR and many other prominent Democrats are in town.

Both Conventions meet at noon to-morrow—the Republicans at Wieting Hall, and the Americans at the Voorhees House or Corinthian Hall.

LATEST.—The Morgan men are gatheing confidence and, apparently, strength.

A. S. UPHAM is talked of for temporary President of the Republican Convention, and TIMOTHY JENKINS, of Oneida, or JOHN MCLEAN, of Washington, will be the permanent President.

DANIEL ULLMAN is spoken of as President of the American Convention.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Selection of Judge Bowlin as Minister to Paraguay—The Sardinian Mission—The Colonization Society and the Captured Africans, etc.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

Governor ELLIS, of North Carolina, is here, and eports Governor WINSLOW as declining the Sardinian Mission.

Ex-Governor FOOTE and Ex-Governor BROWN, of Mississippi, are also in this city.

A report is current here this evening that a dispatch to the *National Intelligencer* says the Atlantic Cable is a total failure. The rumor is not generally believed.

Secretary COBB attended a meeting of the Light-house Board to-day, to consider applications for the Superintendency, made vacant by Com. SHUBRICK'S transfer to the Brazil Squadron.

Professor ALEXANDER has made no report of his operations in Europe, and the impression is that the appropriation of $5,000 will be expended without the slightest benefit to the country or the currency.

It is estimated here that the laying of the Atlantic Cable has cost the Government $275,000. The exact figures cannot be told until the *Niagara* is restored to her former condition.

Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

Judge JAMES B. BOWLIN, of Missouri, has been tendered the mission to Paraguay, and it is confidently believed that he will accept it. Several other gentlemen had been favorably named in that connection, but he had the superior advantage of prominence of political position, in addition to his fitness for the important station. He was United States Minister to Bogota under the late Administration.

The American Colonization Society have proposed to the Government to take care of the captured Africans on their arrival at Liberia, and subsist them one year for fifty thousand dollars; and in the meantime send them to school and teach them how, by industrial pursuits, to support themselves after the expiration of that period. There is every indication that the proposition will be accepted. The Secretary of the Interior will forthwith authorize the purchase of the necessary clothing and blankets to insure for them a comfortable voyage.

It is reported here that matters of domestic, and not of a political character, have induced Governor RICHARDSON to resign the Governorship of Nebraska. Nothing has yet been heard from Senator BENJAMIN, relative to the proffer of the mission to Spain; but it is now supposed by his most intimate friends that he will decline it.

A Board of Survey has been ordered to assemble at Albuquerque, New-Mexico, to examine into and report upon the loss, the difficulty and the damage to the public stores delivered by contractors to the commanding officer of that post.

Orders have been issued selecting the Sixth Regiment of Infantry, now in service in the Department of Utah, for the service in Washington and Oregon Territories.

Massachusetts Republican State Convention.

THE PRESENT STATE OFFICERS RENOMINATED.

WORCESTER, Mass., Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The Republican State Convention in session here to-day is largely attended, and the feeling is enthusiastic and harmonious.

THOS. D. ELLIOT, of New-Bedford, was chosen temporary Chairman.

After the transaction of some preliminary business, the Convention then permanently organized by electing JOHN A. ANDREWS, of Boston, President, with Vice-Presidents representing each County of the State.

On motion of the Hon. Z. GOODRICH, N. P. BANKS was nominated for reëlection as Governor by acclamation.

The Convention then appointed a Committee of seventeen on Resolutions, of which Col. SCHOULER is Chairman. Messrs. HALE, of the *Advertiser*, FAIRBORN, of the *Bee*, and ROGERS, of the *Journal*, are on the Committee.

A State Committee was also appointed of one from each Senatorial District.

The present entire State ticket will undoubtedly be renominated.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention, this afternoon, completed the State ticket by nominating all the present officers for reëlection, viz.:

For Lieutenant-Governor—ELIPHALET TRASK.
For State Treasurer—MOSES TENNEY.
For Secretary of State—OLIVER WARNER.
For Attorney-General—H. PHILLIPS.
For Auditor—CHARLES WHITE.

A series of Republican resolutions were adopted, after which the Convention dissolved.

Two hundred and twelve towns were represented by about 130 delegates.

Vermont State Election.

MONTPELIER, VT., Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The returns of the election of Town Representatives in 62 towns give the following result: No choice, 1; Democrats, 11; Republicans, 50. This result, as compared with last year shows that the Republicans have gained four and lost five. The changes are almost exclusively due to local questions and the liquor question, rather than to political predilections.

The returns of the vote for Governor in 17 towns foot up:

Highland Hall, Republican	3,363
Henry Keyes, Democrat	2,118
Scattering	15

Last year the vote in the same towns stood Republicans, 3,471; Democrats, 1,834; scattering, 107; net Republican gain, 220.

These returns indicate the election of the Republican State Ticket by an increase of about 3,000 over the majority of last year.

The vote for members of Congress runs nearly even with the State Ticket, and each of the Republican candidates is elected by a very large majority.

Pennsylvania Politics.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Tuesday, Sept. 7.

At the session of the Democratic Conferees of the Sixteenth Congressional District, after the fifty-sixth unsuccessful ballot, a resolution that in no event should the present Lecompton member (AHL) receive the nomination, was carried—the York and Perry conferees voting in its favor. The York Delegation have gone home. The Conference meets to-morrow, but will probably be unable to make a nomination.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The friends of Mr. NEBINGER, the Anti-Lecompton candidate for Congress from the First District, met this evening, in the old school-house on Carpenter-street, and the assemblage was so great that the floor gave way, falling seven feet. Nobody, fortunately, was severely injured.

WAVERLEY, N. Y., Tuesday, Sept. 7.

Hon. GALUSHA A. GROW has been renominated unanimously, in the Fourteenth Congressional District, Penn., for a fifth term in Congress.

Illinois Politics.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The *Republican* learns that Gov. RICHARDSON of Nebraska, has resigned, with the intention of returning to Illinois and canvassing the State for DOUGLAS.

American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions.

DETROIT, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The 49th annual meeting of the American Board of Commissioners opened at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the First Presbyterian Church in this city. The Rev. MARK HOPKINS, D. D., President of the Board, was in the chair, and called upon the Rev. S. C. AIKEN to lead the devotional exercises. The house was filled at the commencement of the services.

The Treasurer reported the receipts from all sources during the year at $33,480; expenditures, $37,241; leaving with the debt of the previous year a deficiency of $40,870. Two corporate members and five Missionaries have died during the year. Nineteen new Missionaries have gone out.

The Rev. George Shepard, D. D., preached the annual sermon at 7½ P. M.

The Slavery Debate Between Parson Brownlow and the Rev. Mr. Pryne.

Philadelphia, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The debate on the question, "Should American Slavery be perpetuated?" was opened, this evening, at the National Guard Hall. The attendance was not very large, but included a few negroes. The debate was commenced by Parson Brownlow, in a speech read by General Small, of this City. The argument contained the strong, sarcastic and humorous language for which Brownlow is remarkable, and was written in his usual loose and careless style; but, unfortunately, was not given with that peculiar emphasis for which he is noted. He argued that the perpetuation of Slavery is necessary to humanity and sanctioned by God, and will exist to the end of time. The Biblical extracts for proof of the argument, were numerous. He would make no defence of "that vile traffic, the Slave-trade," although he believed its evils were exaggerated. The latter part of the speech handled that unmitigated generation of human beings, the Abolitionists, without gloves, creating applause and hisses.

The Rev. Mr. Pryne followed in an argument of some force against Slavery. Both speakers are evidently reserving their strength for the close.

Missouri State Fair.

St. Louis, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The third annual Fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association was inaugurated, yesterday morning, under the most favorable auspices. The Missouri Brigade of Volunteers turned out in full force, and, after parading the principal streets of the city, repaired to the Fair grounds, where they made a beautiful display within the amphitheatre, and were reviewed by the commanding officer, Brigadier-General D. M. Frost.

After the inauguration ceremonies were concluded, several rings of remarkably fine draught stallions and mares, and a large number of splendid match carriage and buggy horses and mares were displayed, the States of Kentucky, Illinois and Missouri carrying off about an equal number of premiums.

The different departments are very full, the mechanical especially being much crowded, and altogether the fair is vastly superior to either of the preceding ones. The weather is clear and beautiful, and upwards of 25,000 people have been on the ground.

The blooded horses and cattle will be exhibited to-day, of which there are a large number on the ground.

Fatal Railroad Accidents in Ohio.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE HAMILTON AND DAYTON RAILROAD.

Cincinnati, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

This morning as a train on the Hamilton and Dayton Road was passing a turnpike near Cummingsville, it ran into a carriage containing D. P. Fessenden, wife and two nieces. The carriage was shattered to pieces, and Mrs. Fessenden was caught by the cow-catcher, carried one hundred yards and picked up a corpse. The others were thrown from the carriage with great force and severely injured.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE DAYTON AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

Dayton, Ohio, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

Two young men, sons of Dr. Ritner, of this vicinity, in attempting to arrive over the track of the Dayton and Western Railroad, were run into by a train. The younger brother, Louis Ritner, was thrown forty feet, and instantly killed. The other escaped, slightly injured.

Reception of Engineer Everett at Oswego

Oswego, Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1858.

Doolittle Hall was crowded with people to receive Mr. Everett. A congratulatory address was delivered by Mayor Crocker, and replied to by Mr. Everett. Speeches were made by the Hon. T. H. Bond, Albertus Perry, and others. After the adoption of a series of resolutions, and singing of an original hymn, the Assembly dispersed in great enthusiasm.

Non-Arrival of the Asia at Halifax.

Halifax, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

There are as yet no indications of the steamship *Asia*, now fully due at this port with three days later news from Europe. Weather clear, with a light N. W. breeze.

Yellow Fever at New-Orleans.

New-Orleans, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The deaths in this city yesterday, by yellow fever, were 100. The deaths for the week have been 450.

Wilmington Municipal Election.

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 7.

The Democrats elected to-day Thomas Young, their candidate for Mayor, by 11 majority. The People's party have elected their candidates for Treasurer, Assessor, and Alderman, and each party has elected three members of the Council—giving an anti-Administration majority of three.

Visiting Firemen at Boston.

Boston, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The Washington Hose Company of Albany arrived here by the midnight train, and was received at the Dépôt by delegations from most of the City Fire Companies. To day, the Albany Company are being escorted to various places of interest in the City and suburbs.

Sentence of a Criminal.

Bath, Me., Tuesday, Sept. 7.

David Y. Dudley, tried for the murder of Eliphalet Berry, was yesterday found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to five years in the State's Prison.

Later from Mexico.

New-Orleans, Monday, Sept. 6.

The steamship *General Rusk* has arrived here with Brownsville dates to the 1st inst.

The Liberals captured Tampico on the 25th ult.

General Miramon and the reactionists were hotly pursued.

General Vidaurri was concentrating 10,000 men at San Luis, with the intention of marching on the capital.

Funds were plenty.

A fearful gale and inundation occurred at Brazos on the 26th ult.

Yellow Fever at New-Orleans.

New-Orleans, Monday, Sept. 6.

The deaths by yellow fever in this city on Saturday were 89.

The Departure of the Canada.

Boston, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The mails for Europe, per steamship *Canada*, close at 9:30 A. M. to-morrow, and the steamer will leave about noon. Dispatches left at No. 21 Wall-street, by 11 A. M., will be forwarded.

Southern Ocean Steamer Movements.

Savannah, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The United States Mail steamship *Florida* arrived at her wharf at 9 o'clock this morning, all well

Sporting Intelligence.

Base Ball.—Gotham vs. Empire.—A match was played yesterday, at Hoboken, between the second nines of the above Clubs, which terminated in the defeat of the Gothams. The play was very good on both sides, and was even on the sixth innings; but the Gothams, in endeavoring to play against time in the seventh innings, got caught in their own trap, and were beaten; notwithstanding which, they gave up the ball with great good humor, and determined to go in to win next time.

The following is the score:

GOTHAM CLUB	Outs.	Runs.	EMPIRE CLUB.	Outs.	Runs
Dupignac, r. field	1	2	Haydock, pitcher	2	5
Seaman, 2d base	3	1	Myers, catcher	2	9
Jas. Forsyth, short	4	2	Smith, r. field	2	9
Smith, l. field	3	3	Russell, c. field	2	5
Jos. Forsyth, pitch'r	2	4	Cox, l field	3	4
Hackett, 3d base	2	4	H. Smith, short	2	5
Venn, 1st base	4	2	Loper, 2d base	3	4
Burtis, c. field	1	4	Gant, 3d base	2	4
Commerford, catch'r	1	4	Leavy, 1st base	3	3
Total		26	Total		40

RUNS IN EACH INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.
Gotham	0	12	5	0	7	0	2—26
Empire	9	4	2	8	1	0	16—40

Harlem vs. Eckford.—These clubs play a match to-day at Mount Morris-square, Harlem.

Fashion Match.—The nine who have been finally selected for New-York are Messrs. Thorne and Benson, Empire Club; Burns, Mutual; Pinckney, Union, of Morrisania; De Bost, Knickerbocker; Gelston, Eagle; Wadsworth, McCorker and Tooker of the Gotham Club; and on Friday next the fiat will go forth whether New-York or Brooklyn can produce the champion men of all the Base Ball players.

Cricket.—*The Long Island Sixteen vs. The New-York Eleven.*—This match will be played on the Hoboken Cricket Ground to-day, and will no doubt be largely attended.

Loss of the Bark Mayflower and Fifteen Lives.

The following is an extract of a letter received by Messrs. Muller & Kruger, owners of the ship *Cairo*, Captain Wooster, relative to the loss of the bark *Mayflower*:

Queenstown, Saturday, Aug. 21, 1858.

On Aug. 6 fell in with the bark *Mayflower*, of New-York, Captain Pratt, from New-Orleans, bound to Nantz; full of water, masts gone, and the vessel washing to pieces. Took off the Captain, two mates, one seamen, cook, and three passengers; fifteen lives were lost. On the 7th inst., fell in with the ship *Burling*, Captain May, of New-York, from Savannah, bound to Liverpool. Captain May took the three passengers on board of his vessel. He took some sail, rigging and a capstain from the bark, in all worth from $300 to $400. He has been two seamen short this passage; a seaman swam on shore or was drowned the night before sailing, the next day from Brunswick, one seaman was taken with fever, and died the 17th of August.

Escape of Convicts from the Pennsylvania Penitentiary—A Well-laid Plan.

From the Pittsburg True Press, 6th.

On Sunday morning, two prisoners confined in the Western Penitentiary, were taken from their cells, at 4¾ o'clock, and placed in the engine-house, for the purpose of letting off steam into the cook-house for cooking breakfast. These prisoners, Daniel Kingsbury and Thomas Burns, had been employed in the engine-house for several months, making repairs to the engine. Kingsbury is a very good machinist, and Burns, being a moulder by trade, did the rough work about the engine room. They had worked faithfully all the time—and by employing them in that capacity, the Warden had saved several hundred dollars to the State, which would have otherwise been necessarily expended in making the repairs. The keepers never had cause to suspect that the men contemplated making an escape, and hence the surprise of the watchman may be imagined when, upon entering the engine-house, after serving breakfast to the prisoners inside, he discovered that Kingsbury and Burns had scaled the wall and made good their escape. A ladder had been constructed from pieces of inch-boards, put together by bolts and screws, and provided with the necessary rounds. They had plenty of tools to work with, and had joined the boards by stealing a minute now and then, when the eyes of the keepers were not upon them. The ladder, which required to be about 20 feet long, to reach the top of the wall, had been kept carefully concealed under the large boiler, which is not used in the Summer season. Having got the ladder completed, they only awaited an opportunity to use it. They had also made preparations for letting themselves down upon the West Common by means of an engine-belt. All things being thus prepared, while the keeper was serving the breakfast, and in the stillness of the Sabbath morning, they put their well-laid plan into successful operation. It is but five minutes' walk from the prison to the woods back of Allegheny, and it seems that the fugitives took that direction. When they were missed, the police of Pittsburg and Allegheny were put upon the search, but little or no information was obtained concerning them. Two men answering their description were seen near Mount Union Cemetery toward the north. Colonel James Gray, while coming into the city, reported seeing two men near the first toll-gate on the New-Brighton plank road, several miles from the city. They answered the description of the prisoners in regard to size and general appearance, and it would seem that they took that direction. They would hide in the woods, however, at the first convenient point, and then pursue their journey under the cover of night.

Personal.

The Rev. Dr. Putnam and the Rev. Mr. Putnam both ministers of Roxbury, Mass., having returned from their Summer vacations, recommenced preaching on Sunday, taking the same text and delivering sermons upon the Atlantic Telegraph, which had been completed during their absence.

Prince Metternich arrived at Frankfort on Saturday, with his family, on his way to his chateau of Johannisberg. His vigor, and the gallantry with which he ran up the staircase of the hotel to greet a lady—herself eighty-two years of age—who was waiting to receive him, were the subject of general remark.

A gold chronometer watch, valued at $500, has been presented by the Boston Marine Insurance Companies, to Capt. George H. Brook, of the ship *Noonday*, as a testimonial for his efforts to save that vessel when she was nearly wrecked in the Banda Sea, in 1857.

Ezra W. Fletcher, a citizen of Whitinsville, recently deceased, left a legacy of $500 to the Circulating Library in that village. The Library was an excellent one before, but this legacy will greatly increase its extent and value.

The Young Men's Christian Association of New-Orleans has organized itself into Relief Committees, for the purpose of establishing Infirmaries for the benefit of yellow-fever patients.

Mr. John Pickett has lately given $10,000 to the Southwestern Bible Society of New-Orleans, La., for the purpose of stocking their Bible Houses with Bibles.

Gov. Newell, of New-Jersey, has appointed Edward W. Whelpley, Esq., to the Associate Judgeship of the Supreme Court, in place of Judge Ryerson.

All the iron furnaces in the neighborhood of Marietta, Pa., with three exceptions, have been blown out in the course of the last two weeks.

A Town Library is to be established at Milford, Mass. Thirteen Trustees were appointed last week, at a public meeting of the citizens.

Martin Koszta did not, as reported, die in poverty and want, but its living, in easy circumstances, in Medina County, Texas.

Mr. Barbee's statue of the *Fisher Girl* is on exhibition in Baltimore.

Miscellaneous.

The Hartford *Times* has the following in relation to the manufacturing industry of Connecticut: "A successful manufacturer in this county, in conversation a day or two since, remarked to us that in respect to the goods produced by American manufacturers, of nearly all descriptions, but especially cassimeres, satinets, etc., there has been a greater improvement of the quality, during the last year, than in any other six years combined, since the commencement of our home manufactures in the United States. Contrasted by the side of American broadcloths and cassimeres made ten years ago, the goods of 1858 look like the best imported articles; and it is plain that in a few years more the home demand will be supplied by American goods, equal to the best foreign made fabrics. Most of the small manufacturing establishments in Connecticut, during the past two or three years, have done as well, pecuniarily, in proportion to the capital employed, as almost any other kind of business; some have made money; and some have made a losing business of it, according to their several methods of carrying on their business. The experiment is being tried, satisfactorily by some, of avoiding the commission houses and relying upon their own sales."

Christian Jacobi, the alleged wife-murderer, who was rearrested through the exertions of Captain Bradley and Marshal Jacob Rehm, last Saturday, has been fully committed to take his trial before the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in the city of Pittsburg, next October. The excitement upon his arrival at that city was intense: more than 5,000 people having gathered in the dépôt to await his arrival for the purpose of lynching him, and it was only by a ruse of Rehm's that he was safely lodged in jail. During the scuffle, in which Rehm and his prisoner were both rolled in the ditch and severely trodden upon by the crowd, the Marshal lost his carpet-bag and had his clothing considerably torn. Mayor Weaver, of Pittsburg, to whose untiring exertions the arrest is in a great measure due, promptly paid Bradley and Rehm's bill of expenses, including all the telegraphing, decoy hire, &c., amounting to some $500.

The locality in Hartford on which the famous Charter Oak stood is now (says the Hartford *Times*) being cut up and laid out into building spots. Already the masons have commenced the foundations for new palaces; choice fruit and ornamental trees have been trodden under foot, and even the stump of the famous old Charter Oak has been dug up, and nothing now remains to mark the spot where the tree that protected the Charter of Connecticut once stood, and upon whose branches generations have gazed with wonder and admiration. Ere long, the precise spot upon which the tree stood may become a question of dispute.

Obituary.

Mr. Wm. H. Imlay, an old resident of Hartford, died in that city on Saturday, aged 78. He was one of the largest and most active proprietors of the Atlantic Dock enterprise at Brooklyn, and furnished considerable sums of money to push forward that work, at a time when his aid was essential to its success. He also made one of the largest original railway subscriptions ever made in this country. He subscribed to the amount of fifty thousand dollars to the Hartford and Willimantic Railroad, and at the same time he wrote a letter to the President of the Company stating that in doing so he had no doubt that he should sink at least $20,000.

David Whitman, one of the oldest and among the best cotton manufacturers of Rhode Island, died at Lewiston, Me., on the 30th of August, aged 59. He was deemed the best builder of cotton mills in Rhode Island.

A Murderer Respited on the Eve of Execution.

The Columbus (Ohio) *Statesman* says: The crowd assembled about the jail at Columbus on Friday to be near the hanging of Myers, was large, and men, women and children stood around for three hours in a drizzling rain, waiting for the execution to come off. The prisoner was to have been brought from his scaffold, and the arrangements were complete. The call at 2½ o'clock; the rope had been adjusted upon the Sheriff was in the act of bringing the prisoner out to prepare him for the drop, when the respite was received. The announcement to outsiders was greeted by no cheers and no murmurs. At 2 o'clock the Secretary of the Governor read the respite to the prisoner, and asked if he accepted or rejected it. Myers could not at once answer such an important question, but finally concluded that he would reject the respite, saying that he had received his sentence and was ready to be hung. He evinced no emotion whatever, and appeared to regard the respite granted him with the same indifference as he did the sentence of the Court. The question as to whether it was lawful and proper to reprieve a condemned man against his will underwent considerable discussion on the street yesterday. The Chaplain of the Penitentiary visited Myer's cell several times, but he maintained his stoical indifference throughout.

The New-Bedford *Mercury* says that an attempt was made on Saturday night to burn the Methodist Centre Chapel, in Fairhaven. Upon opening the church for religious services on Sunday, it was discovered that a quart bottle of spirits of turpentine had been scattered upon the floor and seats of the Chapel, and fired.

☞ **Great Fire in the Bowery!!!!**
STILL ANOTHER TRIUMPH OF VALENTINE & BUTLER'S ALUM PATENT SAFE.

New-York, Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1858.

Messrs. Valentine & Butler:

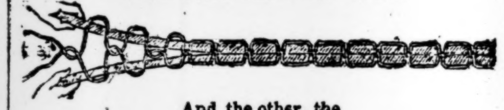
Gentlemen: On the 3d inst. the premises No. 13 Bowery, occupied by us, were entirely destroyed by fire. All our books, valuable papers, &c., were preserved in one of your Alum Patent Safes. The safe was subjected to a severe trial, having been in the centre of the building, which was five stories high and ninety feet deep. It remained in the ruins thirty hours, having fallen into a large bin of burning charcoal, which rendered it impossible to reach it sooner. On opening it we found, to our gratification, all its contents uninjured, excepting the bindings of the books, which were started by the steam—valuable papers, bank bills, &c., being in as perfect a condition as when deposited. These evidences of the great value of your safe when subjected to an intense fire, we shall be pleased to submit for examination when called upon to do so.

Respectfully yours,
H. A. PATTERSON & BROTHERS.

A complete assortment of the Alum Patent Safes, for banks, merchants and dwelling houses, for sale by
VALENTINE & BUTLER,
Patentees and Manufacturers,
No. 337 Broadway.

☞ **Grover & Baker's**
NEW AND ELEGANT
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,
No. 495 Broadway, New-York.

The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company have on sale two kinds of Machines; one makes the so-called "Lock Stitch" that is NOT Locked.



And the other, the
Lock Stitch that is Locked.

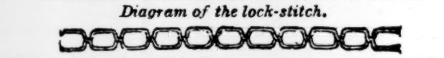
The latter stitch is made by a new and elegant Family Machine, just introduced, which sews a more beautiful and substantial seam than any other in the market. It merits the special attention of all who desire to get the most quiet, rapid, simple and elegant seamstress, best adapted to all varieties of family sewing.

☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜

They are the favorites for family use.—*N. Y. Times.*

☞ **Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.**—New and valuable improvements. A new Tension and a Hemmer, that turns hems of any width without previous basting.

OFFICE NO. 343 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Diagram of the lock-stitch.



This is the only stitch that cannot be raveled, and that presents the same appearance on each side of the seam. It is made with two threads, one upon each side of the fabric, and interlocked in the centre of it. *Send for a Circular.*

☞ **Freights**
FOR
NEW-ORLEANS.
INLAND ROUTE.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS CO. FORWARD DAILY EXPRESSES to NEW-ORLEANS, INLAND, carrying all descriptions of freight and merchandise.

Mark goods "Inland," and for further particulars, apply to
JOHN HOEY,
Office of Adams' Express Co., New-York.

☞ **Singer's Improved Sewing Machines for all Manufacturing Purposes.**—To ascertain the immense superiority of SINGER'S Machines, it is only necessary to inquire of any manufacturer or mechanic who uses one. Send for a copy of SINGER & CO.'S Gazette, which will be supplied gratis. It gives full information on the subject. I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

☞ **Herring's Patent Champion Fire and** Burglar-Proof Safes, with HALL'S PATENT POWDER PROOF LOCKS, afford the greatest security of any Safe in the world. Also, Sideboard and Parlor Safes, of elegant workmanship and finish, for plate, &c.
S. C. HERRING & CO., No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st., opposite City Hall, New-York.

☞ **Great Reduction in the Prices of Silk, Twist, Thread, Needles, &c.**
Having reduced the price of all the articles in our silk, twist, thread and needle department, we invite our customers to call and examine for themselves.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

☞ **Western Shippers,**
BY EXPRESS,
Will find it greatly to their advantage by ordering their goods shipped per
ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 59 Broadway,
TO
CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO AND ALL PARTS OF THE WEST.

Mark, "For Adams' Express Co.'s Lightning line."
Contracts given for time and rates, on application to
JOHN HOEY,
Office of Adams' Express Co., New-York.

☞ **Herron's Sewing Machine Company's** NEW PATENT SEWING MACHINE COMPLETE FOR $25.
The new improvement in this superior machine renders it the most desirable article for all family purposes offered to the public. The stitch is sure, its capacity unsurpassed. State and County Rights for sale on most favorable terms at No. 447 Broadway.

☞ **A Great Blessing to Invalids**—PARKER'S PATENT INVALID BEDSTEAD.—This Patent Bedstead has been highly recommended by some of the first surgeons and physicians in Europe and America, and no family should be without one. A model of the above bedstead is now on exhibition at MARSH & CO.'S Truss Office, No. 2 Vesey st., who is authorized to dispose of the patent-right for all the several States in America. This patent can be fitted to any bedstead.

☞ **Polar Star Lodge, No. 145, F. A. M.**—Members are requested to assemble at their Hall, No. 118 Avenue D, at 1 o'clock THIS AFTERNOON, for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to the memory of their deceased Brother John H. Blake. Members of the Fraternity in good standing are invited to participate. By order of the W. M. N. PECK.
Wm. Penney, Secretary.

☞ **Trusses of the Most Approved Kind,** female supporters elastic shoulder braces, ladies' belts, instruments for club feet, bow legs, weak ankle joints, curvature of the spine, &c., elastic stockings for enlarged veins of the leg, knee caps, &c., at Dr. GLOVER'S Truss and Bandage Institute, No. 4 Ann-st., under the Museum.

☞ **Bartholf's Family Sewing Machines.** They make a firm and reliable stitch.—*Ladies' Visitor.* It is an excellent Machine.—*New-York Express.* Principal Office No. 489 Broadway, corner Broome-st. Local agents wanted. Address Box 2,841 P. O., New-York.

☞ **Batchelor's Hair Dye.**—Wigs and Toupees. This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

☞ **The Metallic Tablet Strop.**—Invented by GEORGE SAUNDERS, A. D. 1816. This the genuine article, has never been equaled for producing the keenest possible edge to a razor. Can be obtained of the subscribers and sole manufacturers, J. & S. SAUNDERS, store No. 7 Astor House.

☞ **Torrey Adjustable Door Spring** will close the door or hold it open; the power can also be regulated to the size of the door; its simple and effectual operation has made it the favorite spring for doors or gates. E. P. TORREY, manufacturer and patentee, No. 9 Platt-st., New-York.

☞ **Radical-Cure Truss Office.**—MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey st., Astor House.—Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, and every variety of bandages skillfully applied. A female attendant in private rooms for ladies.

☞ **Barry's Tricopherous**
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, Try it. For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers

☞ **Atlantic Cable Charms,**
Made from the Atlantic Cable, and
MOUNTED IN GOLD.
To hang on Watch Chains, for sale at retail by
G. C. ALLEN, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor.

☞ **Wigs $8, Toupees $5, at Cameron's** Wig and Hair Dye Manufactory, No. 199 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, the only place where a first-rate article can be had at a reasonable price. For style, quality, perfect fit and natural appearance we challenge the world.

THE SEPOYS
OF STATEN ISLAND.
NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE,
issued this day, contains
A PICTORIAL VIEW
OF THE QUARANTINE
DURING THE ATTACK
OF THE SEPOYS
UPON THE DEFENCELESS SICK.
Also,
DODGER'S ACCOUNT OF THE
CABLE CELEBRATION
BY THE THIEVES.
GREAT GATHERING OF THIEVES
TO CELEBRATE THE MARRIAGE
OF TWO PICKPOCKETS.
EXCEEDINGLY RICH.
For sale everywhere.

EVERETT HOUSE
UNION-SQUARE.
The Everett House, Union-square, is unsurpassable in point of location and internal comforts and accommodations.
Strangers intending to visit the City should apply for rooms, if possible, in advance of their arrival.
HAWLEY D. CLAPP, Proprietor.

MARRIED.

Wakeman—Starr.—In this City, on Sunday evening, Sept. 5, by the Rev. John Dowling, D. D., Mr David Wakeman and Miss Mary Starr, both of this City.

Macfarland—Colby.—In this City, on Monday, Sept. 6, by the Rev. Thos T Hastings, Joseph E. Macfarland to Miss Sarah J. Colby, both of this City.

Watts—Tibbals.—In this City, on Monday, Sept. 6, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. F. S. Wiley, of Christ Church, J. Henry Watts, M. D., to Miss Henrietta Tibbals, all of this City.

Fowler—Dewey.—In Rochester, on Monday morning, Sept. 6, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Chester Dewey, D. D., Prof. Henry Fowler and Miss Elizabeth H. Dewey.

DIED.

Cassedy.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 7, after a long and severe illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude, Mary S., the second daughter of John and Elizabeth Cassedy, aged 20 years and 4 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 69 Carmine st., on Thursday afternoon, the 9th inst., at 2 o'clock.

Edwards.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 7, Mrs. Hannah Edwards, wife of John B. Edwards, aged 51 years, 5 months and 3 days.

The friends of the family are hereby invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 218 West 31st st., this day, (Wednesday,) at 4 o'clock P. M. Her remains will be taken to Bridgeport for interment.

Blake.—In this City, on Monday, Sept. 6, John H. Blake, in the 34th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, the Firemen, and Exempt Firemen of New York, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 62 Avenue D. His remains will be taken to Cypress Hills Cemetery for interment.

McGown.—In this City, on Monday, Sept. 6, Caroline, wife of S. Benson McGown.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday morning, at 10½ o'clock, from her late residence, 3d-av. and 126th-st.

Bechtel.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 7, at 2½ A. M., John D. Bechtel, native of Bremen, Germany, aged 41 years.

His friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 40 Tompkins place, South Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, without further notice.

Haskett.—In Flushing, L. I., on Tuesday, Sept. 7, Mary Haskett, relict of the late Joseph Haskett, aged 75 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her daughter, E. C. Marshall, at Flushing, this day, (Wednesday,) at 3 o'clock. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend, without further invitation.

Rowland.—In Greenpoint, on Tuesday, Sept. 7, Willard De Gau, only child of Wm. and Jane Rowland.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, the 9th inst., at 2 P. M., at their residence, corner of Meserole and 4th sts., Greenpoint.

The sweetest buds Death plucks for heaven.

Morrow.—In Jersey City, on Monday, Sept. 6, Margaret Morrow, aged 76 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the house of her daughter, Mrs. Durfee, No. 97 York-st., Jersey City, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

Hill.—At Green Island, Albany Co., N. Y., on Wednesday, Aug. 18, Abigail Ann Bowen, the beloved wife of Elder Royal Hill, formerly from Catskill.

"What a wife and mother should be, she was that."

McCall.—In Paris, on Tuesday, Aug. 17, Sarah, wife of the late Hamilton McCall, of New-York City.

LECTURE ON THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH,

BY THE "HISTORIAN OF THE ENTERPRISE."

MR. CYRUS W. FIELD will preside, and introduce the Lecturer to the audience, and the various Officers of the Expedition will be present.

MR. JOHN MULLALY will deliver a Lecture upon the *Atlantic Telegraphic Cable*, at Dr. Chapin's Church, No. 584 Broadway, on THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 9, at 8 o'clock, in accordance with the following request:

New-York City, Aug. 28, 1858.

John Mullaly, Esq.—*Dear Sir*: The interest which has been awakened throughout the civilized world in regard to the laying of the Transatlantic Telegraphic Cable demands that a full and authentic history of that great enterprise should be furnished to the public, by some competent person connected with the expedition.

The fact of your having been on board the *Niagara* from the time she first set sail from this port until after her grand achievement, and of your having been the constant observer and the faithful chronicler of every event connected with the great work, designates you as the man to satisfy the inquiring mind of the public.

We, the undersigned, your friends and fellow-citizens, believing there is no one more competent than yourself to inform the public upon this crowning effort of human energy and genius, hope that you will yield to our request, to lecture to such as may be interested in the Transatlantic Telegraph, at Dr. Chapin's Church, Broadway, upon any evening suitable to your own convenience, between the 1st and 15th of September next.

Very respectfully, your obedient servants,

Daniel F. Tiemann,
James T. Brady,
Peter Cooper,
Thomas W. Strong,
Wilson G. Hunt,
John H. Brower & Co.,
James B. Kirker,
James M. Cross,
Charles H. Marshall,
Lauriston Hall,
Pelatiah Perit,
Archbishop Hughes, D. D.,
August Belmont,
Homer Franklin,
Stephen Cambreleng,
Benjamin H. Field,
W. F. Havemeyer,
Ethan Allen,
E. D. Morgan,
George Peckham,
J. Mortimer Hall,
Marshall Lefferts.

Tickets 25 cents; to be had at the bookstore of JAMES B. KIRKER, No. 371 Broadway, at the principal hotels, music and bookstores in Broadway, and at the door upon the evening of the lecture.

NEW PUBLICATIONS
READY THIS WEEK.
I.
THE FIFTEENTH THOUSAND OF
TWO MILLIONS,
BY
WM. ALLEN BUTLER.
Author of "Nothing to Wear."
Price 50 cents.
II.
ON THURSDAY,
ELECTRON:
OR, THE PRANKS OF THE MODERN PUCK.
"I'll put a Girdle round about the Earth."
A TELEGRAPHIC EPIC FOR THE TIMES.
BY W. C. RICHARDS.

In which the origin, progress, and marvelous developments of the Sciences of Electricity and Magnetism are set forth poetically and practically for 2,500 years, from the time of Thales to the Submarine Telegraph, embracing every broad field of Electrical Discovery and achievement, and especially the last great Field of the Atlantic Ocean.

CONTENTS:

Invocation—The Amber-Sprite—Infancy of Science—Copernicus—Galileo—Newton—The Temple of Science—Electron's Trance—His Awakening—Electron Tortured—Attraction and Repulsion—Electron in Germany—The Electrical Machine—Electron Entrapped—The Leyden Jar—Franklin and his Kite—The Lightning Captured—The Kite in Europe—Franklin's Magic—The Thunder-Storm—The Thunder-Bolt—The Lightning Rod—The Northern Lights—The Arctic Aurora—Galvanism—Volta—Electron's Metamorphoses—Tale of a Tear—The Artificial Diamond—Shakespeare's Cliff—The Submarine Battery—The Telegraph Foreshadowed—Electro-Magnetism—The Telegraph Realized—The Avenger of Blood—The Electric Fire-Alarm—The Electrotype—Cause of Cholera—Table Turnings—Ocean Telegraph—Conclusion.

One Unique Volume, in Fancy Boards.
Price 50 cents.
III
ON FRIDAY,
LEGENDS AND LYRICS,
BY
ANNE ADELAIDE PROCTER,
(Daughter of the Poet, Barry Cornwall)
1 vol., 12mo. 75 cents.

This is the charming volume of fresh and tender poems, by the daughter of one of England's most honored and popular poets, which has lately been received with so hearty a welcome in England and America. Choice portions of it, copied by the press with lively praises, have found their way to the firesides of both lands.

READY NEXT WEEK.

THE LAYING OF THE TELEGRAPHIC CABLE; With all its incidents and anecdotes impressive or diverting; as well as fresh and reliable biographical sketches of Messrs. Field and Everett, and Captain Hudson. An authentic history for the people, complete and accurate, substantial and cheap. Abundantly and graphically illustrated with portraits, maps, views and groups, and representations of the machinery employed. 1 vol. 8vo. Price 50 cents.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

A new volume by a fresh and charming writer.
NOW READY AND FOR SALE AT THE BOOKSTORES
TRUE TO THE LAST;
OR,
ALONE ON A WIDE, WIDE SEA.
BY A. S. ROE.
One neat 12mo. volume, $1 25.

There is no writer of the present day who excels this charming author in the natural and home-like simplicity of his style, and the natural interest and truthfulness of his narrative. In thousands of families and Sabbath Schools his books are read and re-read with ever-increasing delight. The young and old, the quiet and gay, are alike fascinated by his pages.

Hogarth not more surely touches life with his wizard spell. It is transfixed and permanent; like Goldsmith's "Vicar of Wakefield," his books should be placed upon the shelf to show what American views and manners reveal, just as that simple tale tells of what comes from English institutions. He is an American truly and heartily; American in thought and feeling, American in tone and language. His books will live as graphic pictures of the times he delineates. Rather of the old school in Church and social privileges, he is sufficiently universal to make his delineation national. There is about him a complacency, a wholesome cheerfulness, a fertility of resource, a hopefulness, a glow and persistency wholly Yankee.

Rival editions of all his books have been published in England, edited by the Rev. Dr. Taylor, where they have already reached the enormous sale of 120,000 volumes.

The following are by the same author, for sale in uniform binding:

I've Been Thinking; or, The Secret of Success	$1 00
To Love and to be Loved; or, Strive and Win	1 25
A Long Look Ahead; or, the First Stroke and the last	1 25
The Star and the Cloud; or, a Daughter's Love	1 25

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

From the London Critic.

Mr. Roe is one of the most successful of American writers. He has originality of thought, and natural powers of invention.

From the New-York Christian Intelligencer.

Mr. Roe evidently knows how to touch the heart-strings; indeed he sweeps them with a master-hand. At one time we find it impossible to restrain the gushing tear, at another every risible nerve is in full exercise.

From the New-York Independent.

A. S. Roe, author of "A Long Look Ahead," and "The Star and the Cloud," is a fiction writer, whose works may be safely commended. He need not be compared with Scott, with Cooper, with Mrs. Stowe, or with Dickens; but in the charm of simplicity and naturalness, and in power, he ranks far, far above the common rabble of novel writers; and we may make such a conclusion from the two works of his which we have read, he has not published "one line which dying he would wish to blot."

From the Boston Daily Traveller.

It is not impossible that this author's rather peculiar novels may yet become a school by themselves, which will find imitators. They are unique, full of human nature, and what is remarkable in a writer each one seems to be an improvement upon the previous one.

DERBY & JACKSON, Publishers,
No. 119 Nassau-st., New-York.

*** Copies sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price.

PHELAN'S PATENT BILLIARD TABLES, with all the late improvements, always on hand and for sale at reasonable prices. Salesrooms Nos. 786 and 788 Broadway. Manufactory No. 63 Ann-st.

AUCTION GOODS.
BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO.,
Corner of Broadway and Pearl-sts.,
Have just received from auction,
1,000 pieces MERINOS,
500 pieces CASHMERE D'ECOSSE,
500 pieces PRINTED MERINOS,
Of the celebrated manufacture of
THIERION, MAILLARD, & CO.,
Will be sold by the lot or piece at a small advance.

ROBES A LEZ AND ROBES A DEUX JUPES,
In SILKS,
MOUSSELIN DE LAINES,
CASHMERE D'ECOSSE,
And MERINOS.
Just received by
BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO.,
Corner of Broadway and Pearl sts.

PARIS DRESS GOODS.
A SPLENDID AND VERY DESIRABLE LINE.
Comprising all the newest and most attractive things in
MOUSSELIN DE LAINES,
CASHMERE D'ECOSSE,
POPLINS,
VALENCIAS,
AMELINES,
PRINTS, &c., &c., &c.,
Just landing and for sale by
BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO.,
Nos. 320 and 312 Broadway.

LYONS SILKS.
50 cases
OF NEW AND VERY CHOICE STYLES
Just landed from the last steamers, and for sale by
BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO.
Corner of Broadway and Pearl sts.

GENUINE
ATLANTIC CABLE.
BALL, BLACK & CO.,
NO. 247 BROADWAY,
Take pleasure in informing their friends and the Public,
that they have secured a sufficient quantity
of the
ATLANTIC CABLE
to
supply all demands;
and, in order that every one may receive a souvenir of
this, the most remarkable event of the age, and
so that it shall not be cumbersome, we have
mounted it up to be worn as Charms
or Watch Keys.

In Brass	for 15 cents each.
In Silver	for 50 cents each.
In Gold	for $1 50 to $5 each.

We suppose the reputation of our House is all the guarantee needed, when we assert that this Cable is the veritable one from on board the steamer *Niagara*. In addition to that, however, we have the documents to place the genuineness beyond question.
New-York, Aug. 24, 1858.

HUGHES, DUPUY & CREHANGE,
NO. 37—MAIDEN-LANE—NO. 37.
Have now in store and are receiving from various steamer,
NOVELTIES IN
Fancy Hair Pins, Combs and Cachepeignes,
Bracelets, Brooches and Necklaces,
Shawl Pins, Belt Buckles and Belt Clasps,
Dress Buttons and Dress Trimmings, &c., &c.,
which they offer to the trade at the lowest market prices.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.
Compounded entirely from Gums.
Precisely what the name indicates.
Regulate the Liver, and the stomach and bowels will be effectually regulated.
DR. SANFORD, Proprietor,
No. 345 Broadway, New-York.
Sold by all Druggists in town and country, at $1 per bottle.

THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
THE LOST TREASURE;
Or,
Or,
Or,
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE CHAMPION OF CASTILE.
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
THE ABOVE IS THE TITLE OF
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
COBB'S NEW SPANISH STORY.
IT WILL BE READY IN
IT WILL BE READY IN
IT WILL BE READY IN
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING.
ROSS & TOUCEY, No. 121 Nassau-st., General Agents.

POPULAR TRADE
AND
POPULAR PRICES.
We offer the following at full
TWENTY PER CENT.
Below the prices of any establishment in New-York:
GAS FIXTURES.
A complete and unequalled variety of
CHANDELIERS FOR PARLORS,
DINING ROOMS,
AND LIBRARIES.
French China
Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, &c., &c.
English Iron-Stone Ware,
Silver-plated Ware, &c.
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
Nos. 631 and 633 Broadway.

REMOVAL.
MORTIMER, WALTON & DEBOST,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
Have removed to
Lofts No. 106 Duane-st.,
Where they offer for sale on the most favorable terms every description of the finer class of goods for MEN'S WEAR, adapted to the MERCHANT TAILORING and CLOTHING TRADE.

PRIZE MEDAL AT THE NEW-YORK CRYSTAL PALACE.
GLENFIELD PATENT STARCH.
This Starch for cheapness, strength, purity of color and for giving a clear elastic finish to linen surpasses any other article. Every family should use it. To be had from all grocers and druggists.

F. B. BALDWIN'S
NEW CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.
THE LARGEST IN THE CITY.
BUILT BY
WM. B. ASTOR, ESQ.,
EXPRESSLY FOR THE BUSINESS,
NOS. 70 AND 72 BOWERY,
NEAR NEW CANAL-ST.
An entire new and extensive stock of
GENTLEMEN'S,
YOUTHS' AND
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.
COMPETITION DEFIED
AS TO TASTE,
STYLE AND MANUFACTURE
OF THIS IMMENSE
FALL AND WINTER STOCK.
A SUPERIOR STOCK OF
FURNISHING GOODS,
in every variety.
The
CUSTOMERS' DEPARTMENT
contains the greatest variety of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and
VESTINGS
of any house in the City.

This establishment having, at its commencement, made arrangements with parties in Paris for the best artists in the way of cutting, are happy to inform their patrons and the public of their arrival by the *Ariel*, with the
LATEST PARISIAN
FALL AND WINTER STYLES,
consisting of Overcoats, Frock and Dress Coats, and the most desirable Business Suits ever offered in this City.
The artist having the management of the
CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT,
which is an important feature in this establishment, has excellent taste, and has had long experience.
Ladies are invited to examine this extensive stock for themselves.
F. B. BALDWIN,
JERRY BARNUM.

BUILDING HARDWARE.
SAFE-FRONT DOOR LOCKS,
EXTRA SAFE PAD-LOCKS.
SECRET BOLTS AND LATCHES.
BRASS AND IRON DOOR CHAINS.
PORCELAIN AND PLATED DOOR KNOBS.
LOCKSMITHS' AND BELLHANGERS'
MATERIALS, FOR SALE AT REDUCED
PRICES, FOR CASH, BY
MANY, BALDWIN & MANY,
NO. 49 JOHN-ST.,
CORNER DUTCH.

JEWELRY VERY LOW.
All descriptions of gold jewelry, diamond rings, silver spoons, forks, &c., for sale at retail at less than usual prices.
GEO. C. ALLEN, Importer Wholesale and Retail,
No. 11 Wall-st., second floor.

NECK-TIES ONLY!!!
SMITH & BROUWER,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS
OF
NECK-TIES of every description,
NO. 36 WARREN-STREET.

PETER K. DEYO,
ADVERTISING AGENT,
OFFICE 19 NASSAU BANK BUILDING.
Refer to.........Messrs. Raymond, Wesley & Co.

SAFE FOR SALE.—A SMALL-SIZED SAFE, second-hand, for sale cheap. Inquire at this office.

HOME
INSURANCE COMPANY.
Offices Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

Capital, (all paid in,)	$600,000 00
Surplus on 1st July, 1858	$377,399 85
Liabilities on 1st July, 1858	$35,562 20

THE CAPITAL OF THIS COMPANY HAVING recently been increased by an *additional* CASH subscription of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, the attention of merchants and others having large amounts of property to insure, is called to the *increased security afforded thereby.*

Without entering into a *reckless* competition, this Company is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire, on terms as favorable as the nature of the risk and the *real security* of the Company and of the insured will warrant.

DIRECTORS
CHARLES J. MARTIN,
A. F. WILLMARTH,
WILLIAM G. LAMBERT,
GEORGE C. COLLINS,
DANFORD N. BARNEY,
LUCIUS HOPKINS,
THOMAS MESSENGER,
WILLIAM H. MELLEN,
CHARLES B. HATCH,
B. WATSON BULL,
HOMER MORGAN,
LEVI P. STONE,
JAMES HUMPHREY,
GEORGE PEARCE,
WARD A. WORK,
JAMES LOW,
I. H. FROTHINGHAM,
CHARLES A. BULKLEY,
CEPHAS H. NORTON,
GEORGE D. MORGAN,
THEODORE McNAMEE,
RICHARD BIGELOW,
OLIVER E. WOOD,
ALFRED S. BARNES,
GEORGE BLISS,
ROE LOCKWOOD,
JOHN G. NELSON,
LYMAN COOKE,
LEVI P. MORTON,
CURTIS NOBLE,
JOHN B. HUTCHINSON,
CHARLES P. BALDWIN,
AMOS T. DWIGHT,
HENRY A. HURLBUT,
JESSE HOYT,
WM. STURGIS, Jr.,
JOHN R. FORD,
SIDNEY MASON,
GEO. T. STEDMAN,
CYRUS YALE, Jr.,
WM. R. FOSDICK,
DAVID I. BOYD,
F. H. COSSITT,
CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.
J. MILTON SMITH, Secretary.

IMPORTANT
TO
DRY-GOODS DEALERS.
One of the best assorted Stocks
FRESH, CHOICE, ATTRACTIVE,
received per recent arrivals from Europe,
now exposed for sale at our
WAREROOMS,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., N. Y.,
to which we solicit attention.
Great taste is displayed in our selection.
DRESS GOODS.
The variety and style exhibited in this department is large
SHAWLS AND CLOAKS.
We have an extensive assortment, and of the most fashionable shade and shape for Fall and Winter.
SKIRTS! SKIRTS!! SKIRTS!!!
All makes and sizes.
HOSIERY, YANKEE NOTIONS, WHITE GOODS,
LINENS, EMBROIDERIES, CLOTHS,
AND CASSIMERES
DOMESTICS.
We have made large purchases for cash, and are prepared to give buyers at the very lowest figure
MERRIMAC, COCHEO, PACIFIC, SPRAGUE, MANCHESTER, &c., &c.,
PRINTS AND DE LAINES.
Cabot, Lawrence, Amoskeag, York Mills, Dwight, Lonsdale, Wamsutta,
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.
and other popular styles of Domestics.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
Nos. 80 and 82 Chambers-st., New-York.

STEAM ALE.
THE NEW-YORK STEAM BREWERY,
Nos. 38 and 40 Carmine-st., and No. 17 Downing-st.,
BREWERS OF
EXTRA SUPERIOR
PALE, AMBER AND XXX ALES
and
PORTERS,
for
DRAUGHT, BOTTLING AND SHIPPING,
Brewed by the new process of Steam.
The acknowledged superiority of the Malt Liquors brewed by this establishment renders it superfluous to enumerate its excellence over ales manufactured by the old process.
All Ales, Porters, &c., brewed by the New-York Steam Brewery are made from Prime Barley, Malt and Hops only.
Office No. 38 Carmine st.,
between Bleecker and Bedford sts.

APPLETONS'
RAILWAY GUIDE
for
SEPTEMBER,
Second Edition Now Ready,
Price 25 cents.
Containing the Latest Time Tables, 70 Maps, Through Routes, etc., etc.
D. A. & Co. also publish
APPLETONS' LARGER HAND-BOOK OF TRAVEL—Containing full descriptions of all points of interest in the United States and the Canadas. 1 vol. 12mo., illustrated with 100 engravings, $2
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway, New-York.

SLEEP ON! SLEEP ON!
Nor care for bug or flea;
The 'skeeter has no charming song,
To rob thy sleep from thee.
The rat may scratch, but heed him not;
The mouse may run and play;
But Lyon's Pills will fix their lot,
Before the dawn of day.
Death to vermin, insects, rats, and mice. Dépôt No. 424 Broadway, New-York. E. LYON & CO.

TARGET PRIZES! TARGET PRIZES!
Splendid Plated CAKE-BASKETS, CASTERS, ICE-PITCHERS, URNS, TEA-SETS, CUPS, &c., &c., for Target Excursions—all of the best quality, and at the lowest prices. For sale at Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip, by
LUCIUS HART.

NEW-YORK HARMONIC SOCIETY.—The members of this Society having accepted an invitation from the Mayor and other distinguished citizens to repeat the Musical Exercises of the Cable celebration, have decided upon FRIDAY EVENING next, for the occasion, at the Crystal Palace.

There will be a full rehearsal for the same at the rooms of the Society (Dodworth's, No 806 Broadway,) on THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 9, at 7½ o'clock.

All who united with the Society on that occasion are cordially invited to attend. By order.
JAMES H. AIKMAN, Secretary.

RHEUMATISM, GOUT, LIVER COMPLAINTS CURED.—St. Catharine Mineral Water. See certificate (by calling) from well known persons. Prices per dozen quarts, $3; per dozen pints, $2. Packed for transportation. C. L. MATHEW, Agent, Astor House, New-York, or W. M. GILES, No. 189 6th-av. corner of 13th-st.

SPERRY'S TOWER CLOCKS—THE BEST timekeepers in the world, all sizes. Also, watchmakers' mercurial pendulum regulators, No. 338 Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUATION in a private family as laundress or chambermaid and assist with the washing; the best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived above three years. A Protestant girl wants a situation as seamstress; is capable of cutting and fitting ladies' dresses; a good operator on Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing Machines Call for two days at No. 10 Amity-place, fourth floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE widow woman, as a first-class cook, in all its branches; willing to assist in the washing and ironing; best of City reference given from her last place; also, her daughter, 15 years old, to take care of children and do plain sewing, and make herself generally useful; best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 181 3d-av., between 17th and 18th sts, for two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A COMPETENT, trustworthy and economical woman; is a good plain cook, excellent washer and ironer; also, a neat, tidy, willing and obliging girl, as chambermaid and nurse, or waiter and to do plain sewing; will be found efficient, prudent and trusty. Ladies in want of first class servants will apply to Mr. MORGAN, No 3 Myrtle av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT AND OBLIGING Protestant young English woman, a situation as seamstress; understands cutting and fitting thoroughly, all kinds of fine needlework, embroidery, &c., and is also willing to teach young children the first rudiments of education. She is, and can be recommended by the best of families in this City. Call at No. 275 Bowery. Would go to the country.

WANTED.—TWO RESPECTABLE WOMEN, WHO keep house for their aged mother, wish to obtain work by the day; they are first-rate washers and ironers, and understand all kinds of house cleaning; can give the best of reference as to honesty and capability. Apply at No. 178 Division-st., in the basement, under the shawl store. Also family washing done in their own house in the most satisfactory manner.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WIDOW WOMAN a situation as an excellent plain cook, who can make excellent bread and yeast, and is willing to do a part of the washing if required; and can give the best City reference from her last place; and can be seen for two days at No. 217 Wooster-st, near Amity-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation in a private family as seamstress; is a dressmaker, and understands all kinds of family sewing, and can make children's clothes; is willing and obliging, and would prefer a home more than high wages. Has the best city reference. Please call at No. 103 West 26th-st., in the rear, for two days.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH WOMAN WITH THE most unquestionable references, a situation as first-class cook and laundress; is an excellent washer and ironer, and a person who understands her business well. Will be found perfectly neat and respectful, and studies to please. Apply at MANNING'S, No. 10 Tillary st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL AND HER cousin, situations in the City, or a few miles in the country; one does the cooking, washing and ironing of a private family, does up linen in style; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or waitress, in one family; wages $6 and $7. Excellent City reference. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman of long experience, as cook, and to wash and iron; understands American, English and French cooking; is a person of most exemplary character, and can furnish the best of City reference for years. Can be seen at No. 110 West 28th-st., southwest corner of 7th-av., till engaged.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE WOMEN, situations; one as nurse, is capable of taking care of an invalid or charge of an infant from its birth; the other as chambermaid or laundress; good references will be given. Call at No. 137 East 11th-st., between 1st and 2d avs. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE, NEAT, tidy girl, a situation; can do light housework, chamberwork, plain sewing, care of children, willing to make herself generally useful; wages not so much of an object as a steady home. Ladies in want of a truthful domestic apply to J. S. MORGAN, No. 3 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED SEAMSTRESS wishes employment by the day; can do all kinds of family sewing in the neatest manner; also dressmaking and boys' clothes. Can be well recommended by her employers. Address No. 249 1st-av., near 15th st. Will take work home if required.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, in a private family, as seamstress and dressmaker; one that thoroughly understands her business; understands sewing on the sewing machine. Good references given if required. Call at No. 280 14th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid, and to assist in the washing in some respectable family. Has no objection to make herself generally useful. Can produce the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 339 7th av., between 31st and 32d sts, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation as good cook; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; she thoroughly understands her business Call at No. 85 East 22d st., third floor, front room, between 3d and Lexington avs. Best of City references given.

WANTED—BY A VERY INTELLIGENT PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as professed cook; makes bread, cake, pies, creams, jellies and preserves of all kinds. Can do plain and fancy cooking in any style. Will be found careful and attentive. Call at No. 129 Waverley-place.

WANTED—BY TWO GIRLS—ONE SCOTCH, THE other German—situations in one house, as cook, and chambermaid and waitress. Both are highly respectable, and have the best of reference. They understand their business well, and are worthy of good situations. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, one door from 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; understands all kinds of family cooking; can produce the very best City reference; no objection to Brooklyn. Call at No. 127 4th av., between 12th and 13th sts., in the fancy store.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR A PROFESSED cook, for a chambermaid and for a waitress. All three of them have lived in their last place for six years. Would prefer to go together. Best references. Apply at No. 7 West 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS AND to assist in washing and ironing, by a respectable woman; has the best of City reference from her last employer. Call at No 103 West 26th-st., 1st floor in the rear, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing. Has the best of City reference Call at No. 114 East 16th-st., up stairs, front room, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waiter or to assist in the fine washing, and if required, no objection to go into the country. Call for two days at No. 2 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and to take care of children. Good City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 121 East 20th-st., 2d floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation in a private family as cook; understands cooking meats, game and all kinds of pastries; would go a short distance in the country. Best City reference can be seen at No. 248 East 9th st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as cook; understands meats, &c., of every description; is a beautiful baker; has the best of reference. Apply, for two days, at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, one door from 23d-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED PROTESTANT girl, a situation in a private family as cook; understands her business in all its branches. Can produce good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 112 West 27th-st, up stairs, between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman as plain cook in a private family, or would go as laundress; understands her business; can show good City reference. Can be seen for two days, if not suited before. Call at No. 13 Jersey-st., up stairs.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-RATE DRESSMAKER, one who understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses, a situation. Call, or address, No. 349 2d-av., 2d floor, between 22d and 23d sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation to do chamberwork and waiting or chamberwork and plain sewing. Best City reference given. Call at No. 1 Union-court, University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as professed cook in a private family; has best of City reference. Apply at No. 7 East 21st st. for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as chambermaid and seamstress, or to assist in the washing and ironing in a private family. Two years' reference. Call for two days at No. 153 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman in a private family, to do general housework or chamberwork and plain sewing; best of City reference; call for two days at No. 123 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to do housework in a small family. Good City references given. Apply at No. 166½ 9th-st., near 3d-av. in the rear.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-AGED German widow wishes a situation as cook in a private family. Apply at No. 189 Franklin-st., near Greenwich-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman, as nurse and seamstress; capable of taking entire charge of an infant; has best of City reference. Apply at No. 105 10th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as nurse; is capable of taking charge of a baby from its birth, and is a good sewer; inquire at No. 83½ Division-st, New-York.

WANTED.—A LADY DESIRES TO OBTAIN A situation for a competent girl as nurse or seamstress. Apply at the residence of her present employer, No. 27 West 31st-st., to whom she refers.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A SITUATION in a small private family, to cook and assist in washing. Apply at No. 256 East 14th-st., between Avenues A and B, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO GO SOUTH, BY A lady who is capable of taking charge of an establishment. Understands cutting. The best of City reference given. Address F. E., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICES.

FAMILIES WANTING GOOD SERVANTS, FOR city or country, can obtain excellent help, daily, at the large Institute and Home No. 138 11th st, corner of 6th av. This extensive place has an abundance of civil, capable servants. Conducted by a respectable American lady. Call and see.

FAMILIES AND HOTELS IN WANT OF good domestic females will always find a good selection of German, English, Scotch and Irish at MORRIS CORNERT & CO.'S, No. 414 Broadway; also coachmen, gardeners, farmers or laborers, at this or the branch office, No. 123 Liberty-st. Terms moderate.

REMOVAL.—F. EFFRAY, SWEET CHOCOLATE manufacturer, late of No. 457, removed to No. 771 Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A GOOD COACHMAN AND groom, a situation; is a respectable single young man; perfectly understands the proper care and management of gentlemen's horses; is also a good gardener, and a good milker of cows, and understands the raising of poultry; has no objection to town or country; can give one year and a half first-class City reference. Can be seen at Mr. James Desser's saddlery store, No. 145 4th av., or address a note to COACHMAN, Box No. 125, *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND plain vegetable gardener, a man of years' experience in both stations, in City or country, latter preferred; is a careful hand over horses; can drive from one to four in hand; is willing to make himself generally useful. Also, by a thoroughly competent farm and vegetable gardener. Wages moderate. Apply this week at No. 3:7 Bowery.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED couple without family, a situation to take charge of a gentleman's house in the country or live in the family; the man is a competent coachman and gardener; the woman is a first-rate cook, washer and ironer, and baker, &c; good reference. Address GARDENER, Box No. 132 *Times* Office, quick.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, in a wholesale hardware store He has had 5 years' experience in the retail trade in the country, and is not afraid of work. Salary not so much of an object as a good situation. The best of City or country reference given. Address HARDWARE, Box No. 145 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER, BY AN active and capable man, who has got good City references. Any commands for J. P., will be attended to by calling on or addressing a line to Mr. McDONALD, watch and clock store, No. 46 4th-av., opposite the Bible House, for two days.

WANTED.—A MAN, FIFTY YEARS OF AGE, desires employment in some light business; is capacitated to act as agent or superintendent, having had large business experience; salary easily adjusted. Can give best of City reference as to character. Address A. B., Box No. 182, *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM, BY A young man, who perfectly understands his business; is a good driver; has good City reference; is a good inside servant if required; has no objection to the country. Address for J. M., at Traino.'s Saddlery, No. 514 Broadway, or at No. 11 5th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN, with undoubted city references, a place as porter or entry clerk; is competent to act as salesman; wholesale produce house preferred; a good place more desired than high wages. Apply by letter, stating where an interview may be had, to W. A., Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-AGED man, (Protestant Swiss) who understands gardening in all its branches farming and carpenter's work, which qualification would render him most useful on any country place. Can come with or without his family. Address CARPENTER, Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A FAITHFUL, STEADY MAN, A situation as coachman and groom; understands his business perfectly; has been near eight years in his last place. Can give the highest reference. Call at No. 129 Waverley-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A HIGHLY RECOMMENDED young man, as waiter in a private family, or private boarding-house; understands the dining-room, &c thoroughly. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, one door from 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a young man of good address, who well understands the City, and can produce the highest of reference from his last place. A note addressed to C. M., Union-square Post-Office, will be promptly attended to.

WANTED.—A YOUTH OF 19 IS DESIROUS OF obtaining a situation in a mercantile house; he is well educated, has some experience, and can produce testimonials of the highest character and good reference. Address N. FAY, Station C, New-York Post Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a young Scotchman, in a private family; no objection to the country, and can give the best of recommendations from his former employers in the City. Call, or address D. T., No. 30 Bleecker-st, corner of Mott.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A young man, or would go as an assistant on an extensive establishment. Can give good reference. Apply at SMITH'S seed store, No. 64 White st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SINGLE MAN, as waiter in a private family. Can give five years' City reference. Address F. R., No. 746 Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BUTCHER; SIX years at the business; age 20; or as butcher on board a vessel. Address C. H. B., Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

TO PUBLISHERS OF PAPERS.—THE UNDERSIGNED, who has been for the last 15 years mailing clerk in one of the largest Post-Offices in the United States, and who has a good geographical knowledge of the country, wishes a situation as mailing clerk or agent to attend to the transmission of papers in some daily or weekly newspaper establishment. Address, to New-Haven, Conn., BELA B. HOMER.

BOOK-KEEPER.—A YOUNG MAN WHO HAS had ample experience desires a situation as bookkeeper or assistant. Has first-class references as to character, capacity, &c. Salary to correspond with the times. Address S. B. S., Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A REFINED WOMAN, EITHER young or middle aged, to assist a mother in the care of a young child, and take some charge of domestic affairs. To one qualified the situation would be one of respectability and trust. No Irish need apply. Call, from 10 to 12, at No. 35 East 19th-st.

WANTED—AN ERRAND BOY, IN A BOOKSTORE. One who lives with his parents, and can come well recommended may apply to-day, between 10 and 12 o'clock, to KIGGINS & KELLOGG, Nos. 123 and 125 William-st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE, TO take charge of a young child. Good City references required. Apply at No. 48 West 19th-st., to-morrow, (Wednesday,) from 12 till 2 o'clock.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS, AS waiter and cook, in a family 6 miles from town; English or Scotch preferred. Apply on Wednesday, from 11 to 3 o'clock, at No. 37 Fulton st., office No. 1.

WANTED—A COACHMAN; ONE WHO THOROUGHLY understands his business; a large man preferred. Apply to WOOD BROS., No 410 Broadway.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED SALESMEN, in the curtain and furnishing department. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

MUSICAL.

WANTED.—A YOUNG LADY DESIRES AN ENGAGEMENT as Alto singer in a church in this City or Brooklyn; reads music at sight and can furnish the highest testimonials as to capability. Is acquainted with the Episcopal service. Address ALTO SINGER, Box No. 102, *Times* Office.

MUSICAL.—AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER wishes a situation as leader of a choir in New York or Brooklyn; has had several years' experience, possesses a fine tenor voice, and can give references if desirable. Address LEADER, Box No. 132, *Times* Office.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

A SEVEN-OCTAVE, RICHLY CARVED piano, finished all round, carved legs, inlaid with pearl, will be sold at a great bargain. Fine plain-cased pianos very cheap. Second-hand pianos at great bargains. Pianos to let. Melodeons cheap.
T. S. BERRY, No 458 Broadway,
Corner Grand-st., Marble Building.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS OF SUPERIOR MAKE AT GREAT BARGAINS.—Second-hand Pianos at the following extremely low prices: $25, $50, $110, $125, and $165. Pianos and Melodeons to rent, and portion of rent allowed on purchase; for sale on monthly payments. Pianos tuned and repaired.
HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway.

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—STEINWAY & SONS, No. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway, New-York, have always received the first premium where and whenever in competition with the best makers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every piano warranted for three years. Prices moderate.

PIANO-FORTES—AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.—We are selling pianos, wholesale and retail, at prices below all competition. Our sales average ten to twelve per week, which enables us to sell at small profits. Favor us with a call and you will be satisfied to go no further.
CUMMINGS & CANFIELD, manufactory and warerooms No. 637 Broadway near Bleecker-st.

LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURY'S, NO. 421 Broome-st., near Broadway, have a splendid assortment of the celebrated Piano Fortes, in all styles, constructed with the patent Arch Wrest-Plank. Purchasers in want of a superior instrument will find it for their advantage to call.

A MOST EXCELLENT ROSEWOOD piano forte, new and of exceedingly fine tone and touch, fully warranted, will be sold at a very great bargain. A second-hand piano taken in exchange, by ALBERT WEBER, Manufacturer, No. 155 West Broadway.

RAVEN, BACON & CO.—(SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN,) Piano-forte Manufacturers, wareroom No. 135 Grand st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of Instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture, warranted in every respect.

GREAT CHANCE.—MAGNIFICENT GRAND DIAGONAL 7-octave carved rosewood piano, 4 round corners, rich, full tone; made by one of the best makers and warranted; cost $600; been used a few months. Will be sold at a great bargain for cash. Inquire at No. 141 9th st.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS from the celebrated makers, Haines Brothers, at their warerooms, No. 499 Broadway. These instruments are of superior tone and touch, finished in every style.
A. E. THOMPSON, No. 499 Broadway.

PREMIUM PIANO-FORTES.—G. & H. BARMORE, manufacturers, No 348 Bleecker st., offer a large and elegant assortment, with all modern improvements, at greatly reduced prices. Also, superior second-hand pianos low for cash.

A BARGAIN CAN BE HAD IN A NEW 7-octave piano forte. Also, a second hand piano for sale. Apply to J&S. VAN RIPER, No. 178 Wooster st., between Houston and Bleecker sts.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SUPPOSED TO BE IN ONE OF THE 8th-av. cars, on Monday evening, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock, a POCKET-BOOK, containing about $25 to $30 in bank bills, a lot of letter stamps, 2 postage bills for Havre, small cards of coal business, and other papers of no use to any person but the owner. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at V. LECOMTE'S, No. 362 Greenwich st., or at No 215 West 31st-st., New-York.

LOST—ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, SEPTEMBER 3, a locket, with a chain and pencil attached. It contained the likeness of a lady and gentleman. It was lost going from 33d-st and 9th-av. to 8th-av., and down thence to No 138 West 31st-st. The letters E. R. H. were engraved on the locket. A liberal reward will be given for its return to No 138 West 31st-st., between 7th and 8th avs. The pictures were loose.

BOARDING

BOARDING.—A SUITE, CONSISTING OF TWO large and one small room, entire of second floor handsomely furnished, to let separately or together with first-class board, and every attention to comfort and cleanliness, (family small and select,) at No. 371 4th-st., near Lafayette place.

BOARDING.—TO LET, WITH BOARD, IN A private house, to a party of gentlemen, or a family without children, a suite of handsomely furnished rooms, on second floor. Apply at No. 106 2d-av. References required.

BOARDING.—TO LET A PARLOR AND BEDROOM adjoining, with pantries on the second floor, with partial board (private family) to single gentlemen, house has all of the modern improvements Apply at No. 37 Bleecker-st. Possession given immediately.

BOARDING ON MURRAY-HILL.—TO LET, with or without board, a suite of rooms in a first-class house, near 5th-av. Also, a suite of rooms furnished, to married or single parties. References exchanged. Address W. W., Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, NEAR THE St. Germain Hotel, would take two or three boarders; best of references given and required. For particulars, inquire at the Union-square Post-office.

BOARDING—AT NOS. 45, 47 AND 49 EAST BROADWAY.—Rooms for gentlemen and their wives, also for single gentlemen.
E. BOUTON.

BOARDING.—MRS. S. A. FAULKNER, NO. 58 East 16th-st., has to let with board, two front rooms.

BOARDING.—MRS. S. A. FAULKNER, NO. 58 East 16th-st., has to let, with board, two front rooms.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—FOR ONE OR TWO gentlemen, at No. 83 Sands st.; first-class brown-stone house, well ventilated and warmed in season, most healthy location, about six minutes from the ferry; terms moderate; family small, no children.

BOARD—A PLEASANT PARLOR AND BEDROOM may be obtained at No. 74 East 14th-st., near Union Square. Also single rooms. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARD WANTED.—AN ELDERLY LADY wishes board in a small, pious family, where there are no other boarders, and all modern improvements; as there need be no difference made in the living for one person, $5 will be sufficient remuneration. Dinner at 2 or 3 o'clock, or earlier if more convenient; between 17th and 26th sts., and 4th and 7th avs. References exchanged. Answer addressed to F. A., Union-square Post Office.

NOS. 82 AND 84 EAST TWENTY-THIRD-STREET.—Families wishing to make arrangements for the Fall and Winter will find very desirable apartments with full board, which can be had immediately on application as above. The house and location are equal in every respect to any in the City.

PARTIAL BOARD—FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN. Three or four young gentlemen desiring to occupy three furnished rooms adjoining each other, pleasant, and having every convenience, will receive board for the winter very reasonably, at No. 154 Waverley Place. References

NO. 221 WEST THIRTY-SECOND-STREET.—Pleasant rooms for single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives, with or without partial board. The house has all the modern improvements; the location is pleasant and easily accessible. Apply at No. 221 West 32d-st., between 8th and 9th avs. References exchanged.

NO. 399 FOURTH-STREET.—A HANDSOME finished parlor and bedroom on 2d floor, unfurnished, with two large clothes-presses, bath and water-closet attached; the bed room is large, with marble mantel and grate; also, a front parlor furnished, and a room for a gentleman; table first-class, location pleasant, and convenient to cars and stages.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND his wife, infant and nurse, in a private family, where there are few or no boarders. Two furnished rooms, front preferred, on the second or third floors, will be required. Situation below 25th-st. and west of 3d-av. Best references given and required Address, stating terms, which must be moderate, Box No 3,637, Post-Office.

NO. THIRTY-NINE WEST SIXTEENTH-st. between 5th and 6th avs., handsomely furnished rooms to let, with board, suitable for gentlemen and their wives, or parties of single gentlemen. House first class brown-stone front, with gas, bath, &c. Location one of the most convenient in the City. References exchanged. Dinner at 6.

ROOMS TO LET.—A PRIVATE FAMILY IN West 11th-st., near the 5th and 6th avs, would let to a single gentleman a handsomely furnished parlor and bedroom fronting on the second floor, with or without breakfast. For particulars address J. C. C., Box No. 3,223, Post-Office.

NO. 117 CLINTON-PLACE.—NEATLY FURNISHED rooms, including a suite of two or three rooms, on second floor, to a family of adults or single gentlemen, with full or partial board. Also, an unfurnished parlor, with extension room. Bath, gas, &c. References required.

NO. 30 EAST TWENTIETH-STREET.—Rooms, with board, may be had for two or three persons, in a brown-stone house, containing all the modern conveniences; convenient to the 4th-av. cars and Broadway stages.

FURNISHED ROOM.—A LARGE, FRONT room, on the third floor, to let without board, by a small, private family; location, West Washington-place, between Macdougal-st. and 6th-av. References given and required. Address F. R., Box No. 168, *Times* Office.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SECOND or third story may be obtained in a modern stone-front house, owned by the occupants, by persons willing to pay a fair price. Family private. References exchanged. Apply at No. 42 West 19th-st. Dinner early.

A WIDOW LADY, HAVING MORE HOUSE-room than she requires, wishes to let a few bedrooms, plainly furnished, to genteel, temperate persons. Each can be had for $1 per week, with the use of the kitchen to cook and wash in. No. 112 West 27th st., near 7th av.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, wishing a pleasant room on the third floor, in a quiet family, can be accommodated by applying at No. 77 Willow-st., Brooklyn Heights. Terms low. References exchanged.

NOS. 167 AND 169 CLINTON-STREET, SOUTH BROOKLYN.—Families desiring board and rooms for the Winter can find the same, furnished or not, in a first class house, by applying as above. References given and required.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A FURNISHED room, with or without board, at a reasonable rate, in a quiet, private, respectable family, residing in a central location. Address, with particulars, HOPE, Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

APARTMENTS FOR THE WINTER.—Elegant suites of rooms and single rooms with board for families and single gentlemen. The entire second floor may be had. Apply at No. 38 West 17th-st. near 5th-av. References exchanged.

A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS TO let, on the second story, to single gentlemen, with partial board. Also, two single rooms on the third story; gas and bath in the house. References exchanged, at No. 66 Amity-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A FURNISHED room, with or without board, at a reasonable rate, in a quiet, private, respectable family, residing in a central location. Address, with particulars, HOPE, Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

A FURNISHED PARLOR AND OTHER rooms to let, with or without board, in the modern-built private house, No. 121 Varick-st., at prices to suit the times.

PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH BOARD, IN a private family, convenient to Broadway, furnished or unfurnished, in suites or single, at No. 72 2d-av. References exchanged.

TO LET—A FEW PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH partial board, to gentlemen, in a private family. Inquire at No. 43 East 20th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av. References exchanged.

A LADY, HAVING A PIANO, WOULD LIKE to give lessons in Music and French, in part exchange for board in New-York. References exchanged. Address C. B., No. 164 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

NO. 125 EAST TWELFTH-STREET.—Rooms or suites of rooms may be obtained for families of grown persons or parties of gentlemen as above in a first-class house. References exchanged.

PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH BOARD, FURNISHED or unfurnished, in a private family. Bath and gas in the house. Apply at No. 776 Greenwich-st. References exchanged.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, OR two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with a pleasant room, with board, by applying at No. 25 Morton-st. Terms moderate

PLEASANT ROOMS WITH BOARD CAN be obtained at No. 147 9th st., a few doors from Broadway.

NO. 22 UNION SQUARE.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, furnished, with board; suitable for families and single gentlemen.

HOTELS.

MANSION HOUSE—HICKS-STREET, BROOKLYN Heights, midway between Wall-st. and Fulton Ferries; has superior accommodations for families or single gentlemen, which will be let on reasonable terms. The location for a Summer or Winter residence is most desirable, having a large yard for play grounds in the rear.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BEST COUNTRY BOARD.—ELEGANT suites of rooms, sufficient to accommodate sixty persons, can be had at the residence of O. S. FOWLER, near New-Hamburg, combining with unrivaled scenery an abundance of fruit and good living. Easy of access by boat or railroad. For plan and view of house, terms &c., call at ATTIX BROTHERS, No. 98 Broadway, or No. 25 Amity st.

COUNTRY BOARDING.—WHITE HOUSE, Little Silver, Shrewsbury, N. J.; landing either at Red Bank, North River, or Little Silver, South River. This house is situated on the South River, Shrewsbury, fronting the sea. There are extensive grounds belonging to the house. Safe bathing for ladies and children.
EDWIN T. BENNET, Proprietor.

BOARDING AT A FARM-HOUSE.—A FEW desirable rooms are now vacant in the subscriber's farm mansion, near Glen Cove, suitable for families and single persons, with board for the Fall months. Terms moderate. Apply to CHARLES UNDERHILL, Glen Cove, L. I.

COUNTRY BOARD—MAY BE OBTAINED IN a delightfully situated residence, on high ground. Easy of access by car or steamboat; 3½ hours ride from the City. Address CLINTON, Box No. 1,137 New-York Post-Office.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

SMOKED MEATS AND MESS PORK.

VAN BRUNT & WATROUS, Pork Packers, No. 206 Chambers-st., New-York, offer at the following prices for cash:

Smoked City cured Hams	12c. to 12½c.
Smoked Dry Salt Western Hams	9½c. to 9¾c.
Smoked Dry Salt Western Shoulders	7¼c. to 7½c.
Smoked City-cured Shoulders	8½c. to 8¾c.
Smoked Bacon	10½c. to 11c.

Bagged Meats ¼c. per lb. extra.
Mess Pork, $17.
Dutchess County Mess, $17 50.
Pure Lard, in tubs and barrels, 11½c. to 12c.
N. B.—No orders filled except for cash.

INSTRUCTION

FRENCH PROTESTANT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

No. 32 West 18th-street.

MRS. LEVERETT WILL RE-OPEN HER SCHOOL for the ensuing year, on WEDNESDAY, September 15th. This school offers all the advantages of a thorough and systematic course of English education, combined with every facility for the study and practical acquisition of the French language. Special classes will be formed, under the direction of competent Professors, for young ladies who desire to pursue English and French literature apart from the general course of study. A limited number of young ladies is received into the family, to whom all the privileges of a home are offered. Application may be made to Mrs. LEVERETT, personally or by letter, at the above address.

PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

NO. 11 WEST TWENTY-SEVENTH-ST.

The subscriber will be at the school-rooms every day this week to receive applications for the ensuing year, which begins Sept. 13. Circulars may be had at Messrs. RANDOLPH'S, CARTER'S, LOCKWOOD'S or APPLETON'S.
J. JAY GREENOUGH.

MRS. WILLIAMS'

French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 26 West 39th-st., near 5th-av., will reopen Sept. 14.

Circulars can be obtained at Roe, Lockwood & Sons, No. 411 Broadway, and at Stanford & Delisser's, No. 508 Broadway.

THE SCHOOL

No. 1,082 Broadway, above 31st-st., will be re-opened on
MONDAY, Sept. 13.
JAS. N. McELLIGOTT Principal.

THOROUGH INSTRUCTION

In French and Music, separately or both together, by a pupil of the best European and American masters. Method natural and progressive. Terms moderate. Address A. W., Box No. 150, *Times* Office.

CUMMINGS'

School of Design, No. 58 East 13th-st., is now open for the reception of pupils.

MESDAMES CHEGARY AND PREVOST'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—At their former residence, No. 70 Madison-av., southwest corner of 28th st. Mesdames CHEGARY and PREVOST respectfully inform the parents and guardians of their pupils and the public generally, that the above Institution will be reopened on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15. The Preparatory School, for pupils between the ages of 5 and 10 years, is now reorganized. Experience has fully convinced Mme. CHEGARY of the advantages to be derived from this Department, as a means of preparing pupils of tender age for entrance into the higher classes of the Institution.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE—(Day and Boarding,) Nos. 61 and 63 Madison-av., New-York. To be conducted on the same plan and to embrace the same thorough course as the Rutgers. Open Sept. 15. Pupils can enter their names on the 13th and 14th. Circulars obtained at RAYNOR'S, No. 76 Bowery, or of the Principal, at No. 63 Madison-av. A class will be formed, at the residence of the Principal, for the accommodation of a few small boys, whose sisters are connected with the Institute.
REV. DR FERRIS, Rector.
C. H. GARDNER, A. M., Principal.

NITCHY'S INSTITUTE AT WEST BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Educates boys for Mercantile and Mechanical pursuits. The instruction is thorough, opposed to the memorizing method, and develops all the mental faculties; the education is based on principles of kindness and liberality. Gardens, woods, mountains and rocks, baths, a gymnasium, pure and cool fair and water, render the Institute an eminently healthy and attractive place for the education of boys. For circulars containing all necessary information and references, address AUG. F. NITCHY.

FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN Nos. 48 and 50 East 24th-st, near Madison-park, will reopen on Sept. 15 next. Boarding and day school. Classics, mathematics, English, Spanish and German languages, besides the French, which is the language of the school. There is a junior department. For details and references see circulars.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.—MR. AND Mrs. WILLARD, PRINCIPALS—The school year will commence on the second Wednesday of September. Terms, $225 per year; for board, including washing, fuel, lights &c., and tuition in English studies with usual charges for music, modern languages, &c, or $350, and no extras. For further information, apply to the Principals, at Troy, N. Y.

SCHOOL AND HOME EDUCATION—PRIVATE French and English Classical, Boarding and Day school, with fine play-ground and gymnasium attached, Nos 47 and 49 West 26th-st, between Broadway and 6th av., near Madison-square. Mr. LOUIS ERNST takes charge of a limited number of select boys. Re-opens Sept. 6.

CLASSICAL GYMNASIUM—NO. 31 BIBLE house, Astor-place. The seventh year of this institution—a school for the complete instruction of boys in the art of study—will begin on Monday, Sept. 6. For admission, address Rev. N. E. CORNWALL, No. 762 Broadway. Circulars at APPLETON'S, RANDOLPH'S and CROWEN'S.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—WM. H. LEGGETT'S School No. 826 Broadway, northeast corner of 12th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 6. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway; Crowen's, No. 699 Broadway and at the residence of the principal, No. 273 East 10th-st.

MR. TYNG'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS WILL resume its duties on the first Monday in September. Terms moderate, instruction thorough. No. 81 East 16th-st. Circulars, with references, at Shepard's bookstore, No. 152 Fulton st., and Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway.

BEECHER'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—Lafayette av., third door east of Clinton-av., Brooklyn, will reopen Monday, Sept 6. Number limited. Accommodations for four additional boarding pupils.
S. C. BEECHER.

THE SCHOOL OF THE SUBSCRIBER, No. 809 Broadway, reopens on Monday, Sept. 13. A thorough education is imparted—Classical, French and English—under a discipline mild but decided. The highest references.
R. B. WIGGINS, M. A.

MRS. OAKILL WILL BE PREPARED TO receive her pupils on Wednesday, Sept. 15, and hopes for their prompt attendance. Any communications addressed to Mrs. O. at her residence Nos. 8 and 10 Clinton-place, New-York, will receive immediate attention.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 60 West 33d st. JOHN GOSMAN, Principal, School reopens MONDAY, Sept. 13. REFERENCES.—The Rev. Drs. ALEXANDER, PHILLIPS and others. Circulars at the school-rooms.

GEORGE S. PARKER AND DOCTOR F. BERTHET will open their united Classical, French and English School, with a Primary Department and Gymnasium at No. 920 Broadway, on Sept. 13. Circulars may be had at Lockwood's Bookstore, or Crowen's.

MISS FORBES' SCHOOL, NO. 22 NORTH MOORE STREET.—Miss FORBES respectfully informs her friends and the public that her school, at No. 22 North-Moore-st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8.

MR H. P. JENKS' SELECT CLASSICAL and Mathematical School. No. 866 Broadway, will re-open on MONDAY, Sept. 13. A junior department is connected with the school. For circulars apply at the school room.

THE YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY—HILL Side, Norwalk, Conn., will reopen Sept. 15. Terms $225 per year. For circulars and catalogues address the principal, Mrs. LOUISA A. SMITH.

MISS REED'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 20 West 16th-st, near 5th-av., will re-open on Monday, Sept. 13.

MR. AND MADAME CRUEY'S FRENCH and English boarding-school for young ladies, at Nos. 207 and 209 Henry-st., Brooklyn, will re open, as usual, on the 7th of September.

MADAME MARTINET'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 32 West Twenty-first st., between Fifth and Sixth-avenues; will re open on Wednesday, Sept. 15th.

J. H. PATTON'S CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH School, No. 31 West 22d-st., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 13. Circulars can be obtained at the rooms, or at No. 11 West 26th-st.

MYSTIC HALL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.—Horseback riding, and salt water bathing. Application for admission, or catalogue, to be addressed to the Principal, MRS. T. P. SMITH, Boston, Mass.

RAVENSWOOD FEMALE SEMINARY, L. I.—A thorough and accomplished education is conferred, under purely home influences. Circulars at WILLIAMS, STEVENS & WILLIAMS, No. 353 Broadway.

MRS. MACAULAY WILL REOPEN HER School No. 43 East 21st-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., on Wednesday, Sept. 15. A punctual attendance is particularly desired.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S SCHOOL for young Ladies, No. 23 Gramercy-park, will re-open on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, at which time a punctual attendance is earnestly requested.

THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF MISS SPALDING'S Day and Boarding School for young ladies at Elizabeth, N. J., will commence on Tuesday, Sept. 14. A prompt attendance at opening is requested.

SOUTH BROOKLYN SELECT ACADEMY, No. 18 Tompkins-place, will re-open on MONDAY, Sept. 6. For circulars, apply to
A. T. BALDWIN, Principal.

A CARD.—N. CALYO, ARTIST, BEGS TO INFORM the public and his pupils that he will resume his course of lessons in drawing and painting in all their branches Sept. 6, at his residence, No. 120 East 21st-st.

MRS. COUTAN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for young ladies will re-open on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, at No. 279 5th av., corner 31st-st

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL—ENTERING its 22d year, reopens its Primary Class and Commercial Department Sept. 6. For circulars, call at the University.
ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

MADISON-SQUARE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 926 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., re-opens Sept. 13
M. W. LYON and J. KARGE, Principals.

MADAME BERGIER'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., near 32d-st., will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 15.

MRS. NEWCOMB'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 90 Orange-st., Brooklyn Heights, will re-open on MONDAY, Sept. 13. Boarding Pupils limited to ten.

MADISON ACADEMY—MADISON-AVENUE, corner of 29th-st., will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 15. The Rev. S. R. DAVIS, Principal. Residence No. 399 4th-av.

MRS. CUTTER AND MRS. BURNS' boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 48 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn Heights, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 13.

MONS. LEOPOLD DE GRAND-VAL'S French Boarding and Day School, Collegiate and Commercial, Hudson Terrace, Hoboken, N. J., is open for the reception of pupils. Circulars, &c., at Institution.

THE MISSES McFARLANDS' SCHOOL, No. 500 Pacific-st., Brooklyn, will re-open, for the Fall term, on MONDAY, Sept. 6.

THE MISSES PHILLIPS' SCHOOL FOR Young Ladies, No. 73 Joralemon-st., Brooklyn, N. Y., will reopen Sept. 13.

INSTRUCTION.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,

No. 71 West 14th-st., corner of 6th-av.

Now in its thirty-ninth year, re-opens on MONDAY, September 6, with every advantage for the education of youth, both in the elementary and higher branches, in ancient and modern languages, book-keeping and all other departments of a complete school course. The Rector is assisted by an able corps of ten experienced teachers. Each scholar has a due share of individual attention. Pupils are received at all ages, and thoroughly prepared for college or business life.

Reference is made to the Faculties of Columbia College and the New-York University, and to the following gentlemen, whose sons are, or have been, under the Rector's instruction: Rev. Drs. Ferris, Spencer, Hatfield, Alexander and Phillips; Rev. Messrs Sommers, Jocelyn, Imbrie, Lillie and S. M. Isaacs; Ex-Mayors Westervelt and Havemeyer; Messrs. Wm. M. Evarts, Wm. A. Booth, S. F. Butterworth, Robert Carter, Thomas N. Stanford, &c.

Parents who wish to place their sons where there will be no necessity for change till they have finished their education, and to secure for them the advantages of sound instruction, thorough mental discipline and correct moral training, are invited to visit the Institution and procure circulars.
G. P. QUACKENBOS, Rector.

CHERRY VALLEY FEMALE ACADEMY,

CHERRY VALLEY, N. Y.

Next session will commence Nov. 4. For catalogues containing full particulars apply to No 244 Pearl-st., New-York, or address
C. G. HAZELTINE,
J. A. FOWLER,
Principals.

THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE—Nos. 262, 264 and 266 Madison-st., opens its 78th Term (20th year) on MONDAY, Sept. 13

The Omnibus line connected with the Institute will continue to convey pupils residing at a distance, at the usual additional charge.

A Boarding house connected with the Institute, and under the immediate charge of the Principal, is established at No. 217 Madison-st.

Circulars may be obtained at IVISON & PHINNEY'S, No. 321 Broadway; RAYNOR'S, No. 76 Bowery; and at the Institute.

The Principal is in attendance at the Institute to receive applications for the admission of scholars.
H. M. PIERCE, A. M., Principal.
G. M. KREBS, D. D., President.
J. W. C. LAVERIDGE, Secretary.

MISS HAINES' SCHOOL, NO. 10 GRAMERCY-PARK, East 20th st., third door from 4th-av. Miss HAINES respectfully informs her friends and the public, that having been requested by a number of the parents of her pupils to abridge the annual session of her school, *and in the hope of securing a punctual attendance of her scholars*, she will defer its reopening until Monday, Sept. 20.

Those who have confided their daughters to her in past years, may be assured of her continued desire, and she trusts, increased ability, to impart to her pupils a substantial, useful, accomplished and Christian education. She has the aid of teachers of acknowledged talent, and it will be their aim to contribute as much as possible to the personal happiness as well as moral and intellectual improvement of those committed to their care.

MISS HAVENS WILL RESUME HER Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies at her residence, No. 81 9th-st., near 5th-av., on Wednesday, Sept. 15. Applications may be addressed to her by letter until Sept 6th, and after that personally. Her school circulars may also be obtained of E. Bement, Esq., No. 40 Exchange-place; of Messrs. Roe Lockwood & Son, No. 411 Broadway; of Mr. A. D. F. Randolph, No. 683 Broadway; and of R. N. Havens, Esq., No. 17 Nassau-st.

THE HAMILTON GRAMMAR-SCHOOL—88th st., between 2d and 3d avs., the Rev. WILLIAM J. FROST, A. M., Rector. The Fall Term will commence on TUESDAY, Sept. 14. Long experience in the work of Education enables the Rector to guarantee to his patrons a thorough, systematic and complete preparation of their sons for Mercantile pursuits or a College course.

MADAME LE DUC'S—(LATE MADEMOISELLE A. A. FLOTRON,) French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, will open on Sept. 13. Apply for circulars at Mme. LE DUC'S, No. 264 West 23d-st., opposite London Terrace.

References—Bishop POTTER, of New-York; S. H. TYNG, D. D., New-York; A. D. GILLETTE, D. D., New-York; JOHN C. APPLETON, Esq., New-York, and many others if necessary. Terms very reasonable.

SCHOLASTIC.—WANTED, BY A LADY OF great experience in teaching, a few pupils to instruct in English, French, and Music. Adult ladies, whose education has been neglected, will find this an excellent opportunity to recieve instruction, as the greatest privacy will be regarded. Pupils waited on at their own residences, if desired. Terms moderate. Call on or address TEACHER, at Mrs. Jones', No. 58 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

MADAME J. F. CANCHOIS RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public that her School for Young Ladies will reopen at No. 279 West 22d st., on Monday, Sept 13. Punctual attendance is requested at the commencement of the term. Special attention is given to the German. REFERENCE—Mr. and Mrs. CHARLES CANDA, No. 17 Lafayette-place.

THE SPINGLER INSTITUTE, UNION-SQUARE, New-York, will re-open on Wednesday, Sept. 15. Pupils of each department, Primary, Academic and Collegiate, who would be advanced with their classes, will be expected to be present at the opening, and to continue to the end of the year.

Circulars can be obtained at the Institute.
GORHAM D. ABBOTT, Principal.

THE NEW-YORK HIGH SCHOOL, (FORMERLY Bernard & Redfield's French Institute,) Nos. 973 and 975 Broadway, Madison square. The thirteenth academic year of this Institute will commence on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8.

Parents are respectfully invited to call, at any time, and view the accommodations for both boarding and day scholars.
P. M. W. REDFIELD.

THE REV. D. C. VAN NORMAN, A. M., (late Principal of Rutgers Female Institute) will (D. V.) reopen his Institute for young ladies, at No. 79 East 14th-st., near Union-square on Monday, Sept. 13. Circulars may be obtained at IVISON & PHINNEY'S Bookstore, No. 321 Broadway; at RAYNOR, HOWE & FERRY'S, 76 Bowery, and by addressing the Principal.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL INSTITUTE, HACKENSACK, N. J.—WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Principal.—This family boarding and day school for young ladies and gentlemen will resume its duties on Monday, Sept. 6. Terms exceedingly moderate. For circulars address the Principal.

$120 A YEAR—PAYS THE BOARD AND TUITION of a gentleman or lady at the Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y. Experienced gentlemen instructors at the head of each of the nine departments. Term opens September 17.
The Rev. A. FLACK, A. M., Principal.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, NO. 20 EAST THIRTY-FIRST-STREET—JAMES WEIR MASON.—Term begins Sept. 13. Personal instruction by the principal, and thorough drilling in the English branches. Circulars and further information at CARTER'S bookstore, and after Sept. 1 at the school.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH and English school will open on MONDAY, Sept. 6, at No 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-street. Circulars may be had from Lockwood Son, No. 411 Broadway; C. S. Francis & Co., No. 554 Broadway, and T. J. CROWEN, No. 699 Broadway.

MESSRS. LESPINASSE & DE LASSALLE'S FRENCH INSTITUTE.—Boys are admitted, only, under 14 years of age. A junior class, under the special direction of Mme. LESPINASSE. English taught by two Professors, English by birth and education. Reopened. No. 181 Macdougal-st., corner of Clinton-place.

A CARD.—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL REOPEN his Academy of Penmanship and Book-keeping on Monday, the 6th inst. There will be no classes; every pupil will receive individual instructions. Separate parlors for ladies. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH, No. 362 Broadway, corner of Franklin-st.

CLASSICAL, MATHEMATICAL, AND English School. No. 521 Broome-st., now open—the twenty-second session. A junior department—number limited to twenty. Circulars obtained at the school.
JAMES LAWSON, Principal.

MME. AESCHIMANN'S FRENCH BOARDING SCHOOL, No. 196 Washington-st., Hoboken, N. J. Girls from 8 to 12 years old will receive maternal care, and the Elementary Principles of a good education. Annual session begins Sept. 7.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE—No. 244 West 19th-st., will open its thirteenth year, MONDAY, Sept. 6.
J. H. BROWN, A. M., Principal.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—The Misses PALACHE will reopen their establishment on Monday, Sept. 13, at their new residence, Fitzroy-place, No. 183 West 28th-st.

MISS STARKWEATHER'S SCHOOL, No. 51 Pike-st., reopens on MONDAY, Sept. 13. Her circulars can be obtained at her house; also at the store of Messrs. Raynor, Howe and Ferry, 76 Bowery.

THE MISSES DANFORTH WILL REOPEN their Boarding and Day School on Sept. 15, at No. 334 6th-av., between 20th and 21st sts. Circulars at their residence.

MME. F. REICHARD'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies. No. 22 West 32d-st., near 5th-av., will reopen on Tuesday, Sept. 14.

FRENCH, SPANISH, &C., DRAWING, PAINTING CLASSES—No. 93 West 23d st.
Prof. JULES DE LAUNAY.

MURRAY HALL YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING and Day School, No. 101 West 38th-st. Rector—Rev. J. J. ELMENDORF. Seventh Session begins Sept. 14.

THE MISSES L. M. & M. R. GREEN WILL reopen their School at No 1 5th-av., 1st door from Washington-square, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

THE MISSES WAYLAND WILL REOPEN their Day School, for young ladies, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, No. 260 West 32d-st.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their Day School for young ladies, No. 1 East 33d-st., one door from 5th-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

THE MISSES SEDGWICK WILL OPEN their boarding and day school on the 15th of September.

MRS. BENEDICT'S BOARDING AND Day School for young ladies will reopen Sept. 15, at No. 4 West 37th-st.

MRS. MEEKER'S SCHOOL WILL REOPEN on TUESDAY, Sept. 14 at No. 59 West 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

MISS SALTER'S CLASSES FOR DRAWING and Painting re-open Sept. 15, at No. 175 10th-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

MISS DIETZ WILL RE-OPEN HER DAY and Boarding School on Tuesday, Sept. 14, at No. 32 East 20th-st. Terms moderate.

MISS BALLOWS' SCHOOL FOR YOUNG ladies, No. 24 East 22d-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., will be reopened on Wednesday, Sept. 15.

MRS. GIBSON'S BOARDING AND DAY School for young ladies, No. 38 Union-square, will be reopened on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

THE MISSES HENDERSON WILL REOPEN their boarding and day school for young ladies on Tuesday, Sept. 7, at No. 62 West 26th-st.

J. F. WORTH'S CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH School, No 237 4th-av, (one door above 19th-st.,) will be re-opened on MONDAY, Sept. 13.

MRS. J. R. DAVIS' BOARDING AND DAY School for young ladies, No. 399 4th-av., will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 15. For particulars, see circular.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF COLUMBIA College, (No. 327 4th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.,) will recommence on Sept. 1, at 9½ o'clock, A. M.

INSTRUCTION

THE REV. H. D. WARD AND MRS. WARD will reopen their French and English Institute for Young Ladies at No. 38 West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th-avs., Sept. 15. They request a prompt attendance of their pupils.

GYMNASIUM.

Mr. HENRY GEBHARD having returned from his Hygienic Gymnastic Institution at Brattleboro, Vt., begs leave to inform his friends, pupils and the public, that the regular instruction in
THE ART OF FENCING,
in systematic
GYMNASTICS AND CALISTHENICS,
For sound persons of both sexes, and also in Hygienic Gymnastics, for invalids of both sexes and all ages, have recommenced. Music and Singing also taught at the Institution. Physicians, teachers and parents who wish to give patients, pupils or children under the care of Mr. HENRY GEBHARD, either at their residences or at his Institution, will please address HENRY GEBHARD, Gymnasium and Fencing Academy, No. 659 Broadway, Stuyvesant Institute. Open from sunrise till 10 P. M.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—No. 218 4th st., (entrance No. 154 Macdougal-st.,) on Washington square, will open its sixteenth academic year on Monday Sept. 13. The Principals will be at the Institution on and after 2d of September.

The ROOMS and FURNITURE have been thoroughly renovated, and a STAGE is employed daily to convey SMALL BOYS at a distance TO and FROM the School.

Circulars may be obtained at the Broadway bookstores, BURNTON'S, No. 49 6th av., and at the School.

Parents unacquainted with the Institution are referred to the following among its one hundred and fifty well-known PRESENT patrons:

The Rev. George Potts.	Joel B. Post, Esq..
The Rev. Chas. Fletcher,	Mr. John H. Abeel,
The Hon. W. F. Havemeyer,	Mr. E. V. Haughwout,
The Hon. Henry E. Davies,	Mr. Louis E. Hargous,
The Hon. Wm. Tucker,	Mr. Fred. L. Talcott,
Joseph Wooster, M. D.,	Mr. Thos. J. Townsend,
Jas C. Forester, M. D.,	Mr. Jerry Cowles,
A. N. Gunn, M. D.,	&c., &c.

GEO W. CLARKE, A. M.,
JAMES FANNING, A. M., } Principals.

WILLIAM J. NEVIUS' CLASSICAL, Mathematical, French and English Private School for Young Gentlemen, No. 18 West [illegible] will be re-opened on Wednesday, Sept. [illegible] ing of two departments, the Principal [illegible] charge of his pupils' studies, most of [illegible] prepared in the school-room. He invites [illegible] desire thorough instruction for their sons [illegible] school and examine [illegible] Messrs. Robert Goellet, Griffith Thomas, Edward S. Clarke, John Caswell, William E. Laight; also, to Wm. H. Schermerhorn, Esq., Gen. James J. Jones, Dr. Isaac Ferris, Dr. Robert Baird and Dr. John McLean, President of Princeton College, N. J. Three or four young gentlemen will be received as boarding pupils. Circulars can be had at the bookstores of Messrs. CROWEN, STANFORD & CO., and CARTER.

THE HUDSON CLASSICAL INSTITUTE will be reopened Thursday, Sept. 9. It fits boys for college or business, and its plan is to take but a few, ascertain well their talents and disposition, instruct thoroughly, and make their school days happy as well as profitable. Its buildings have been newly and expensively fitted up. Address E. BRADBURY, Hudson, N. Y.

AMERICAN SCHOOL INSTITUTE, NO. 346 Broadway, supplies schools and families with teachers, schools with pupils, parents with school circulars, (gratuitously,) and teachers with positions. Teachers wanted. References—Faculty of Amherst College, Dr. Lowell Mason, Prof. A. Greenleaf, and others.
SMITH, WOODMAN & CO.

GEO. C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL FRENCH and English School, No. 872 Broadway, corner 18th-st., reopens Sept. 6. Circulars at the school and at RANDOLPH'S, No. 683 Broadway. Further particulars in advertisement in New-York *Tribune*.

LINNÆAN HILL SEMINARY, FLUSHING, L. I., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, September 1.—For Circulars, please address the Principal, M. B. CHASE. Refers to Isaac Peck, Flushing; Samuel Willetts, No. 303 Pearl-st., New-York.

PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The next term will commence on Wednesday the 8th inst. Application for admission may be made to the Principal, to Prof. EATON, or to either of the Trustees.
BROOKLYN, Sept. 6, 1858.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 18 4th-av., opposite Cooper Institute—is now open for the reception of pupils. Book-keeping classes will commence on the 15th of September.
ISAAC G. HUBBS, Principal.

L. KIEFFER'S DRAWING AND PAINTING classes are now open for the reception of pupils, at No. 45 Bleecker-st. east side of Broadway; gives, also, instruction at private houses.

MRS. COMEGYS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding School for young ladies, No. 15 East 31st-st., between 5th and Madison avs., reopens on the 16th of September.

MRS. J. T. GOODLIFFE'S SCHOOL FOR young ladies will reopen on Monday, Sept. 13, at No. 43 West 12th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

MRS. A. THIBAULT'S BOARDING AND Day School for young ladies will reopen, at No. 15 Washington-place, on Wednesday Sept. 15.

MISS F. B PRIEST'S SCHOOL—NO. 77 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 15.

MURRAY HILL COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Lexington-av. between 36th and 37th sts. Term begins Sept. 13.
B. A. SMITH, Principal.

MISS SNOW WILL REOPEN HER SCHOOL on MONDAY, Sept. 6, at No. 52 West 15th st.

TEACHERS.

NATIONAL TEACHERS' INSTITUTE, NO. 289 BROADWAY.—AGENCY FOR TEACHERS, SCHOOLS AND PUPILS.—Teachers and pupils introduced. Schools bought and sold. A select school for boys for sale in Brooklyn. No charge to parties wishing teachers. Parents aided in selecting schools. Correspondence throughout the Union. Send for circulars and blanks. Address RICE & ANDREWS, New-York.

A TEACHER WHO IS THOROUGHLY competent to teach English, Grammar, Arithmetic, Book-keeping Writing, &c., and who has been engaged in the same capacity in some of the best schools in this City and vicinity, from which can be produced the most satisfactory reference, is now prepared to give instructions in schools or private families. Address GEORGE, Box 167, office of this paper.

TEACHER.—A GRADUATE, WITH 5 YEARS' experience in and around this City, desires an engagement He teaches Greek, Latin, Mathematics, French and German. Is well versed in History and the Belles Letters, and deemed to excel in teaching English composition. Understands Law and double entry Bookkeeping. Good references given. Address DEYNCOURT, Box No. 171 *Times* Office.

BELLES LETTRES.—AN AMERICAN GENTLEMAN, unmarried, is wanted immediately, as resident instructor, and to take the Belles Lettres department of a large school. Successful experience in teaching and sound scholarship, are essential conditions of fitness. Apply in person to the Mount Pleasant Academy Sing Sing, New York.

WANTED—A PRIVATE TEACHER, A GERMAN or one who understands the best German method of education: he must be qualified to give instruction in Latin and Greek, French and general science. One suitable may have many privileges and perhaps facilities for traveling. Apply at 35 East 19th-st., from 1 to 4 P. M.

TO FAMILIES IN BROOKLYN.—A YOUNG lady desires a home in a quiet respectable family—in return for which she will fully educate one or more children in all the usual branches, including French and music. The highest references given and required. Address ONEIDA, Box No. 142 *Times* Office.

A COLLEGE GRADUATE WHO HAS taught many years with unqualified success, desires an engagement as principal or assistant. Address A. M. Box No. 168 *Times* Office, New-York.

TEACHER.—A LADY, WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE in teaching English, French, Music, and Drawing, desires a situation in a family, South preferred. Can be seen at room No. 167 Howard Hotel, Broadway.

A CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOLAR, of several years successful experience in teaching, desires an engagement as Principal or Assistant. Address M. D. G., box No. 168 *Times* Office.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

ESTABLISHED 1839.
GEO. R. JACKSON & CO.,
EXCELSIOR IRON WORKS,
Nos 199 and 201 Centre-st.,
Nos. 1, 3 and 5 Howard st., and
Nos. 117, 119 and 121 Elm-st.,
New-York,

Manufacturers of iron railing of all kinds for dwellings, cemeteries, parks, stores, offices, &c.
Bank doors, safes and window shutters.
Patent Prismatic Lights for vaults, areas, skylights, &c.
Enameled grates and fenders.
Corrugated iron roofs.
Having added a foundry to our works, we are prepared to furnish
Iron columns, beams, girders, and all kinds of castings for building purposes.
Specimens of our work can be seen at the *Times* Building, American Exchange Bank Wilson G. Hunt's store, Park-place; Thomas Hunt's store, College place, United States Custom-Houses at Buffalo, Oswego, Cleveland Detroit, Newark, New-Haven, Pensacola and Richmond; United States Marine Hospitals at Detroit and Portland, and United States Assay Office at New-York.

WHEELER'S MACHINE HORSE-SHOES, handsome shape, durable much superior to any hand-made and lower price. Dépôt at JOHN W. QUINCY & CO.'S, No. 98 William-st.

TELEGRAPH WIRE—BEST QUALITY, ALL kinds for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William st.

THOMAS PIG IRON—SOFT, FREE, STRONG, and a warranted substitute for Scotch Pig.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, &c., for sale by
JOHN W. QUINCY & Co., No. 98 William-st.

MOUNT-HOPE CUT NAILS, SUPERIOR quality; none better in market. Agents,
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

O. AMES & SON'S SHOVELS AND SPADES.—For sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., 98 William-st.

PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES.

THE NEW-JERSEY ZINC COMPANY,
NO. 165 WASHINGTON-ST., N. Y.
MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE OXIDE OF ZINC,
ZINC PAINTS AND PIG IRON.
A. H. FARLIN, Treas. H. AITKEN, President.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION—At the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., Franklin-square. All articles sold at the lowest factory prices. Paint Brushes of a superior quality constantly on hand. Machine Brushes made to order. JOHN K. HOPPEL.

COBURN'S EXTRA LARD OIL.—VERY pure, never gums, burns without crust brightly and long as sperm. Barrels 30 to 40 gallons.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

$4.50 DOUBLE-SOLE WATER-PROOF Sewed Boots now ready at JONES', No. 10 Ann-st. Also, those $3 50 double-sole peg boots, warranted to give satisfaction.

TO LET

FIRE-PROOF STORES, LOFTS AND OFFICES TO LET—In the *Times* Building, on Park row, Spruce and Nassau sts. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—A BRICK HOUSE, AT NO. 179 HIGH-st., Newark, N. J., three stories, basement and sub cellar, 11 rooms, with nearly all the modern improvements. Also for sale, all the Furniture in said house, most of it having been in use but a few months. This is a fine location for any gentleman doing business in the City, and desiring an out-of-town residence. For full particulars inquire at the northeast corner Maiden-lane and Water-st., of THEO. H. SMITH.

TO LET—THE THREE UPPER STORIES OF THE brown-stone building No. 285 Hudson st., between Canal and Spring. They are well lighted with six large windows to each room, handsomely finished; Croton water and gas in every story. The premises are especially worthy the attention of those whose business requires a genteel establishment, and will be rented low. Apply in the store on the premises.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT brick house No. 13 Warren place, Jersey City. Contains ten rooms, hot and cold water, gas, furnace &c., all in perfect order; three minutes' walk from the ferry; location one of the most desirable. Part of the furniture for sale if wanted. Possession can be had immediately. Rent $550. Apply at No. 287 Broadway.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING house No. 35 East 28th st., between 4th and Madison avs. The house is in complete order; has all the modern improvements, and immediate possession may be had. Apply to T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 18 Wall-st., or No. 90 East 18th st.

TO LET—THE NEW AND PLEASANT COTTAGES, near Myrtle-av. Railroad, Nos. 104 and 108 Ryerson st.; have gas, tea-room, extension marble mantels, and are complete and convenient. Possession now; keys at No. 106. Apply to JOHN BRAINERD, No. 2 Metropolitan Bank, and Wall-st. Ferry, Brooklyn.

TO LET—A STORE ON THE CORNER OF EIGHTEENTH-st. and Broadway. It is a good location for dry goods or most any other business. Rent $700, or $58 33-100 per month. Possession given immediately. Inquire of S. F. GOODSPEED, corner 5th-av. and 19th-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR STORY, FIRST-CLASS houses Nos. 3 and 11 Perry-st.; also, the large double house No. 45 Grove-st., suitable for a first-class boarding house; also, several desirable rooms No. 304 Broadway. Rent moderate. Apply to E. BLOOMER, 208 Broadway.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A WELL FURNISHED house, situated in a pleasant part of Brooklyn, possession given immediately. Apply at No. 12½ Vanderbilt Terrace, six doors north of Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

TO LET—THE TWO-STORY AND ATTIC HOUSE No. 56 Lispenard-st., can be had for any respectable business, including any light manufacturing business. Apply to WM. E. SHEPARD, No. 1½ Fulton st.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR OF STORE NO. 385 Broadway, (three rooms,) known as CHAMBERS' PIANO ROOMS. Apply to T. H. CHAMBERS' Piano Warerooms, Bible House, Astor-place, 8th-st. and 4th-av.

TO LET—THE NEW HOTEL CORNER OF Broadway and 21st-st. Inquire of S. HALSTED, No. 52 Murray-st., up stairs.

BOARDING-HOUSE TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—Seventeen rooms, handsomely furnished and filled with first class, permanent, paying boarders. This is a rare opportunity for any one wishing to go into a paying business; it is on St. John's Park and the cheapest rent in this City; less than $3,000 will buy everything in the house except piano and silver. Inquire at the drug-store, corner of Beach-st. and West Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—NO. 45 East 20th-st., between 4th-av. and Broadway, to a small private family only. To see the house apply at No. 58 East 22d-st., from 1 to 2 P. M. Rent moderate to a satisfactory tenant.

HOUSE TO RENT AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—The very desirable house No 109 Amity st., with gas, bath, and all the modern improvements, complete for a small family. Possession on or near the 1st of October. Apply on the premises after 11 o'clock.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

500 LOTS IN JERSEY CITY FOR SALE AT A GREAT BARGAIN.—These lots are in one plot, eight blocks from the ferry. Grand st. and the Morris Canal run through them. They are improving as fast as any property in the United States. They have a valuable water front, and will be sold very cheap or exchanged for good bonds or for merchandise excepting liquors. Inquire of S. P. TOWNSEND, No. 82 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR A FARM IN Westchester County preferred, or in the interior of the State, a new, first-class modern house, brown stone front, four stories high, 25 feet by 55, situated in 28th st., between 8th and 9th avs. The house contains all modern improvements, and every qualification desired. Immediate possession given. Inquire of T. J. HALL, No. 71 East 16th-st., or address him at Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL—A DESIRABLE residence in 39th st., a few doors west of the 5th-av. The house is of brick, three story, high stoop, 25x64, and modern in all its arrangements; lot 25x98 9. The above has been the residence of a gentleman who has left the City, and will be sold at $14,000. $8,000 can remain on bond and mortgage. For further particulars, inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank, Pine-st.

TO CAPITALISTS—FOR SALE.—THE SUBSCRIBER, who owns a small three-story brick house in a good location, wishes to sell the same, and would offer it at a bargain. He would like to retain a lease of it for three or more years at a fair rent. This is an excellent opportunity for a safe investment and a good return. Address H. E. WHITE, Box No. 145, *Times* office.

FOR SALE CHEAP ON EASY TERMS, OR would be exchanged for a farm near New-York, the three story and basement House, No. 161 East 35th st. Also, the two vacant Lots on the corner of Joralemon-st. and Sidney-place, Brooklyn. Inquire of L. MARCY, No. 97 Franklin, corner Church-st.

FOR SALE—TWO SMALL, NEAT BRICK HOUSES on 65th-st., near 2d av., in the vicinity of Jones' Wood; pleasantly situated; well built, with all the modern conveniences; one fire will do the cooking and heating; examine before buying elsewhere. Price low.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL, SEPARATELY or together, six of those very desirable lots in West 38th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on very favorable terms. Apply to R. G. PIERCE, No. 15 William st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

HOUSE WANTED.—A SMALL GENTEEL house, in a good neighborhood, with all the modern improvements—west side of the City preferred—for a family of respectability. Rent $500 to $600. Possession next month. Address T. K., Box No. 1,977, Post-Office.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—FOR seven or eight months, from Oct. 1; a moderate-sized, well-furnished house, in a respectable neighborhood, between 8th and 20th sts. Apply to X. Y. Z., Box No. 1,668 Post Office.

ANY PARTY HAVING A DESIRABLE house well-furnished, and in a good location in Brooklyn, and may wish to rent the same to a gentleman and his wife, may address Box No. 1,152 Post Office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—HILLDALE COTTAGE, SITUATED near the village of South Orange, N. J., within three minutes' walk of the dépôt, sixty minutes by railroad to the foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York, and thirty minutes' drive to Newark; on high ground, overlooking the valley and railroad, with the Orange Mountain in front, with one of the finest prospects in the county, having ten miles of mountain scenery from Milburn to West Bloomfield, containing six acres of ground under high cultivation. Shade trees surround the house. There are also about fifty fruit trees consisting of apples, cherries, &c. A living stream of water forms the Southern boundary. There is a well of good water and a cistern, which holds 2,500 gallons. The dwelling contains 14 rooms and 6 closets, a cellar, pantries &c. The parlor is 18x30; kitchen, 20x24, with Lockwood's elevated oven range. Hot and cold water, and soft and hard brought into the kitchen. Bathing-room, with hot and cold water. The barn is 30x60, with stalls for six horses, and room for six carriages, besides harness-room, granary, &c. Price $12,000; one-half may remain on bond and mortgage if required. Inquire on the premises, or at No. 323 Mulberry-st., Newark, N. J. S. P. SMITH.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE WANTED—NOT to exceed 40 miles from this City, in or near a village where there are good schools, society, &c; not more than one mile from railroad, communicating with this City several times daily; the house and out-buildings must be of recent build, and in first-rate order, with all the modern improvements, situated on elevated ground and in a healthy location. Land from 15 to 30 acres, of good quality, well improved, with plenty of fruit, &c., and a living stream of water running through it. Price not to exceed $15,000. Address, with minute and full description of the premises, to S. S., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE WANTED FOR CASH.—The subscriber wishes to purchase a farm of 30 to 60 acres within a distance of 60 miles from New-York City. A place eligibly located, easy of access by Railroad, with first rate buildings, good fruit of various kinds, well watered, and in a high state of cultivation is wanted. Any one wishing to dispose of property answering above description, low for ready money, may find a purchaser by inclosing full description to address of C. F. B., care of Harper & Co., Box No. 3,727 New York Post-Office.

N. B.—Property on Hudson River preferred.

TO LET—A COTTAGE, WITH OR WITHOUT SALE of furniture, at Hastings, 21 miles from the City, on the Hudson River Railroad, near the dépôt, the late residence of J. Wesley Butcher, deceased, with extra window sash for Winter use, garden of vegetables, well of good water, abundance of grapes, fruits, &c., and pleasant front yard, all in excellent order. The furniture will be sold low. Rent only $300. Apply to D. PERRY, on the premises, or to F. SHEPARD, No. 1 Wall-st.

$16,000.—FOR SALE—A MOST SPLENDID country seat containing 80 acres; fine and large buildings, fruits, &c.; beautifully located, 12 miles from New York, and easy of access; first class neighborhood; schools and churches. W. H. MELICK, No. 467 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL SITUATION ON THE Shrewsbury River, two miles below Red Bank, suitable for a boarding place. Inquire of Mrs. CHANDLER, on the premises, or the captains of the Shrewsbury steamboats.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE.—TWO HUNDRED ACRES, sixty in timber, situate in Central New-York, between Seneca and Cayuga lakes, and near the west shore of Cayuga; finely watered, elevated and rolling, no waste land, soil unsurpassed, fine orchard of best kinds of fruit, fences in model order; new, spacious and elegant buildings; one mile from Trumansburg on Ithaca and Geneva turnpike, and one mile from Taughanic Falls. Price, $80 per acre. Address WARREN HALSEY, Trumansburg, Tompkins County, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—IN PART FOR Brooklyn City property—a desirable Farm in Orange County, situated about three miles from the village of Newburgh, containing 127 acres of choice land, with extra buildings and fruit. For particulars apply to CHAS. PARTRIDGE, No. 125 Maiden-lane, New-York, or R. G. LOCKWOOD, on the premises.

FARM OF FORTY ACRES ON LONG Island Railroad, 10 miles from Fulton ferry, half-mile from station, nine trains daily each way; fine, early soil, good water, and healthy; no buildings well fenced. Price $8,000, and three-fourths to remain 20 years, or to lease 12 years at $500.

HOMER H. STUART, No. 54 Wall st.

AUCTION SALES.

W. B. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.

ATTRACTIVE SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) AT 10½ O'CLOCK.

Consisting of the entire rich and costly Furniture, Splendid Rosewood Piano-Forte, superb Paintings, Statuary, Rosewood Parlor Suites, &c., contained in the five-story residence No. 152 West 21st st., between 7th and 8th avs.; all of which is in perfect order, having been but little used, and will positively be sold, without reserve, embracing over four hundred lots of everything requisite for a magnificently-furnished house, consisting, in part, of three elegant rosewood parlor suites, two of which are covered in rich crimson brocatel, elegantly carved, and one in silk velvet, two rosewood marble-top etageres, with mirror fronts rosewood centre, pier and sofa tables four large mantel and pier mirrors, bronze and ormolu chandeliers, silk and lace curtains, Turkish chairs, and lounges to match, reception chairs in medallion.

SUPERB 7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO FORTE, inlaid with pearl, used but three months, with the warrantee for two years, large collection of beautiful oil-paintings marble groups, statuary, mantel vases, including Flora, the seasons, Venus at the Bath the Amazons, &c.; music cabinet, French secretary, rich carpets throughout the house, clocks, with every variety of rosewood chamber furniture, marble-top bureaus, bedsteads, 20 large hair mattresses and bedding, rosewood wardrobes, with mirror doors, French toilet sets, extension dining table, with oak dining-room furniture to match, marble-top sideboard, arm chairs, two superior sofa bedsteads, rich China, silver-ware, ruby and crystal cut glass, ivory and pearl cutlery, oil cloths, portable heaters, stair carpets, with a large variety of handsome mahogany furniture not enumerated, all of which will be sold at 10½ o'clock precisely, without regard to weather.

J. W. PORTER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—SUPERB HOUSEHOLD furniture, heavy French plate pier and mantel mirrors, rosewood piano-forte, marble vases, bronzes, velvet carpets, oil paintings, &c., at the five-story residence No. 218 West 14th st., between 8th and 9th avs. THURSDAY, Sept. 9, at 10½ o'clock precisely, the entire elegant furniture of the above house, most of which was made to order, and is of superior workmanship.

PARLORS—Magnificent rosewood parlor suites, in rich French satin, with solid rosewood frames; one of these celebrated 7-octave rosewood piano fortes, richly inlaid with pearl, and solid pearl keys; rosewood secretary, reception chairs, in satin; large easy chairs, splendid French plate pier glass, with slab and brackets rich twenty one-day bronze and ormolu clock, costly vases, rich brocatel and lace window curtains, shades velvet carpets elegantly-carved rosewood etegeres, with plate glass; oil paintings of great merit and high cost.

DINING-ROOM—Solid extension table, suite in moquet, richly carved suite all made to match throughout; elegant ruby and crystal-cut glass ware, rich silver ware, casters, tea service, large salvers, fruit stands, and baskets, coffee urns, kettles, napkin rings, spoons, forks, ladles, liquor-stand, butter knives, sugar tongs, best of ivory cutlery, tumblers, goblets, wines, decanters, &c.

CHAMBER—Rosewood and mahogany sofas, lounges, couch beds, bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, commodes, rosewood suites, chairs, rockers, elegant pier and mantel mirrors, thirty pure hair mattresses, bedroom suites complete, ingrain carpets, oil-cloth, rosewood hall stand, silver-plated stair rods, work table clocks; also a large and general assortment of basement and kitchen utensils.

T. GOULDSMITH, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—T. GOULDSMITH WILL sell, on THURSDAY, Sept. 9 at 10½ o'clock, at the residence of J. B. COPPINGER, Esq., No. 57 38th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., splendid rosewood and mahogany household furniture; rosewood suites in satin brocade, rosewood etageres, rosewood piano-forte, pearl keys; centre, sofa and side tables, fine marble statuary, bisque and China groups, ladies' escritoires and music stands; also, a fine collection of oil-paintings, that were on exhibition at the Dusseldorf Gallery, painted by eminent artists; also, a large lot of dining room furniture. China, dinner and tea sets, fine cut-glass, China and silver-plated ware, cutlery, fancy goods, &c. The bedrooms are furnished with rosewood and mahogany bedsteads dressing bureaus, washstands and commodes, spring and hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, velvet, tapestry, Brussels and ingrain carpets rugs, &c.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

SUPREME COURT—IN PARTITION.—HOUSE and lot, No. 37 Walker st., at Auction.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at Auction, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8, 1858 at 12 o'clock at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Stephen Merrihew, Esq., Referee, the valuable house and lot known as No. 37 Walker-st., on the south side, between Broadway and Church-st., being 19 feet front and 80 feet deep. For maps, &c., apply to the Auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st.

J. W. HUNT, Auctioneer.

J. W. HUNT WILL SELL, THIS DAY, Sept 8, at 10½ o'clock at the salesrooms No. 85 Nassau-st., a magnificent assortment of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

OIL PAINTINGS, MIRRORS, MATTRESSES,

SILVER-PLATED WARE, FANCY GOODS,

CUTLERY, CROCKERY, GLASS WARE, &c., &c.

Sale positive. Catalogues ready morning of sale. Goods packed on the premises for shipping.

H. H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 15, AT 10 1-2 o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 23 Nassau st., assignees sale of mirrors, picture frames, slabs, cornices, &c. The entire stock of a manufacturer, consisting of all sizes mantel, pier and square mirrors, oval do., rich gilt cornices, console tables, base do., marble tops, portrait frames, grained cornices, oil paintings, &c. The whole will be sold without reserve.

HENRY G. EVANS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD furniture, by HENRY G. EVANS, THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 145 West 24th st., near 8th av. The house is richly furnished with every requisite for a first-class house. The furniture has been but little used, and is first-class, as can be seen. Sale positive. Catalogues are ready at the house.

GEO. NICHOLS, Auctioneer, salesrooms No. 4 Cortlandt-st.

AUCTION NOTICE.—CONTINUATION SALE of the stock of household and office furniture, carpets, mirrors, &c., THIS DAY, Sept. 8, at 10½ o'clock. The stock will positively be sold to the highest bidders, without reserve, as the building is to be immediately torn down, and the store must be vacated on Friday. Catalogues now ready.

A. S. RICHARDS, Auctioneer.

500 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS.—RICHARDS & WHITING will sell, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8, at 10½ o'clock, at the store No. 44 Cortlandt-st., a general assortment of Boots and Shoes, mostly heavy goods suitable for Fall and Winter trade. Catalogues on morning of sale.

JOHN P. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

475 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS, at auction on THURSDAY, Sept. 9, at 10½ o'clock, at the store of J. F. DAVIS & CO., No. 56 Beekman-st. Prime assortment of fresh, seasonable goods, adapted to City or country trade.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.

BY SIMEON DRAPER, OFFICE NO. 36 Pine-st.—Regular Auction Sales at the Merchants' Exchange EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale. Sale THIS DAY at 12½ o'clock. See catalogue.

INSURANCE.

KNICKERBOCKER

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

NEW-YORK.

NO. 64 WALL-ST.

INCORPORATED 1787.

CAPITAL.......$280,000

WITH A SURPLUS.

INSURES AT THE REDUCED RATES.

WILLIAM TUCKER, President.

GEO. HODGSDON, Secretary.

CLINTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Office, No. 52 Wall-st., New-York.

CASH CAPITAL, $250,000; ASSETS, $300,000.

This Company insures property of all kinds against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

All losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS:

HUGH LAING,
EFF'GHAM TOWNSEND,
CHAS. R. SWORDS,
JOHN PENFOLD,
JOHN COMPTON,
D. HENRY HAIGHT,
JOSEPH LAWRENCE,
LEONARDO S. SUAREZ,
SILAS BRONSON,
A. R. ENO,
JOHN WATSON,
JOSEPH W. CORLIES,
SAMUEL WILLETTS,
S. T. NICOLL,
GEO. GRISWOLD, JR.,
NOAH S. HUNT,
THOMAS SMULL,
J. H. RANSOM,
GEO. A. TOWNSEND,
DON ALONZO CUSHMAN,
U. J. SMITH,
ALFRED WILLIS,
SYLVESTER L. H. WARD,
ALVE. E. LAING,
ROBERT M. BRUCE,
J. S. BOYD,
A. YZNAGA [illegible],
LAWRENCE [illegible],
HENRY S. LEVERICH,
J. H. HOLCOMB.

HUGH LAING, President.

JAS. B. AMES, JR., Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO CAPITALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS.—Wanted, a partner, with a cash capital of $8,000 to $10,000, to buy one-third interest in a new patent for the United States. Inquire of E. H. BROWN, Merchants' Hotel, Cortlandt-st., where samples of the article may be seen.

FOR SALE.—SLOOP CORNELIA A. KNEELAND. 31 tons, 7 years old, and sails fast. The said sloop will be sold at public auction at the Merchants' Exchange on FRIDAY, 10th inst., at 12½ o'clock, by Adrian H. Muller. F. L. KNEELAND, Mortgagee, No. 159 Front-st.

PROPELLER FOR SALE—OF 300 TONS burden, in first-rate order; boiler and furniture being new. She is well adapted to the Southern trade, and is now running on a good route, doing a good business. Address Box No. 3,775.

TO GENTLEMEN OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.—I have a splendid optical apparatus, expressly arranged for any gentleman to travel with. Call and see its effects, in 81st st., Yorkville, first brick building west of 3d-av. R. W. JENKS.

$1,000 PER YEAR.—WANTED, A FEW ENERGETIC business men as agents, in a permanent and lucrative business. JAS. G. REED, No. 348 Broadway, No. 33 Appleton Building.

WANTED—A RELIABLE COMMISSION MERCHANT, in every State, to wholesale Otis' Patent Lightning Conductors, to our traveling agents. LYON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 455 Broadway.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

CLASS OF 1858 OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—There will be a special meeting of the above Class at Jones' House, No. 734 Broadway, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock, to take measures relative to the decease of D. Ledyard Mallison. By order of the Class. HENRY W. HOOPER, Secretary.

BILLIARDS.

BILLIARDS.—FOR SALE, A SPLENDID STOCK of new and second-hand tables, with marble and slate beds; everything complete. Call and examine. Price $150, $250 and $300. Second-hand bagatelle table for sale cheap. W. H. GRIFFITH, No. 146 Fulton st.

FINANCIAL.

AUGUST BELMONT,

BANKER, NO. 76 BEAVER-ST.,

ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT, AVAILABLE TO TRAVELERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

HOFFMAN, CAMPBELL & CO.,

BANKERS,

AND DEALERS IN BULLION AND SPECIE,

No. 45 WALL-st., (Phœnix Bank Building.)

COLLECTIONS — ON ALL PARTS OF THE United States and Canada, made by HOFFMAN, CAMPBELL & CO., No. 45 Wall-st., Phœnix Bank Building.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris,

and

No. 8 Wall st., New-York.

Grant LETTERS OF CREDIT for Mercantile Purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the principal towns and cities of

France, Belgium, Italy,
Great Britain, Spain, Germany,
Ireland, Portugal, Russia,
Holland, Switzerland, Sweden.

ALSO, ON

Athens, Constantinople, Alexandria,
Beyrout, Jerusalem, Cairo, &c.

BILLS ON PARIS, and STERLING BILLS, at short, or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

TO IMPORTERS.

H. S. LANSING & CO., European Bankers, Commission Merchants and proprietors of the AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN EXPRESS, Nos. 72 and 98 Broadway, New-York. Forward goods from London, Liverpool, Paris and Havre with the utmost dispatch, and at the lowest rates of freight which can be obtained, either by steamer or packet. Parcels of all kinds sent by their express to or from any part of Europe or the United States, Canadas or the West Indies, at the most reasonable rates. Sight and time bills on London or Paris.

FOREIGN OFFICES:

LANSING, BALDWIN & CO., No. 8 Place de la Bourse, Paris. LANSING, BALDWIN & CO., I. C. KANE, Agent, No. 21 Rue Corneille, Havre. LANSING, STARR & CO., No. 9 Chapel-st., Liverpool. LIVES & MACEY, No. 61 King William-st., London.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

Grant mercantile credits for use in India, China, &c., on

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION

and

Messrs. GEORGE PEABODY & CO., of London.

For use in Australia on

THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,

BANKERS,

CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,

issue

CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world. Also,

MERCANTILE CREDITS,

for use in EUROPE, CHINA, etc.

MORSE & CO., BANKERS,

And dealers in stocks, bonds, exchange and commercial paper, on commission. No. 49 Wall-st., and No. 41 William-st., New-York. Orders for purchase and sale of stocks and bonds at the Board of Brokers by letter or otherwise promptly executed. Cash advanced on sound salable securities. Refer to Continental Bank, G. Von Baur & Co., New-York.

SWEENY, RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO.,

BANKERS,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO COLLECTIONS here, or in Virginia. Returns made on day of maturity at current rates. Refer to

Metropolitan Bank, New-York,

Van Vleck, Read & Drexel, New-York.

BURLINGTON AND MISSOURI RIVER RAILROAD CO.'S LAND AND ROAD MORTGAGE BONDS.—Sealed proposals will be received by this Company at their office, No. 48 City Exchange, Boston, up to the 1st day of October next, at 1 o'clock A. M., for a loan of five hundred thousand dollars, ($500,000,) in money, payable as follows:

10—Ten per cent on the 5th day of October next, which first installment the Company will retain without issuing Bonds therefor until the last installment is paid.
20—Twenty per cent. on the 1st day of November next.
20—Twenty per cent. on the 1st day of December next.
10—Ten per cent. on the 1st day of January, 1859.
10—Ten per cent. on the 1st day of February, 1859.
10—Ten per cent. on the 1st day of March, 1859.
10—Ten per cent. on the 1st day of April, 1859.
10—Ten per cent. on the 1st day of May, 1859.

For each installment except the first, Bonds will be issued, with proper adjustment of interest, when payments are made; or payments may be made earlier by notifying the Treasurer of the Company thereof, at the time when the first payment is made.

The Construction Bonds now offered are in sums of $500 and $1,000 each, to be dated Oct. 1, 1858, having twenty-five years to run, bearing 8 per cent. interest, payable semi-annually in New-York, being a part of an issue of one million of dollars which may be made, and secured by a first mortgage and trust deed to John M. Forbes, Henry P. Kidder, and John N. A. Griswold, Trustees of 40 miles of railroad and its appurtenances, and more than 200,000 acres of valuable land in Iowa, covering also the first section of 35 miles of road from Burlington to Skunk River, which section is subject to liens amounting to $650,000. The proceeds of the lands constitute a sinking fund for the purchase and extinguishment of these Bonds; and by the terms of said mortgage and trust deed they are receivable at par in payment for any of said lands.

This issue will secure the completion of the Road to Ottumwa, in the Des Moines Valley, (a central point for the business of Southern and Western Iowa,) early next year.

Further information may be obtained at the office of the Company, or from its late report.

Other things being equal, a preference will be given to the smaller bids made by our stockholders, who are especially invited to share in the loan, the Company reserving to themselves the right to consider the responsibility of the parties making the proposals, as well as the rate offered. With these exceptions, they will award the loan pro rata to the highest bidder.

(Signed) EDWARD L. BAKER, President.

J. N. DENISON, Treasurer.

BOSTON, Sept. 6, 1858.

LOAN OF $1,490,500—HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD BONDS.—The Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company will, until Saturday, the 14th day of August next, at noon, receive at the office of the Fiscal Agency, in Boston, sealed proposals for the purchase of $1,490,500 of their Land Bonds, in sums of $500 or $1,000.

A statement of the condition of the Company is in preparation, by which it will be apparent that the sale of their bonds will, with the other available resources of the Company, afford sufficient means to open the road through early next Spring.

The bonds now offered from the balance of the issue of $5,000,000, secured by a first mortgage to Wm. H. Swift, Sidney Bartlett and Nathaniel Thayer, Trustees, upon the lands granted to the Company, and are payable in twenty-five years from April 1, 1856, with interest, semi-annually, at 7 per cent. per annum.

The taker of each Bond will receive a certificate, giving him the optional right to take, at any time within one year after the cars run through from Hannibal to St. Joseph an equal amount in the stock of the Company, subject to assessment as follows: $5 per share upon electing to take the stock and receiving the certificate of scrip, and not over $30 per share during any six months thereafter.

The said assessments will be receivable in any of the Land Bonds of the Company now offered, with proper adjustment of interest.

10 per cent. upon each subscription to the loan will be payable on the 17th day of August next, and will be retained as security, without issuing bonds therefor, until the whole of such subscription is paid up.

10 per cent. on the 17th of September.
20 per cent. on the 17th of October.
20 per cent. on the 17th of November.
20 per cent. on the 17th of December.
20 per cent. on the 17th of January.

For each installment, except the first, bonds will be issued, with proper adjustment of interest when payments are made; or payments may be made earlier, by notifying the Treasurer of the Fiscal Agency thereof, at the time the first payment is made.

The proceeds of the sales of the 600,000 acres of land of the Company is appropriated, as fast as received, to the payment of the bonds, at par, by lot, and the bonds are receivable, as cash, in payment for the lands of the Company.

Upon the above conditions the Loan will be awarded to the highest responsible bidders, the Company reserving to themselves the right to consider the responsibility of the parties making the proposals, as well as the rate offered.

R. S. WATSON,

Treasurer of the Fiscal Agency,

No. 45 City Exchange, Boston, Mass.

PHENIX BANK, NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1858.

BALANCES AND DIVIDENDS REMAINING unclaimed for two years next preceding 1st of September, 1858.

BALANCES.	
Accessory Transit Co (div.) March 5 1855, N. Y.	$270 00
American Oil Co., March 5, 1855, N. Y.	23 50
Bradly, E., July 26 1855, unknown	04
Blatchford, M. A., June 11, 1855, unknown	9 38
Brinsmade, E. L., June 9, 1855, unknown	38
Brown Robert C., Feb. 23, 1854, unknown	67
Schwarz, A., March 27, 1854, N. Y.	67
Wilbor, J. B. Jr., Dec. 8, 1854, unknown	6 36
DIVIDENDS.	
Barclay, Geo. Trustee, July 1, 1856, 55 shares	$44 00
Beard, A. E., July 1, 1856, 100 shares	80 00
Griffen, Solomon, July 1, 1856, 50 shares	40 00
Hermann, Marcus, in trust, July 1, '56, 7 shares	5 60

City and County of New-York, (ss.)—I, Peter M. Bryson, Cashier of the Phenix Bank of the City of New York, being duly sworn do depose and say that the above statement of unclaimed balances and dividends is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. P. M. BRYSON.

Sworn before me this 2d day of September, 1858.

WM. CURRIE, Commissioner of Deeds.

BILLS AND NOTES PAYABLE IN CANADA, where the Bank of British North America has Branches or Agencies, collected free of charge, when exchange thereon is provided for.

Drafts granted and bills purchased and collected on England, Scotland and Ireland, Australia and the British Provinces in North America.

R. C. FERGUSSON, } No. 29
F. H. GRAIN, } William-st.,
C. F. SMITH, } New-York.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—THE UNION BANK OF LONDON, as Agents for Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, New York, hereby give notice that they will receive money on account of that firm, for which they will issue free of charge LETTERS OF CREDIT or CIRCULAR NOTES of £10 and upwards, similar to those in such extensive use on the Continent of Europe and elsewhere, payable at all the principal cities and towns in the United States, Canada &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED, LATE OF THE firm of R. B. MANNION & CO., will continue his former business at No. 51 William-st. Particular attention will be paid to the negotiation of business paper and the purchase and sale of Stocks. WM. BORROWE, JR.

$300,000.—FOR SALE—A CHARTER, WITH very desirable banking powers. A portion of the purchase price will be received in securities on property. Inquire at No. 16 Wall-st., Room No. 6.

TREASURY NOTES, BEARING THREE PER cent., 4 per cent., 4½ per cent., 4¾ per cent., and 5 per cent., for sale, in sums to suit purchasers, by M. MORGAN & SON, No. 37 William-st.

DIVIDENDS.

THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY will pay a dividend of four dollars per share, to the Stockholders, on demand, at their office, No. 60 Wall-st. GEO. FARMER, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 6, 1858.

FOR EUROPE.

TRAVELING IN EUROPE.—The General Courier and Traveling Servant's Society of different nations, established in London in 1851, beg most respectfully to solicit the patronage of the American traveling public. This is the only Society of its class that is registered according to act of Parliament, and into which no one is admitted if not found to be of strict integrity, and thoroughly understanding his duties; passports prepared. Information given, free of charge, by applying to the Secretary, No. 12 Bury-st., St. James', London.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.......$130
Second Cabin Passage.......75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.......$110
Second Cabin Passage.......60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Wickman.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Ryrie.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 8.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York, Wed'ay, Sept. 15.
ASIA, Lott, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 22.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wed'day, Sept. 29.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO ALL PARTS OF GREAT BRITAIN, VIA GALWAY, IRELAND.

THE SHORTEST SEA PASSAGE BETWEEN AMERICA AND EUROPE.

NEW-YORK AND GALWAY STEAMSHIP LINE.—This line now comprises six powerful steamships, among which are the PRINCE ALBERT, AMERICAN EMPIRE, BRITISH EMPIRE, INDIAN EMPIRE, and PACIFIC. The next steamer due is the PACIFIC, and will be dispatched about the middle of September, of which due notice will be given. Persons visiting Ireland reach their destination in three fourths the time taken by any other route, and all have an opportunity of visiting places and scenery of unrivaled interest in Ireland, with free tickets by the usual Railroad routes from Galway to any of the principal cities of Great Britain.

First-class....$90 | Second class....$50 | Third-class....$30

A liberal cabin table will be provided, and cooked provisions for third-class passengers to Galway. For freight, passage and further particulars, apply to WM. A. SALE & CO., No. 46 South-st.

THE VANDERBILT EUROPEAN LINE of steamships between New-York, Southampton, Havre and Bremen, will sail as follows, carrying the UNITED STATES MAILS:

New-York for Southampton and Havre.	From Havre and Southampton for New-York.
NORTH STAR, Sat., Sept. 11	WEDNESDAY.....Sept. 29
VANDERBILT, Sat. Sept. 25	WEDNESDAY.....Oct. 13

From New-York for Southampton, Havre and Bremen.	Bremen for Southampton.	Havre and Southampton for New-York.
NORTH LIGHT...Oct. 2	Oct. 30.	Oct. 6.
ARIEL.........Oct. 30	Nov. 27.	Dec. 1.

These steamships have water tight compartments, and carry able surgeons.

Price of passage per Vanderbilt: 1st cabin, $100 and $120; 2d cabin, $60; and per North Star, Northern Light and Ariel—1st cabin, $80; 2d cabin, $50; 3d cabin, $30.

Certificates issued for passage from Europe.

Specie delivered in London and Paris.

D. TORRANCE, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, GALWAY, AND ALL PARTS OF GREAT BRITAIN AND THE CONTINENT.

Through TAPSCOTT'S GENERAL PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 86 South st. By Steamships and Sailing Packets, as under:

Packet-ship DANIEL WEBSTER, for London, Sept. 9th.
Packet-ship JAS. FOSTER, JR., for Liverpool, Sept. 10th.
Steamship EDINBURGH, for Glasgow, Sept. 8th.
Steamship CITY OF BALTIMORE, Liverpool, Sept. 9th.
Steamship NORTH STAR, for London and Continent, Sept. 11th.
Steamship PACIFIC, for Galway, about Sept. 15th.

In either of which steamships or sailing packets, passage can be engaged, either to or from at the lowest possible rates. Drafts payable in any part of England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales. For further particulars, apply to TAPSCOTT & CO., No. 86 South-st., New York.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE United States Mail steamer FULTON, J. A. WOTTON, Commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton, to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, Sept. 18, at 12 o'clock, from pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st. This ship has five water-tight compartments inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured. Baggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "below."

For freight or passage, apply to

W. S. DRAYTON, Agent,

No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer ARAGO will succeed the FULTON and sail Oct. 16.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, DUBLIN AND LONDONDERRY, without delay, for $30.—Return tickets to either of the above places good for six months, by any steamer of the line, $60.

FROM NEW-YORK.

EDINBURG, Cumming, Wednesday, Sept. 8, at 12, noon.
GLASGOW, Goodwin, ——— ———, at 12, noon.

Rates of Passage—Cabin, $75; third class, found with cooked provisions, $30. For freight or passage, apply to ROBERT CRAIG, No. 17 Broadway.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT — Commencing Monday, May 17, 1858:

Trains leave the Dépôt corner of White and Centre sts., New-York, at

6:15 P. M., for White Plains, stopping at all stations.

Trains leave Dépôt corner of 26th-st. and 4th-av., New-York, at:

8:10 A. M. Williams Bridge Train, stopping at all intermediate stations.
8:30 A. M. Mail Train, stopping at, and all stations North of, Williams Bridge.
11 A. M. Williams Bridge Train, stopping at all stations.
11:30 A. M. White Plains, do. do.
3:30 P. M. Williams Bridge, do. do.
4:00 P. M. White Plains, do. do.
5:00 P. M. Dover Plains Train, stopping at Williams Bridge and all stations North.
5:40 P. M. White Plains Train, stopping at al stations.
6:30 P. M. Williams Bridge Train, stopping at all stations.

Returning, leave Chatham Four Corners:

12:50 P. M. Mail Train, stopping at Williams Bridge, White Plains, and all stations North.

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY, May 10, 1858, and until further notice, passenger trains will leave Pier, foot of Duane st., as follows, viz.: Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M., for Dunkirk and principal intermediate stations. Mail train at 8 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Rockland Passenger, at 3 P. M., from foot Chambers-st., via Pierpont, for Sufferns and intermediate stations. Way passenger at 4 P. M., for Newburgh, Middletown and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton, with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad for Syracuse; at Corning, with the Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester; at Great Bend, with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Hornellsville, with the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad, for Buffalo; at Buffalo and Dunkirk, with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c. CHAS. MORAN, President.

OFFICE NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD CO., }
New-York, June 11, 1858. }

THE NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD Company have earnestly endeavored during the past two months to establish and maintain uniform and remunerative rates of traffic by the four great lines which connect the Atlantic cities and the West. Having failed in this, and believing it to be injudicious and improper to influence traffic by the issue of free passes, by the employment of runners and solicitors or by any other underhanded means, the Company, rather than resort to such means, have determined to reduce the fares, on and after Monday next, 14th inst., as follows: between

New-York and Dunkirk, to.......$5 10
New-York and Buffalo, to.......5 00
New-York and Niagara Falls, or Suspension Bridge, to.......5 00

CHARLES MORAN, President.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing April 28, 1858. Leave New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 A. M., 12 M., and 4 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains, and at 5:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st. at 7:30 and 12 M., 4 and 5 P. M.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 12 M. only.

JOHN O. STEARNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM AUG. 28, 1858, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains, 6 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Albany and Troy Passenger Train, 11:30 A. M. and 10:30 P. M.; for Sing Sing, 10 A. M., 4 P. M., and 6:45 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie, 7 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; for Peekskill, 1:30 and 5:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Peekskill and Sing Sing Trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:30 and 10:20 A. M., and 4:30 and 8 P. M.; and Albany at 4:45 and 10:30 A. M., and 4:45 and 8:15 P. M.; on Sundays at 9:45 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On Monday next, Aug. 30, a change of Time table will take place. For particulars see small bills and advertisements. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD NOTICE.—ON and after Thursday, Sept. 9, Trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. for Greenport.

Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 12 M., for Syosset.

Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 3.30 P. M., for Yaphank.

Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 4.30 P. M., for Syosset.

Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 5.30 P. M., for Hempstead.

Leaves South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 7.15 P. M., for Jamaica.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST from JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. A train from New-York, fare $2 25. New-Jersey Accommodation, 12 M., fare $2 25. Tickets sold for Cincinnati and West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.

J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

No baggage will be received for any train unless delivered and checked 15 minutes in advance of the time of leaving.

FLUSHING RAILROAD—LEAVES FULTON Market Wharf, by steamer IOLAS, 6:35, 7:50 and 10 A. M.; 1, 4 and 6 P. M. The cars leave Flushing at 6:45, 8 and 10 A. M., and 1, 4 and 6 P. M., exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point—through in 50 minutes. Fare 25 cents. WM. M. SMITH, Secretary.

N. B.—Pic-nic and excursion parties taken at reduced rates.

ALLSOPP'S CELEBRATED EAST INDIA Tonic Pale Ale, for sale in three and five gallon kegs, by G. E. MENDUM, No. 18 Wall-st. Samples on draught in the finest possible condition.

STEAMBOATS.

SEPTEMBER. FARE 25 CENTS. 1858.

From New-York

FOR SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH DIRECT, Highlands, Ocean House, Port Washington, Mount's and Brown's Docks, Fair Haven and Red Bank.

The new and splendid steamer

HIGHLAND LIGHT,

Captain H. B. PARKER,

In connection with the

LAURA,

Will run as follows from foot of Robinson st. Pier, North River.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.

Tuesday, Sept. 7, 7½ A. M.
Wednesday, Sept. 8, 7½ A. M.
Thursday, Sept. 9, 8½ A. M.
Friday, Sept. 10, 9 A. M.
Saturday, Sept. 11, for Ocean House and Red Bank, 9½ A. M.
Saturday, Sept. 11, for Ocean House and Red Bank, 3½ P. M.
Sunday, Sept. 12, 8 A. M.

LEAVE RED BANK.

Tuesday, Sept. 7, 2½ P. M.
Wednesday, Sept. 8, 3 P. M.
Thursday, Sept. 9, 3½ P. M.
Friday, Sept. 10, 4 P. M.
Saturday, Sept. 11, 10 A. M., connect with the LAURA.
Saturday, Sept. 11, 3½ P. M.
Sunday, Sept. 12, connect with LAURA and BRANCH, 4 P. M.

NELSON TAYLOR'S Squan Line of Stages will connect with the Boats at Red Bank, only on their trips to Red Bank.

Time Tables can always be had of W. C. LEMON, No. 192 Broadway, and BESSON, BROWER & Co., 179 West-st.

FARE 25 CENTS.

FOR SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH DIRECT; HIGHLANDS, OCEAN HOUSE, PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S DOCK, BROWN'S DOCK, MIDDLETOWN, FAIR HAVEN AND RED BANK.—The new and swift steamer ALICE PRICE, JOHN BORDEN, Commander, will run as follows, from Robinson-st., N.R.:

LEAVE NEW-YORK, FOOT ROBINSON-ST.	LEAVE RED BANK AND PLEASURE BAY.
Monday, Sept 6.....7 A. M.	Monday, Sept. 6, 1 P. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 7...7 A. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 7, 2 P. M.
Wednesday, Sept. 8, 8½ A. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 8, 3 P. M.
Thursday, Sept. 9, 8½ A. M.	Thursday, Sept. 9, 3½ P. M.
Friday, Sept. 10, 9 A. M.	Friday, Sept. 10, 4 P. M.
Saturday, Sept. 11, 9½ A. M.	

The steamer LEADER connects with this boat for Pleasure Bay, Atlantic Dock, and Branch Port, without charge. Kerr's Express by this line.

Elias Haight's stages for Squan; also stages to all parts of the country.

PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT

FOR

HUNTINGTON, NORTHPORT, STONY BROOK AND PORT JEFFERSON.

The favorite and staunch steamer GOLDEN GATE, Capt. S. BLAKEMAN, will leave New-York from Catharine Market-slip, for the above places on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 11 o'clock A. M. Returning, will leave Port Jefferson Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 o'clock A. M., Stony Brook at 9, Northport at 11, East Neck Dock at 11½. Stages will connect at all the places. Meals on board. J. POST, Agent, No. 23 South-st.

FOR SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS, OCEAN House, Long Branch, Little Silver and Ocean Port. The well-known steamer LONG BRANCH will

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE OCEAN PORT.
Wednesday, Sept. 8, 3½ P. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 8, 7 A. M.
Thursday, Sept. 9, 3½ P. M.	Thursday, Sept. 9, 7 A. M.
Friday Sept. 10, 3½ P. M.	Friday, Sept. 10, 7 A. M.
Saturday Sept. 11, 3½ P. M.	Saturday, Sept. 11, 7 A. M.

The LAURA will connect with this boat to and from Red Bank.

NELSON TAYLOR'S Squan line of stages connect with this boat; also, stages to all parts of the country.

FARE TO NEW-HAVEN, 50 CENTS— BERTHS FREE.—The steamer ELM CITY will leave Peck-slip every day, at 3 P. M. The TRAVELER every night, at 11. The GRANITE STATE for Hartford every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 P. M. Freight forwarded by New-Haven Steamers and Railroad to Vermont, Northern New-York and Canada.

FRANCIS HYDE, Agent.

RICHARD PECK,

Agent New-Haven Steamer Co.

NOTICE.—CHANGE OF HOUR.—ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8, the steamer CLIFTON, Capt. T. R. PADDOCK, will leave foot of Jay-st at 8 o'clock A. M., (Sundays included,) landing at Yonkers, Hastings, Dobb's Ferry, Irvington, Tarrytown, Sing Sing and Haverstraw; landing at Amos-st. each way. Freight taken at low rates, and cash on delivery. Returning, leave Haverstraw at 1 P. M. For freight or passage, apply to GEORGE T. STANLEY, foot of Robinson st., office.

FOR CONEY ISLAND AND FORT HAMILTON—The steamboat UNION, captain ANNING SMITH will run daily, leaving West 10th-st. (Amos) at 9¼, 12¼, and 3¼ o'clock; Spring st. at 9½, 12½, and 3½ o'clock, and Pier No. 4, North River, at 10, 1, and 4 o'clock. Returning leaves the Island at 11, 2 and 6¼ o'clock, touching at Fort Hamilton each way. Fare for the excursion, 25 cents.

KEYPORT AND CLIFFWOOD.—THE COMMODIOUS steamboat AURORA will leave from foot of Murray-st. at 8:45 A. M.; returning, leave Keyport at 3 P. M., (Sundays excepted,) touching at Cliffwood each way, and connecting with stages to Middletown Point and Freehold.

DAY-BOAT FOR ALBANY.—STEAMER METAMORA, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from Pier foot of Jay-st., at 7 o'clock A. M.

FOR THE SOUTH.

SPEED—COMFORT—ECONOMY.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—U. S. MAIL LINE.—The favorite steamship AUGUSTA, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, will leave on THURSDAY, Sept. 9, at 12 M., from Pier 4, N. R. Through tickets can be had for the following places. Fare as low as by any other steamers from New-York to Savannah. Accommodations superior. New-York to New-Orleans, $39 50; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $26; Atlanta, Ga., $23; Albany, Ga., $24. New York to Columbus, Ga., $23; Macon, Ga., $21; Savannah, $15. N. B.—Persons wishing through tickets must apply one hour before departure of steamer. For freight or passage, apply to SAML. L. MITCHILL & SON, No. 13 Broadway. Steamers for Florida connect at Savannah, leaving every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

U. S. Mail Line of Side-wheel Steamships.

THROUGH IN 48 HOURS.

The Steamship NASHVILLE, L. M. MURRAY, Commander, will leave from the stream on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 8, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Freights will be received on Pier No. 4 North River, commencing this day. Boots, shoes and hats, will be taken at 10 cents per foot; dry goods, 13 cents; all other freights at regular tariff rates.

For passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

Through tickets to Florida and the following places may be had on application as above: To Montgomery, $29; to Atlanta, $23; to Augusta, $20.

During the prevalence of the epidemic at Charleston, the ships of this line will be loaded by barges from Pier No. 4, North River. Shippers will insure accordingly.

Bills of Lading will be signed by the Purser at the office on the dock.

FOR PORTSMOUTH, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.—The United States mail steamship ROANOKE, Captain THOMAS SKINNER, will leave on WEDNESDAY, the 8th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., from Pier No. 13, North River. She will arrive at Portsmouth the next afternoon, and at Petersburg the following morning. Passengers for the South will proceed directly on by the great Southern mail line. Those for Richmond will arrive there early on Friday morning. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passengers fare, with stateroom, to Norfolk, $8; to Petersburg and Richmond, $10. Apply to HENRY LUDLAM, No. 32 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—THE American Atlantic Screw-Steamship Company's new and first-class steamship HUNTSVILLE, J. A. POST, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12 North River, on SATURDAY, Sept. 11, at 4 o'clock precisely. Passage to Savannah, $15. Through tickets to Macon, $21; Montgomery, $26; Atlanta, $23; Columbus, $23; Albany, Ga., $24; Mobile, $35; New-Orleans, $39. Insurance one-half per cent. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

EXCURSIONS.

DAILY EXCURSIONS TO HARLEM, MOTT HAVEN, TREMONT, MORRISANIA, EAST AND WEST CHESTER, WEST FARMS, HIGH BRIDGE.

The HARLEM AND NEW-YORK NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

new and splendid steamers

SYLVAN SHORE and SYLVAN GROVE.

Leave

Harlem.	Peck-slip.
6 00 A. M.	7 00 A. M.
7 00 A. M.	8 00 A. M.
8 00 A. M.	9 15 A. M.
9 00 A. M.	11 00 A. M.
10 30 A. M.	1 30 P. M.
1 00 P. M.	3 15 P. M.
3 00 P. M.	4 15 P. M.
4 15 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
5 15 P. M.	6 15 P. M.
6 15 P. M.	7 15 P. M.

Landing at 10th and 120th sts., each way.

FARE 8 CENTS.

Running through the East and Harlem Rivers, past Hurl Gate, Blackwell's, Ward's and Randall's Islands, giving a fine view of the public institutions. Stages or private conveyance to any of the above villages or the High Bridge, on the arrival of each boat at Harlem. All Fulton Ferry stages run to within two piers of the Peck-slip landing. All Dry Dock and Greenpoint Ferry stages, to and from the 10th-st. landing.

EXCURSIONS TO ELIZABETHPORT, N. J.—The steamboats RED JACKET, WYOMING or KILL VAN KULL leave Pier No. 2 North River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 7:30 A. M., 12 M., 4 and 5:30 P. M. Returning leave Elizabethport at 5:30 A. M., 8:45 A. M., 2:15 and 6:20 P. M. Tickets to go and return the same day, 30 cents; to Elizabeth City 10 cents additional.

EXCURSIONS.—THE NEW AND FAST STEAMERS MASSACHUSETTS, STEVENS, and LOCKWOOD, with barges, for charter to lodges, &c. Apply to JOSEPH T. MARTIN, Agent, No. 68 South-st., cor. Pine.

COAL.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF COAL AT $4 50 PER TON.—Celebrated Locust Mountain Coal, for foundries, furnaces and ranges, and best red ash Coal for parlor grates, ranges and stoves, all perfectly free of bone, slate or dust, screened and delivered at $4 50 per ton. Weight warranted or forfeit of the coal. Yard No. 54 Worth-st., between Church and West Broadway. D. F. LAWLER, late McDonald & Lawler.

COAL $4 50.—FAMILIES LAYING IN THEIR supply can have the best quality of stove, range, grate and furnace coal, screened from under cover, at $4 50 per ton, delivered from yards corner King and Greenwich-sts., No. 63 Canal st., near Allen, and No. 137 Duane-st., and 46th-st., near 11th-av.

MATTHEW CLINTON.

COAL YARD, CORNER THIRTY-SECOND-STREET AND LEXINGTON-AVENUE.—On hand, and constantly discharging from boats, direct from the most approved mines, Locust Mountain, Wilkesbarre, and Red Ash Coals, selected expressly for domestic purposes.

SIDNEY, PICTOU AND LINGAN COAL MINES.—Gas Companies, iron manufacturers and others, wishing to import coal from these mines, can have full information, or credits opened by addressing or inquiring of

CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

H. A. PATTERSON & BROTHERS HAVING been compelled by fire to remove from No. 13 Bowery, are preparing to offer the remains of their damaged stock of hardware, in the new building at the junction of the Bowery and Oliver-st.

MEDICAL.

A CARD.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—C. D. HAMMOND, M. D., pupil of Ricord, of Paris, (who is the first Venereal Surgeon living,) and of Professors CARNOCHAN and MOTT, of this City, continues the practice of this Specialty, at No. 61 Bleecker-st., eighth house east of Broadway, New-York. All complicated disorders of the Sexual System effectually treated, including Weaknesses, &c., &c. Consultations in English, French and by letter. Office hours from 9 to 1, and 6 to 9 in the evening.

RICORD'S, VELPEAU'S, CIVIALE'S, ACTON'S CURLING'S, and the Venereal Hospital Practice, of Paris and London, by Dr. LARMONT. As some persons afflicted with Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Primary and Constitutional Syphilis, Nervous Debility, Seminal Emissions, Impotency, &c., may not be aware of the fact, he takes this medium of informing them that he is the only graduate in this City who is exclusively treating and curing those diseases, and whose connection with the European hospitals enables him to adopt the latest and most radical treatment, curing the oldest and most severe cases, at No. 82 Mercer-st., corner of Spring, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, from 10 A. M. till 9 P. M., except Sundays, unless by appointment. The Doctor's MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE, nearly 400 pages, 100 picture illustrations, is $1. Sold and mailed also by J. W. JUDD, No. 222 Broadway, New-York. It gives the advertised medicines, and should be seen by the married, single and the afflicted, before adopting any treatment, as it fully exposes the charlatans infesting this and other cities.

We commend Dr. LARMONT to the afflicted.—*Courrier des Etats Unis, Staats Zeitung, Day Book, Atlas, &c.*

TRIESEMAR PROTECTED BY ROYAL Letters Patent of England, and secured by the Seals of the Ecole de Pharmacie de Paris, and the Imperial College of Medicine, Vienna. TRIESEMAR No. 1 is a remedy for relaxation, spermatorrhea, and exhaustion of the system. TRIESEMAR No. 2 effectually, in the short space of three days, completely and entirely eradicates all traces of those disorders which copavia and cubebs have so long been thought an antidote for, to the ruin of the health of a vast portion of the population. TRIESEMAR No. 3 is a great Continental remedy for that class of disorders which, unfortunately, the English physician treats with mercury, to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution, and which all the sarsaparilla in the world cannot remove. TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2 and 3 are alike devoid of taste or smell, and of all nauseating qualities. They may lie on the toilet table without their use being suspected. Sold in tin cases, and divided in separate doses, as administered by Velpeau, Lalleman, Roux, Ricord, &c., &c. Price $3 each, or four cases in one for $9, which saves $3; and in $27 cases Sold by Dr. H. A. BARROW, No. 157 Prince-st., a few blocks west of Broadway, New-York. Immediately on receipt of the amount, Dr. B. will forward the $9 cases of TRIESEMAR, and the large sizes, carriage paid, thus insuring genuine European preparations. The $3 cases also sent, but not free of carriage. Consultations as usual, from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 4 till 8 P. M., at 157 Prince-st., a few blocks west of Broadway.

CONFIDENTIAL MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT, No. 19 Duane-st., adopts this method of informing citizens and strangers that he has for the last twenty-seven years confined his treatment solely to the cure of syphilitic, mercurial and other diseases of a private character. Although it is considered by a portion of the medical profession as a species of quackery for one of its legitimate members to advertise, still the great advantage the unfortunate victims of so fearful a malady derive from a regularly educated physician devoting his attention to this particular branch of the profession must be apparent. It is deplorable to witness some of the cases that are presented to Dr. C., where the disease has been driven into the system by quacks to break out again in the form of spots and ulcers on the body, pains in the joints and throat, night sweats and emaciation. STRICTURE.—Dr. C. has discovered a new process by which he can cure the worst forms of stricture in from two to three weeks. Constitutional debility, brought on by a secret habit indulged in by young men, effectually cured.

Dr. C. is a member of the N. Y. University Medical College, and the College of Surgeons, London, and the only graduate of either of the above institutions practising in his specialty in the City. N. B.—See his diplomas, in his office, with the signatures of the Professors inscribed thereon, a sure guarantee against deception.

DR. WATSON HAS FOR A LONG SERIES of years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated a vast number of cases, with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. Watson resides in his own house, and receives patients in separate consulting rooms.

DR. WATSON'S WORK, THE CAUSE AND CURE, issued simultaneously in London and New-York, is the only one which clearly explains the nature and mode of treatment of the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its different forms; but treats also in full of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, and Premature Exhaustion, the result of early indiscretion, excess, or other causes. Anatomical plates of a superior kind, and drawings of every form of disease. Price $1, post-paid: "Dr. Watson's Work has been written by a person of great practical knowledge, and we cordially recommend it."—*Medical Journal.*

No. 459 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway.

DR. WARD, NO. 486 BROADWAY, PERFORMS the only permanent cures of private diseases. Sure cure, his Unfortunate's Friend and other remedies, price $1. Remember, all you afflicted, that by calling on Dr. WARD, you may, in a few days, feel that Richard is himself again. Female diseases successfully treated. His Monthly Pills, $1 per box, never fail of effect intended. Office No. 486 Broadway, second floor; perfectly private, and so arranged that patients never meet. No charge for consultations. Afflicted, call without delay. Attendance till 10 P. M.

DR. RALPH, AUTHOR OF THE PRACTICAL Private Treatise on venereal and other diseases and abuses of the sexual system. Offices, No. 25 Bleecker st., corner Wesley-place, two blocks east of Broadway.

Patients applying in the earliest stage of disease will be surprised at their immediate and convenient cure; but especially in chronic cases, as Stricture, Gleet, Emissions, Impotence, and cases that have been thought incurable, his services are most appreciated.

DR. COOPER, NO 14 DUANE-STREET, may be consulted on all diseases of a private nature; 26 years exclusively devoted to the treatment of secret diseases, enables him to warrant a cure in all cases undertaken. The victims of misplaced confidence who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DISEASES incident to females exclusively treated by Dr. DUBOIS, author of "The Female's Friend in Need." The Ladies' Private Circular and Marriage Calendar sent per letter free, except double postage. Address Dr. DUBOIS, No. 98 West 24th-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER—NO. 3 DIVISION-ST., PERFORMS THE GREATEST CURES EVER MADE.

THE ONLY SECURITY AGAINST HUMBUGS AND THE EFFECTS OF DISEASES, IS TO APPLY TO HIS OLD DISPENSARY ESTABLISHED IN 1834.

Dr. Hunter's Vade Mecum gives Ricord's, Velpeau's, Lallemand's and all the faculty prescriptions and treatment; all the advertised remedies; is full of colored plates, 400 pages, and is the most valuable work out. It should be seen by the afflicted before adopting any treatment, as it fully exposes the charlatans infesting this and other cities. To be had of the Doctor, at No. 3 Division-st., where his great remedy, Hunter's Red Drop, can be had genuine only. $1 per vial. Advice gratis. He rescues more young men from destruction every 10 days than any other 10 M. D.'s in 10 years. It is deplorable to witness some of the cases that are presented to Dr. Hunter, where the disease has been driven into the system by quacks to break out again in the form of spots and ulcers on the body, pains in the joints and throat night sweats and emaciation. STRICTURE.—Dr. Hunter has discovered a new process by which he can cure the worst forms of stricture in from two to three weeks. Constitutional debility, brought on by a secret habit indulged in by young men, effectually cured. A word to the wise is sufficient.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Aldermen, will meet on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 8th inst., at 7 o'clock, at room No. 12 City Hall, to take into consideration the following subjects: Communication from the Board of Fire Commissioners, on complaint of A. McNaughten, against John Mackey, of Hose Company No. 3. On Complaint of Hose Companies 9 and 16 against each other. Petition of City Hose Company No. 8, for change of location. Of paying E. W. Gardiner $248 82 for repairing Engine-house No. 49. Resolution directing the Chief Engineer to restore No. 15 Hose their carriage.

THOMAS W. ADAMS,

MICHAEL TUOMEY,

Committee on Fire Department.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—WESTCHESTER COUNTY —FIELDING S. GANT, plaintiff, against FRANCIS S. MILES, CATHARINE, his wife, Henry W. Bashford, Sanford Leach, John W. Corlies and Jonathan N. Tift, defendants.—Summons.—For relief.—To the defendant, SANFORD LEACH: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Westchester, at White Plains, on the 9th day of July, 1858, and a copy of which is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in the village of Yonkers, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated July 9, 1858. R. W. VAN PELT, Plaintiff's Attorney.

au.4-law6wW*

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR THE discharge of an Insolvent from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of the third article of the first title of the fifth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes. James J. Acheson, of the city of Brooklyn, County of Kings, an Insolvent debtor, notice first published August 17th, 1858. Creditors to appear before Hon. S. D. Morris, County Judge of said County of Kings, at the Chambers of the County Judge, in the City Hall of Brooklyn, on the 11th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why an assignment should not be made of said insolvent's estate, and he be discharged from his debts.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons having claims against MARGARET NOLAN, late of the town of Northfield, in the County of Richmond, deceased, that they are required to present the same, with the vouchers in support thereof, to the subscriber, the Administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of said MARGARET NOLAN, deceased, at his residence, near Port Richmond, in the County of Richmond, on or before the 31st day of January, 1859.—Dated July 22, 1858. JAMES B. POLLOCK, Administrator.

jy28 law6mW*

LAWYERS, READ THIS.—CHEAP COPYING —ESTABLISHED NINE YEARS.—PRICES: Pleadings, Abstracts, &c., 2 cents per folio; Special Deeds and Agreements, 4 cents; Deeds and Mortgages, 36 cents each; Law papers served, (personally,) 50 cents; Writers sent out, 25 cents per hour.

E. H. RAE, No. 18 William-st., room No. 22.

Cut this out.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

OFFICE OF M. K. JESUP & CO., Railway Agents }
and Bankers, No. 44 Exchange-place. }

MR. GILEAD A. SMITH BECOMES THIS day a member of our firm, the style of which will be unchanged. M. K. JESUP & CO.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1858.

Referring to the above in addition to our former business, we are now prepared to attend to the purchase and sale of stocks, bonds and other securities, at the Board of Brokers or by private negotiation.

NOTICE.—THE MERCHANTS OF THIS CITY, and the other cities of the Union, will please take notice that the Needle business, &c., hitherto conducted by the late Thos. Barnett, will be continued, in the same manner as heretofore, by his successor, C. M. BARNETT, at No. 239 Broadway, corner of Barclay st.

C. M. BARNETT.

NEW-YORK CITY.

City Politics.

City Delegations to the Republican State Convention.—The Seventeen Assembly Districts of the City of New-York have chosen the following persons to represent them respectively in the Republican Convention which meets at Syracuse to-day:

Districts.	Delegates.	Alternates.
I.	J. H. Welsh. A. D. Barbour.	M. N. Jones. Arthur Boyce.
II.	Owen W. Brennan, Joseph Kelsey.	Julius Brill, Gustav Rausberger.
III.	John A. Kennedy, John J. Silcocks.	Joseph B. Taylor, A. H. Stoutenberg.
IV.	James F. Freeborn, Robert Irwin.	Adolphus Borst, Benjamin W. Bradford.
V.	James B. Taylor, Andrew Blakeley.	John Shaw, T. G. Girvan.
VI.	Thomas Bennet, George A. Donaldson.	Wm. A. Ashman, Samuel Atkinson.
VII.	William H. Anthon, Nelson D. Thayer.	John L. Taylor, Asa Bretman.
VIII.	Andrew Craft, Benj Hutchinson.	Wm. Harrigan, John Lewis.
IX.	Isaac Dayton, George Peckham.	Wm H. Stafford, Mordecai L. Marsh.
X.	Edwin D. Morgan, Thomas Little.	Joseph C. Pinckney, Wm. A. Smalley.
XI.	Wm L. Stewart, John V. Gridley.	Alex. McGuire, Daniel Hogencamp.
XII.	F. A. Goetz, Peter Squires.	Peter G. Wilson, Francis Houlel.
XIII.	James W. Nye, John Ives.	Adam Roettiger, Valentine Kuon.
XIV.	Benj. F. Manierre, Edward P. Cowles.	Emil Kirchner, Charles Mason.
XV.	James E. Watson, Wm. Easterbrook.	George F. Coachmon, Jesse Mitchell.
XVI.	Wm. A. Dooley, James P. Fagan.	James Hogg, Dennis McCabe.
XVII.	Abraham Wakeman, John P. Cumming.	S. A. Bills, A. R. Trotter.

City Delegates to the American Convention.—The American Delegates selected to attend the State Convention of the party, also to be held in Syracuse to-day, are:

Districts.	Delegates.	Alternates.
I.	Alvah W. Lockwood, Wm. Stokely,	E. Meredith, R. M. Tyson.
II.	Augustus P. Greene, Daniel Stanley,	—— ——
III.	David A. Coleman, George Barney,	David J. Oakley, James M. Baker,
IV.	M. Threaber, R. Barnaby,	Thomas Litton, J. R. Abbott,
V.	Samuel Hall, James West,	Samuel Hotaling, James Taylor,
VI.	Gilbert C. Dean, Edwin A. Ware,	Wm. Ahrenfrede, ——
VII.	A. M. C. Smith, Jr., John M. Slingerland,	Ira Buckman, Jr., —— Bloomfield,
VIII.	Jacob Van Dwyer, Joseph S. Postley,	—— ——
X.	Frederick C. Wagner, Wm R. Chambers,	Dr. W. R. Donaghe, Wm. H. Falconer,
XII.	Harvey Calkins, A. L. Higgins,	—— ——
XIII.	Augustus L. Wood, Isaac O. Hunt,	Henry Snyder, George W. Thatcher,
XIV.	Erastus Brooks, Hegman A. Bunce,	—— ——
XVII.	Joseph H. Toone, Geo. W. Southwick,	John R. Farrington, Henry W. Taylor,

Democratic Primary Election.—The election, in the various Wards of this City, for the selection of one Delegate and one alternate from each Assembly District, to the Democratic State Convention, to be held at Syracuse on the 15th inst., took place last evening. The polls were open between the hours of 6 and 8 P. M. The Delegates meet at Tammany Hall for organization, next Friday, at 8 P. M.

City Items.

Know-Nothingism.—About a week since complaint was made that the house No. 304 Water-street, kept by one **John W. Allen**, was a vile and disorderly place—"a resort (in the language of the complaint) for thieves, tipplers and prostitutes, who spend their time in practices of debauchery, contrary to and against the peace and dignity of the people of New-York." A warrant was granted authorizing any and every Constable or Policeman of the City to enter the place aforesaid, and oust the proprietor and all vile and disorderly persons found within it. This warrant was placed in the hands of some Fourth Ward Policemen, who did not execute it until last Monday night, when, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock, they made a descent upon the place and arrested **Allen**, his bar-keeper, and some half-dozen female inmates. The reason given for the delay in serving the warrant, was a desire to "catch the house full. But the ruse was not successful, for when the police did enter they found the place almost deserted, its proprietor having, no doubt, been made aware of the officers' movements. The prisoners were locked up for the night in the Fourth precinct station, where they made night hideous with their yells and bedlamite revelry, and were yesterday morning brought before Recorder **Barnard**, at the City Hall Police Court. There was a large crowd of curious and sympathizing people in attendance. The case appeared a clear one. The character of **Allen** and his house were well known to all New-York who read the newspapers. He kept one of the most notorious dance-houses of Water-st.; not quite so large as that of **Pete Dawson**'s but more disorderly in repute. About nine months since a man was shot dead in the place during a fight among some of the rowdy visitors. The shooting was done by the captain of the "Kearney Guards," who escaped punishment. About the same time the place was nearly demolished by a host of indignant Water-street nymphs, who assailed it with bricks and stones, and would have killed **Allen**, had he not barricaded himself securely within. This *émeute* was caused by **Allen**'s meanness in refusing to give a decent burial to one of the poor creatures who died miserably in his vile service. Yet **Allen** is rich, and being accustomed to such little legal annoyances as that endured the previous night, some of the knowing ones did not hesitate to premise that he would escape. Fourth Ward Policemen were called up and sworn to testify, but yet, strange to say, not one of them knew anything against Mr. **Allen** or his house. They only knew that it was a very quiet, orderly place—that in fact it was a fine establishment, worthy of all praise. The Recorder, after trying in vain to obtain from the officers sufficient to warrant the commitment of **Allen**, called up the girls and interrogated them separately as to the character of the house. They had been all drilled; all told the same story; they nearly all sewed. A few of them acknowledged "to doing chores about the house," and pleaded guilty to dancing in the night time, but as to anything further, they knew nothing! The Recorder concluded the farce by dismissing all hands, for want of sufficient evidence! Mr. **Allen**, who was formerly a school-teacher in one of our public schools, has the reputation among his confrères of being "smart."

Presentation.—There was a most agreeable and interesting gathering last evening, in one of the upper rooms of Messrs. **Haughwout** & Co., corner of Broadway and Broome-st., the occasion being a presentation to Messrs. **West, Caldwell** & Co., by their late creditors. The cause of the presentation was as follows: During the late panic Messrs. **West, Caldwell** & Co. failed, and finally arranged matters with their creditors for fifty cents on the dollar. In July last, having struggled to accomplish it, they found themselves in a position to pay their creditors in full, and, although they were neither legally nor commercially bound to do so, they paid all their creditors in full. Feeling that such a regard for moral obligations should not pass without some tangible recognition, the creditors subscribed for two magnificent silver services, weighing in all 600 ounces, to be presented, one to the wife of Mr. **West**, the other to Mrs. **Caldwell**, and a set of knives, forks and spoons to the junior partner. The friends of the parties were present last evening, and the presentation was made by the Rev. Dr. **Thompson**, on behalf of the creditors, in a very appropriate address. The response for the firm was fittingly made by Mr. **West**. Subsequently remarks were made by Mr. E. A. **Stansbury**, and thanks were given to the Messrs. **Bradbury**, of musical notoriety, for their taste and energy in procuring the testimonial, which was manufactured by E. V. **Haughwout** & Co. Besides this work, just completed, Messrs. **Haughwout** & Co. have in progress a service of glass, china, cutlery and silver, for the Grand Duke **Constantine**, of Russia—value $12,000—contracted for, on behalf of the Government, by Captain **John Shestakoff**, and a service of porcelain for Count **Fernandina**, of Havana; value $2,000.

Ladies' National Equestrian Convention.—A grand exhibition and trial of equestrian skill, by ladies, takes place this afternoon, on the Union Course, Long Island. The Managers assure the public that they have guaranteed, by the most stringent measures, the perfect respectability of the affair. There are thousands of ladies in this city that delight in equestrian exercises, and if the gentlemen who have originated the "National Equestrian Convention" will continue it on a proper basis, as we have no reason to doubt that they will, they cannot lack for patronage. All the "Lady Gay Spankers" and "Di Vernons" of Long Island will be on the Course, of course, and on their coursers. The names of the female jockies who are to enter for competition have not been published.

Alleged Infanticide.—An inquest was held, yesterday, by Coroner **Connery**, at the corner of Ninety-eighth-street and Broadway, upon the body of a small child, found the previous day in the vault at that place. Mrs. **Christina Frobesen** admitted that she was the mother of the child, and that she had dropped it into the place where found, but said she did not know whether it was dead or alive at the time. Dr. **Ferguson**, who made a *post-mortem* examination of the body, was of opinion that the child was alive, and that its death resulted from suffocation, and a verdict to this effect was rendered by the Jury. The mother was held to await the action of the Grand Jury. She has been married since the birth of her child.

Steam on the Fourth-avenue.—The long-vexed question as to the validity of the ordinance, passed a few years ago by the Common Council, forbidding the use of steam below Forty-second-street, on the New-Haven Railroad, was last week definitely settled by the dissolving the injunction forbidding the Police Commissioners or their agents from enforcing the law. The following communication shows that the Police authorities have determined to carry out the law promptly:

New-York, Sept. 7, 1858.

Justin R. Buckley, President New York and New-Haven Railroad Company:

Dear Sir: On the 17th of June last the Board of Police Commissioners passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That the General Superintendent of Police be directed to enforce the ordinance forbidding the use of steam below Forty-second-street, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad.

Having been credibly informed that your company has not yet complied with the ordinance alluded to in the above resolution, I deem it my duty to call your attention to the fact, and inform you that immediate compliance with the requirements of the ordinance is absolutely necessary.

Please to inform me if such compliance may be expected at once, or if it will be necessary for me to use force in causing it to be observed.

Yours, respectfully,
DANIEL CARPENTER,
Acting Deputy Superintendent.

It is understood that the Railroad Company will at once comply with the ordinance, and run their small cars to Forty-second-street. The Deputy-Superintendent will be at Forty-second-street to-day with a force of police to carry out the law.

City Hall Police Court.—Recorder **Barnard** presided yesterday at the Police Court in the City Hall, in place of Justice **Welsh**, who is absent from the City. This new Police Court is doing a large business. Since the time of its first opening, the 19th of last month, very nearly four hundred persons have been placed at its bar for divers offences, and its business is daily increasing.

A Crash.—The fourth floor of the premises No. 31 Front-street, upon which were stored some 12,000 or 15,000 barrels of flour, gave way at an early hour Monday evening, carrying with it all the lower floor to the cellar. No person was injured. The damage done was very heavy.

Fall from a Window.—Mrs. **Mary Colbanagh** fell from a third-story window of her residence, No. 152 West Thirty-second-street, about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, so injuring herself that her recovery is considered doubtful.

A Tombs Shyster.—Wm. Mailler, a German, was arrested a few days since for some petty offense, and found his way to the Tombs. In the vestibule of this celebrated Temple of Justice he was met by Mauritz Wolf. Wolf represented that he possessed extraordinary influence with Justice **Osborne**, and promised to get him out of his difficulty for $10, which sum Mailler paid. Mailler was tried and acquitted, but saw nothing of Wolf, and indignant at the imposition practiced upon him, had the latter arrested, and he was held to answer.

A Desperate Fight.—Two men, named Garrigan and McDermott, had a desperate fight in Hammersly-street, on Monday evening during which the latter stabbed the former in the back with a knife, inflicting a dangerous wound. McDermott immediately fled, and has not yet been apprehended. Garrigan was removed to his home in Monroe-street.

[Advertisement.]

STRANGERS VISITING NEW-YORK,
In pursuit of an elegant and becoming Hat, should
understand that
Knox
has just issued his
Fall Style,
which, in
Beauty, Durability,
Excellence of Material,
Superiority of Manufacture,
and
Extraordinary Cheapness,
stands unrivaled.
Call and examine it, at
Knox's
great
Hat and Cap Establishment,
No. 212 Broadway,
Corner of Fulton st.

[Advertisement.]

CAUTION TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

I understand a large quantity of counterfeit and imitation Scheidam Aromatic Schnapps has been sent to this market from Philadelphia, and sold to some of the Wholesale Grocers, Druggists and Liquor Merchants, who are offering it for sale much below my wholesale price. I would caution the Southern and Western Merchants from purchasing the vile stuff, as it is nothing but American Whisky flavored with Juniper, and reduced some thirty per cent. below proof. Udolpho Wolfe,
Sole Importer, No. 22 Beaver-street.

[Advertisement.]

Purdy's National Theatre.—That charming actress, Mme. Ponisi, and the talented young tragedian, Mr. G. C. Boniface—both favorites from the Broadway theatres—are playing at Purdy's National Theatre every night, with Yankee Locke, Mr. E. Blanchard, Mrs. W. G. Jones, and in all, the best company in the City.

[Advertisement.]

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Multitudes have died cripples who might have been rendered sound and active by Holloway's Ointment. Countless victims of internal disease have perished, whom his Pills would have cured. Think of this!

[Advertisement.]

Nothing Like It Seen Before in this Country.—The performances of Thiodon's Theatre of Arts are wholly new to America. They are enchanting in their beauty and novelty. They fascinate and delight, every afternoon and evening, at Barnum's Museum.

[Advertisement.]

Cyrus W. Field.—Imperial Photograph of Cyrus W. Field on exhibition at Brady's Gallery, No. 359 Broadway, over Thompson's Saloon.

[Advertisement.]

☞ Herring's Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street. opposite City Hall, New York.

Brooklyn Items.

Perjury.—**Louis H. Putnam**, a colored man, was arrested yesterday by Officer **Wm. H. Brown**, of the Second Precinct, and committed to answer a charge of perjury, committed on the celebrated libel suit brought by the accused against the President of the Colonization Society. He was committed to answer.

Fire.—At 3½ o'clock, yesterday morning, a fire broke out in the premises of **Samuel Lockhead**, at the corner of Gold and Tillary streets. The fire was discovered by the Police in season to prevent much damage.

Bone-Boilers Arrested.—Health Officer **Waddy** yesterday arrested six Germans connected with a bone-boiling establishment in the Ninth Ward, for a violation of the Health Ordnance. They will be tried to-day before Mayor **Powell**.

Fatal Accident.—A child three years old, while at play in the old Wallabout Road, near Flushing-avenue, was run over by a small cart and instantly killed. Coroner **Redding** will investigate the case to-day.

Military.—The 70th Regiment, (Artillery) Col. **Samuel Graham**, paraded yesterday, and made a very creditable appearance. The corps fired a national and Royal salute in the Navy-yard.

Collision.—Last evening two of the Peck Slip Ferry boats came into collision in the East River, but without doing any serious damage. The wheel-house of one boat was much damaged.

Missing.—A man named **Conrad Herstman**, 18 years old, has been missing from the residence of his parents, No. 19 Fulton-street, since Friday last.

The Lawrence-street Robbery.—Mr. **Austin** was alive yesterday afternoon, but was not expected to survive the night.

New-Jersey Items.

Valuation of Real Estate and Personal Property.—The valuation of real estate and personal property in Hudson County, as reported by the Board of Assessors, is as follows:

JERSEY CITY.	Real Estate.	Personal.
First Ward	$2,523,500	$327,750
Second Ward	2,278,650	550,550
Third Ward	2,685,415	316,600
Fourth Ward	4,319,300	313,200
HOBOKEN.		
First Ward (total)	$2,574,150	
Second Ward (total)	1,918,450	
Third Ward	1,492,600	$100,350
Hudson City	3,010,465	215,800
North Bergen	2,013,445	199,655
Harrison	661,900	178,000
Bergen, (total)	4,300,700	

The amount of County tax to be raised was fixed at $20,000, to be apportioned as follows:

Jersey City	$8,780	North Bergen	$1,450
Hoboken	4,260	South Bergen	2,835
Hudson City	2,125	Harrison	550
Total			$20,000

Vetoes.—At the meeting of the Jersey City Common Council last evening, Alderman **Thurston** Acting-Mayor, vetoed the licensing by the Common Council of nine places for the sale of liquor, on the ground that they are not required, are not inns or taverns, and are not provided with the accommodations required for travelers under the city ordinance.

The Courts.—The September term of the Bergen County Court commenced Monday, Judge **Ogden** presiding. This session continues only this week, as Judge **Ogden** attends the Passaic County Court on the 14th instant. There is but little business before the present term of the Court.

Dudley Observatory—Letter from Professor Gould.

From the Albany Atlas and Argus.

Dudley Observatory, Friday, Sept. 3, 1858.

In the recent distressing controversy relative to the Observatory, I have, from obvious motives, refrained from making any personal appeal to the public or to this community. Considerations of propriety and of taste alike seemed to require silence and endurance upon my part. Thus, although certainly the one most virulently and causelessly attacked, I have abstained from any rejoinder; having, meantime, the high privilege of finding defenders, both scientifically and socially, of whose approbation I am truly proud, and whose friendship is welcomed as a gift beyond price. Such attacks upon my character as are worthy of notice, they have thus far proved ready and able to repel; and I desire to regard no others.

The recently issued "Statement of the Trustees" contains, throughout, assertions, charges and imputations which impugn my moral and intellectual character; and which, if entertained by any one, would necessarily call in question my fitness for the companionship of good men. Before long, it will receive full refutation, and probably from those whose voices have already been raised to defend the one, from oppression and injury at the hands of the many. It is therefore with much reluctance, and only after long hesitation, that I break through the rule imposed upon myself thus far, and now ask the public ear, in advance of the period when it shall be most proper for me to present my own simple narrative. At that period I hope to answer such new charges as may be brought forward after this second series has been refuted. Yet the peculiarity of the case furnishes a controlling motive for a few words now.

Without attempting at present to meet any of the issues in this "Statement" by the majority of the Board—for these will be met and disposed of at an early date—I wish to make the simple assertion, that the passages purporting to be extracts from letters of mine are, in nearly every case, falsified, distorted and garbled.

The great mass of those alleged extracts is contained upon the first fifty one pages of the pamphlet. Upon these pages I have found fifty-five such quotations. Four of these I have been unable to find in my letter-books, and am ignorant whether I wrote them or not—being only able to assert that, if written at all, they certainly were not at the date cited. One other I am certain that I never wrote or could have written.

Just fifty remain; and these, after much labor arising in great part from the incorrectness of the dates given, I have been able to identify or trace. All of them are contained in private unofficial letters, at the head of many of which was written the word "Confidential," or "Private." Only six are given as they came from my pen; thirteen more are essentially changed, though not in such a manner as to manifest the design; and the remaining thirty-one are grossly altered and perverted—sometimes by suppression of qualifying clauses, sometimes by transposition and combination of sentences from different portions of the letter—frequently by actual insertion of words and phrases, and still more frequently by omission of essential words and sentences. But in all these thirty one cases the motive is evidently to lead the reader to false inferences; to make the writer appear as saying what he neither said, nor intended to say; very often indeed the reverse of what he said distinctly.

The reluctance with which I am compelled to make this public declaration, needs no assertion. My opportunities of personal intercourse with the gentlemen constituting the majority of the Board, excepting the President and Secretary, have been extremely limited. Relations with the Board, as such, have only existed since Jan. 10, 1858, up to which date, to the best of my remembrance and belief, I never addressed any communication whatever to the Trustees, or to the President or Secretary of the Board, in their official capacity. There may have been one exception, although I do not beleive it. But if so, it was unimportant, and no copy of it exists among my papers.

With six of the nine gentlemen who have thus wrongfully dealt with me, I have, so far as I have enjoyed their acquaintance at all, been on terms of courteous amity. If I have given them any reasonable cause of offence, it is unknown to me. And while compelled, for the protection of honor and repute, to appeal to the judgment of disinterested and impartial men, and thus to continue in the attitude of antagonism in which they have placed me, I am willing to believe that they have had no part in this wicked plot to undermine my character for truth and manliness. These gentlemen have, until January last, taken no part in the affairs of the Institution since my first connection with it. They cannot be personally cognizant of the truth or falsehood of the assertions in the "Statement," except as indicated by documents. I am willing to assume that they believe the extracts to have been correctly given in the "Statement," and that they accepted the representations of its authors.

It is my hope to pursue such a course as will enable me not only to meet the approval of my own conscience, but also to leave on record all evidence requisite for justification, defence and commendation by those who will live after me. Very respectfully, your obedient servant. B. A. GOULD, Jr.

From the Albany Statesman.

Dr. **Gould** now boldly charges that his letters used by the Trustees in their pamphlet are "garbled;" that some of them have not been written at all, and that others are of a "private and confidential" character. Each assertion is equally false. It is the bold attempt of an unscrupulous man, to save himself in an extremity. He is aware of the terribly damaging effect of the statement of the Trustees upon his pretended claim to the character of a man of practical science, as well as to his private reputation; and he has no other means at hand, by which to avert, even for a time, the fatal consequences of the blow. Not a letter marked "private," or that could be construed as "private," has, we are assured, been used by the Trustees. Had they chosen to disregard the courtesies of life, as Dr. **Gould** and his associates have done, far more disastrous would have been the result for the late Director. His "private" letters would, indeed, display him in an unenviable light before the world!

The specimens of "garbling" have already been shown by Dr. **Gould**. In one letter, the explanatory words—"that is, the alteration of the wings"—placed between brackets or dashes so as to show they are not included in the extract, is the "garbling" charged. In another, the omission of the conclusion of a sentence, in which Dr. **Gould** confesses himself *ready to act the part of a "dissembler,"* is the "alteration" made by the Trustees! In yet another letter, quoted word for word, the cutting out of repetitions and immaterial sentences, in no manner altering, but really strengthening, the construction placed upon his words by the Trustees, for the sake of saving space, is the offence.

The falsehood that letters are quoted, never written by Dr. **Gould**, is easily disproved. In this statement the fancy of the poet has taken too high a flight. He may be called upon to specify the letters he has "never written," and then his own hand-writing will confound him!

The plain matter of fact is, Dr. **Gould** feels the fatal consequences that must follow the damaging statement of the Trustees, and in his desperation boldly and unscrupulously puts forth unfounded charges against those gentlemen. The history of events at the Observatory is, of itself, fatal to Dr. **Gould**. His letters are secondary matters, but every line, every word, and every letter quoted by the Trustees, have been written by Dr. **Gould**; not a private communication has been yet used, and not a sentence has been garbled or misconstrued. This Dr. **Gould** knows. This everybody knows. His last "peculiarity" will only serve to degrade him still more fatally in the opinion of honorable and sensible men.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....Sept. 7.

$23,000 Missouri St. 6s.	84¾	150 Hudson River R. R.	24¼
5,000 do.........s30	84⅝	200 Harlem R. R.	10½
1,000 Cal. St 7s N. Bs.	82½	350 Reading R. R.	49⅜
5,000 Virginia 6s	92⅝	300 Reading R.......s60	49
1,000 Hud. R. R. 3d M.	68½	25 do	49¼
1,000 Har. R. 1st Mtg	84½	100 do.........s10	49¼
3,000 Il. Cen R. Bs	90½	100 do.........s15	49¼
6,000 C., S.P.& F.duL.		125 Gal. & Chi. R. R.	83½
L. Grant Bonds	20½	10 do	83⅜
7,000 L E.&W.1stM.bs.	70¼	50 Mich. Cen. R.R. b60	58¼
2,000 do	70½	100 do.........s30	58¼
1,000 L. C.& M L.G.bs.	24	150 do	58½
6,000 do	24½	100 M. So. & N.In. R.R.	24¾
1,000 do.........s15	24½	250 do.........b30	24¾
5,000 do	24¾	400 do.........b30	24⅞
4,000 Mich. S. 2d M. bs.	58¼	210 M. S. & N. Ia. pref.	47
98 Union Bank	112	100 do.........b30	47
51 American Ex. Bk	107½	200 do.........s60	46½
98 Merchants' Bank	111½	50 do.........b60	47⅛
10 do	112	10 do	46½
10 Bank N. America	107½	100 do	46⅝
18 Nassau Bank	97	20 Panama Railroad	114½
7 Metropolitan Bank	107½	50 do	114¼
50 Pacific M. S. Co. b60	91⅜	50 do	114
85 do	91¼	100 Clev. & Tol. R. R.	34½
25 do	91	300 do	34⅝
450 N. Y. Cent R. R. c.	79⅞	200 do.........s3	34½
350 do.........s60	79½	50 Chi. & R. I. R. R.	72¾
150 do	79¾	100 do.........b10	72¾
100 Erie Railroad.....s3	18	320 do	72⅜
100 do.........s10	18	160 do	72⅜
50 do.........b60	18⅛	350 do	72¼
300 do	18⅛	30 La C. & Mil. R. R.	3⅝
100 do.........b15	18⅛	150 Mil. & Mis. R. R.	16¾

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000 Ohio State 6s '60	101½	75 Mich. S. & N.I. R.R.	24½
1,000 Erie R. R. Bs '75	32	35 Chi. & R.I. R.R.	72⅛
1,000 Hud. R.R. 1st m	101	100 do.........s30	72
1,000 Mich. S. 2d M. Bs	58½	200 M.S.&N.Ia.pref.stk.	46½
10 Ocean Bank	93	25 Panama R R.....b30	113¾
38 Ch., B. & Q. R R	55	50 do	113½
20 Pacific M. S. Co.	90¼	200 do	113
70 do	90	150 Gal. & Chi. R.R.	83⅛
100 do.........b60	90½	300 Cl. & Tol. R. R.	34⅜
250 N. Y. Cen. R.	79½	250 Mil. & Mis. R.R	17
50 do.........b3	79½		

REPORTED SALES BY AUCTION.

$2,000 D. & Mil 7s	62½	57 People's Bank	100
2,000 C S. P. & F. duL. 8s	20	20 Metropolitan Bank	107¾
4,000 D. L. & W. R.R. 7s	73	10 Goodhue F. Ins. Co.	92
2,000 C. of W. 8 ⅌ c. bs.	30	10 Security F. Ins. Co.	104
635 Rep. Ins. Co. p. scp.	48	10 Humboldt F. I. Co.	97
10 shares Citizens' Bk.	100	10 Continental F. I. Co.	105

Tuesday, Sept. 7—P. M.

We had a dull Stock Exchange to-day. A light business was done at the early session of the Brokers, and the firmness of yesterday seemed to be pretty much lost, except on Michigan Southern Shares and Bonds which continued in demand—the second mortgage further advancing to 58½ ⅌ cent. La Crosse Land Grants were also in request at 24½@¾, and Wabash Valley, first mortgage, at 70½ ⅌ cent., an advance of ½@1 ⅌ cent. in both instances. New-York Central manifested an indifferent tone, and the sales, which were trifling in amount, fell off to 79½ ⅌ cent. as against 80 ⅌ cent. on Monday. Pacific Mail was also ½@1 ⅌ cent. weaker, and Panama dropped off to 114 ⅌ cent. Reading was steady at 49¼@⅜ ⅌ cent., cash. In Rock Island, the transactions were at 72¾@½@⅜ ⅌ cent., showing a decline of ⅛@⅜ ⅌ cent. from the highest of Monday's rates. In State Stocks, Missouris were steady, and Virginias a little firmer. There was nothing done in United States fives of 1874. At the Second Board there was a further decline of 1@1½ ⅌ cent. in Panama, the lowest sales being at 112½, and the closing bid at 112⅞ ⅌ cent., and a further decline of 1 ⅌ cent. in Pacific Mail to 90 ⅌ cent. Both stocks appear to be partially influenced by the preparations making for reopening the Nicaragua route. The general market otherwise closed steady at about the morning rates.

In Money affairs the only change to report is an inclination to firmness in the rates of discount on 6@6 months paper, which the Banks leave to outside lenders. We hear of transactions to-day in first-class names, six months, at 5½@6 ⅌ cent. per annum. Shorter bills continue at 4@5 ⅌ cent., and demand loans at 4 ⅌ cent. on first-rate collateral, such as State Stocks and regular dividend-paying Bonds and shares, and 4½@5 ⅌ cent. on other fair collateral.

The Foreign Exchanges for the Boston mail closed firm as to rates, but the actual business done is reported by the leading Bill Brokers as quite moderate. The sales of bank names on London were chiefly at 109⅞; the closing quotation 109⅞@110 ⅌ cent. Francs steady at 5.12½@5.11¼ to the dollar. The usual Continental Money Circulars are omitted for this mail on account of the intervening holiday of last week. The next Cunard steamer is the *Africa*, from this port on Wednesday, Sept. 15.

The Government yesterday ordered $300,000 in Gold Coin from the Sub-Treasury here to the St. Louis office, which went out by express. The Sub-Treasury balance stands this afternoon $12,668,760.

The Jefferson Fire Insurance Company have declared a half-yearly dividend of $4 ⅌ share, payable on demand.

The steamer *Fulton*, from Southampton, Aug. 25, previously heard from by telegraph from Cape Race, arrived here and delivered her mails at noon to-day. The full details of the news are not essentially different from the telegraphic summary. The report of American Stocks in London notes a decline in Illinois Central Shares, and a firm market for New-York Central and its Bonds. The English Funds were firm, at 96¾@⅞ ⅌ cent. The Bank was gaining Specie, and the Continental exchanges with England were favorable. On the Paris Bourse a fresh advance in the *Rente* had put the 3 ⅌ Cents. up to 69.95@70. The following are the American Railway quotations in London:

Illinois Central 6 ⅌ cent., 1875	82	@84
Illinois Central Railroad 7s, 1875	82	@84
Illinois Central Railroad 7s, 1860. Freeland	77	@79
Illinois Cen. R. R. $100 shares, $60 paid, dis.	24	@22
Michigan Central 8 ⅌ cent., 1860	85	@90
Michigan Central 8s, 1869	x. c. 86	@88
Michigan Cen. 8s, 1869, (Sinking Fund) 1882	90	@92
Michigan Central $100 shares	55	@65
Michigan S. & N. Ind. Sinking Fund, 1885	62	@64
Michigan S. & N. Ind., $100 shares	23	@25
N. Y. Central 6 ⅌ cent. Sinking Fund, 1883	83	@85
N. Y. Central 7s, Convertible, 1864	93	@95
N. Y. Central $100 shares	79	@81
Erie 3d Mortgage Bonds, 1883	x. c. 66	@68
Erie 3d Mortgage Bonds. Sinking Fund	33	@37
Erie 7s, convertibles, 1862	30	@35
Erie Railroad Bonds, 1871	30	@35
Erie Railroad Bonds, $100 shares	16	@18
Penn. Central 6s, 1st Mortgage. 1880	89	@91
Pennsylvania Central 2d Mortgage Stg	91	@93

The finances of the Ohio and Mississippi Road, Eastern Division, continue unsettled. The first mortgage of $2,000,000, it will be remembered, is held abroad, principally in London, and represented by Messrs. **Capel** & Co., Brokers, and Messrs. **Coutts** & Co., Bankers. The English holders, by arrangement in 1856 by the Associated parties in this City, who contracted to finish the work, agreed to fund five of the half-yearly Coupons, on the promise of prompt and regular payment of the succeeding half-yearly interest. On the 1st of July last the resumption of interest in cash was to have been made, but the Coupons still remain unprovided for, and we learn that an agent from Messrs. **Capel** & Co. (Mr. **Alexander Trotter**) is now in this country to look after the default. As the work is represented to have earned as much as $100,000 in August, and the business still on the increase, the probability is that this gentleman's mission will not be wholly unsuccessful, particularly as there is no courtesy, much less obligation, resting upon the English mortgagees to delay foreclosure, after the liberal composition of 1856.

We compile from the last quarterly returns made by the Banks in this City to the State Banking Department, the following list of the loans, on demand, then outstanding against the Brokers. The total constitutes about 2½ ⅌ cent. of the whole column of Loans, which then amounted to $118,299,388.

BANK LOANS TO BROKERS—OFFICIAL, JUNE 19.

Am. Exchange	$649 477	Leather	$70,800
Union	584,750	Corn Exchange	50 300
Merchants'	450,000	Mercantile	54,750
Metropolitan	359,750	Importers'	32,000
Republic	242,582	Phenix	26,600
Shoe and Leather	210,250	Atlantic	25,500
Pacific	202,600	Marine	19,500
Seventh Ward	170,000	Artisans'	13,074
Continental	197,200	Merchants' Ex	11,596
Park	164,000	Ocean	10,600
America	138 650	People's	10,000
Citizens'	120,333	Tradesmen's	6 000
Fulton	116,018	N. Y. Exchange	9,853
State	90,000	City	5,000
Oriental	65,000	North America	3,500
Dry Dock	75,000	Manhattan	933
Mechanics'	62,000		
Total to Brokers, June 19, '58			$4,253,616

The following is a statement of the earnings of the Rock Island and Chicago Union Railroad Company for the month of August:

	1857.	1858.	Decrease.
Freight	$109 402 93	$66,341 99	$43,060 94
Passengers	57,542 60	44,432 44	13,110 16
Mails, &c	5,519 52	4,500 00	1,019 52
Total	$172,465 05	$115,274 43	$57,190 62
Corrected earnings for July			$157,285 38

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON, AND QUINCY RAILROAD EARNINGS FOR 1858.

	June.	July.	August.	Total.
Freight	$83 411 93	$68,879 03	$75,028 74	$284,087 92
Passengers	25,088 36	27,983 14	28 045 24	110,685 41
Mails, &c	2,011 28	1,757 91	1,513 07	6,952 79
Total	$110,511 57	$98,620 11	$104 587 05	$401,726 12
Expenses	60,068 60	69,602 77	60,000 00	253,193 90
Earnings	$44,442 97	$29,017 24	$44,587 05	$148,532 22

The following are the Currency, Land Warrant and Specie quotations for the week, corrected for us from the rates current at the Banking Office of Messrs. **Thompson Brothers**:

N. Y. State Currency	30c. ⅌ 100@ ⅜ ⅌ ct. dis.
New-England and N. J.	15c. ⅌ 100@ ¼ ⅌ ct. dis.
Philadelphia and Balt.	15c. ⅌ 100@ ¼ ⅌ ct. dis.
Interior Pennsylvania	⅝@ ¾ ⅌ ct. dis.
Interior Maryland	½@ ⅝ ⅌ ct. dis.
Ohio, Ky., Ind. and Missouri	¾@ ⅞ ⅌ ct. dis.
South Carolina and Georgia	⅞@1 ⅌ ct. dis.
North Carolina	⅞@1 ⅌ ct. dis.
Virginia	¾@1 ⅌ ct. dis.
Illinois	1¼@1½ ⅌ ct. dis.
Wisconsin	1¼@1½ ⅌ ct. dis.
Michigan	—@1 ⅌ ct. dis.
Tennessee	—@1 ⅌ ct. dis.
Free Indiana	1¼@1½ ⅌ ct. dis.
Louisiana and Mobile	¾@1 ⅌ ct. dis.
Canada	¾@ ⅝ ⅌ ct. dis.
Assorted pkg. New-York State	—@ ¼ ⅌ ct. dis.
Assorted pkg. New-England	—@ ½ ⅌ ct. dis.

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
40 acre warrants	110	115
80 acre warrants	90	93
120 acre warrants	80	83
160 acre warrants	91	94

DRAFTS AND CHECKS.

	Buying
Drafts and Checks on Philadelphia	⅛ dis.
Drafts and Checks on Baltimore	⅛ dis.
Drafts and Checks on Boston	⅛ dis.
Drafts and Checks on Cincinnati	⅝ dis.
Drafts and Checks on Chicago	1¼ dis.
Drafts and Checks on St. Louis	¾ dis.
Drafts and Checks on New-Orleans	1 dis.
Bank of England Notes, ⅌ £	$4 85@4 87
Bank of France Notes, ⅌ Franc	18

SPECIE.

Silver.	Buying.			Buying.	
Mexican Dollars	1 05@	—	Spanish ⅛ and 1-16 per oz	1 22@	—
Spanish Dollars	1 07@	1 10	*Gold.*		
Five-franc pieces	97@	—	Sovereigns	4 85@	4 87
French Crowns	1 10@	—	Twenty Francs	3 85@	3 86
German Crowns	1 08@	—	Ten Thaler pcs	7 85@	7 86
Prussian Thalers	1 08@	—	Ten Guilder pcs	3 95@	3 96
English Silver	4 80@	—	Spn'sh Doubln's	16 20@	16 40
Species	1 00@	—	Patri't Doubln's	15 60@	15 65
Old Am. Half D's	1 04@	—	Gold, Am. Old	6 per c prem.	
Old Am. Qr. Dol's	1 02@	—	B'k of Eng. N'tes	4 85@	4 87
Spanish Quar's each	23@	—			

The following is a comparative statement of the Exports, exclusive of Specie, from New-York to foreign ports, for the week and since Jan. 1:

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Total for the week	$1,080,114	$1,056,050	$1,018 431
Previously reported	53,069,124	48,587,015	41,357,389
Since Jan. 1	$54,149,238	$49,643,065	$42,375,820

PHILADELPHIA BANKS—SEPT. 6, 1858.

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Deposits.	Circula'n
Philadelphia	$3,476 000	$772,000	$1,906,000	$276,000
North America	2 915 581	675,359	1,961,498	23,593
Farm. & Mech.	4,034,998	1,165,201	3,499,684	418,120
Commercial	1,558,000	282,000	878,000	124,000
Mechanics'	1,613,709	739,672	1,386,391	163,081
N. Liberties	1,369,000	527,000	1,273,000	101,000
Southwark	949,024	247,372	794,169	88,667
Kensington	676,160	217,559	544,572	113,300
P. Township	773,602	199,162	594,008	79,035
Western	1,591,716	391,376	1,102,402	154,255
Man. & Mech.	1,105,345	289,965	703,100	128,975
Commerce	716,224	250,926	585,556	110,590
Girard	1,989,082	318,563	805,299	208,585
Tradesmen's	639,694	190,913	611,341	94,210
Consolidation	476 717	121,205	322,131	72,450
City	760,104	146,657	390,905	87,875
Commonwealth	343,795	115,935	218,721	97,855
Sept. 6	$24,988,181	$6,635,856	$17,426,777	$2,520,501
Aug. 30	24,843,131	6,476,406	16,961,496	2 460,640

Market Reports.

New-York, Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1858—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the leading kinds of produce, since noon of yesterday, have been as follows:

	Hudson R. boats.	Erie R. R.	South'n boats.
Ashes, bbls	—	56	—
Flour, bbls	1,315	6,777	4,955
Wheat, bushels	—	2,373	32,346
Corn, bushels	24,000	—	18,711
Rye, bushels	4,266	—	—
Oats, bushels	22,000	—	—
Provisions, pkgs	111	299	25
Whisky, bbls	50	—	—

ASHES—Continue in limited request at former rates, $6 for Pots, and $6 for Pearls, ⅌ 100 ℔s.

COTTON—Is in fair demand at very full prices; sales 2,000 bales, including Middling at 13½c. for Upland, and 13¾c. for Gulf, ⅌ ℔.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market continues depressed for State and Western Flour—there being more eagerness to sell than to buy, and prices having fallen off 5c.@10c. ⅌ bbl., closing heavily, with a downward tendency; sales 9,500 bbls.

Unsound State, ⅌ bbl	$3 55	@$3 75
Rejected Superfine State	3 80	@ 4 05
Rejected Extra State	4 10	@ 4 60
Standard Superfine State (nominally)	4 90	@ 5 00
Standard Extra State (nominally)	5 40	@ 5 50
Superfine Western	5 00	@ 5 15
Fancy Ohio	5 20	@ 5 25
Extra Indiana and Michigan	5 20	@ 7 00
Extra Ohio	5 50	@ 7 25
Fancy Genesee	5 65	@ 5 75
Extra Genesee	5 85	@ 7 50
Low to very choice Extra Missouri	5 85	@ 8 50

Canadian continues scarce and quiet, at from $5 50 @$6 50 for low to choice extra, ⅌ bbl. 250 bbls. sold at these rates. Southern is depressed and unsettled; sales 2,100 bbls., at $4 60@$5 30 for rejected brands, $5 35@$5 60 for mixed and straight brands, and $5 65@$6 25 for low fancy to very choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is in demand, at $3 35@$4 40 for fine to superfine, ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is selling, in lots, at $4 10@$4 20 for Jersey, and $4 70@$4 75 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat is in fair demand, at essentially unchanged prices. Sales 30,000 bush., including good White Michigan, in store, on terms not made public; fair Red State, at $1 20; fair to very good White Southern, at $1 35@$1 45; ordinary to very good Red do., at $1 17@$1 27 ⅌ bush. Corn is heavy, and prices of mixed are lower. Southern is quoted rather firmer. Sales 62,500 bush., at 67c.@69c. for unsound mixed Western; 70c.@71½c. for ordinary to fair do. do.; 74c. for a small lot of good do. do.; 78c.@80c. for mixed Southern; 83c. for (7,075 bushels) white Southern; 85c. for (4,000 bushels resold) do. do.; and 97c. for choice yellow Southern ⅌ bushel. Rye is in demand and is steady; 3,200 bush. prime changed hands at 76c. ⅌ bushel. Oats are dull and drooping; Western 49c.@52c.; State 46c.@51c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania 42c.@45c.; Southern 30c.@42c. ⅌ bushel. Barley is dull and nominal at from 65c.@75c. ⅌ bushel.

HAY—Sales 800 bales, at 45c.@50c. ⅌ 100 ℔s.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine is stiffly held at $3 75 ⅌ 280 ℔s., with a moderate inquiry. Large sales of Spirits Turpentine have been reported at 48c., cash, ⅌ gallon. Tar and Pitch are dull and heavy, each, at $1 75@$2. ⅌ bbl. Resin is in demand, including common at $1 75@$1 80 ⅌ 310 ℔s.; No. 1 at $2 75@$4 50; and White and Pale, at $4 50@$6 25 ⅌ 280 ℔s.

PROVISIONS—Pork is salable and steady. The transactions include 750 bbls., in lots, at $17 40@$17 50 for Mess; $19 25 for Clear; $16 75@$16 90 for thin Mess, and $15 45@$15 50 for Prime ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats are quiet at 8½c.@8¾c. for Hams, and 6¾c.@6⅞c. for Shoulders, ⅌ ℔. Bacon continues in light supply and fair request at previous figures, 9½c.@11c. ⅌ ℔. Lard is in demand and is quiet, yet firm; 580 tierces and bbls. changed hands, in lots, at 11⅜c.@11⅞c. for fair to prime, ⅌ ℔. Beef continues in moderate demand, at steady rates; sales 200 bbls., in lots, at $13 50@$14 50 for repacked Western Mess; $15 @$15 50 for extra do., $11 50@$12 for Country Mess, ⅌ bbl. Butter is in request at 12c.@17c. for Ohio; 14c.@20c. for common to good State, and 21c.@23c. for prime to choice State, ⅌ ℔. Cheese is selling moderately at 2½c.@7½c. for poor to prime, ⅌ ℔.

RICE—Sales 150 tcs., in lots, at $3@$3 75 ⅌ 100 ℔s.

SPICES—Sales 10 cases No. 1 Nutmegs at 58c., and 30 bags Pimento at 6c. ⅌ ℔.

SUGARS—The demand has been fair at, however, somewhat irregular prices. We have heard of sales of 1,000 hhds., mostly Cuba, at 7c.@8¾c., and 105 hhds. Melado at a price not sustained.

TALLOW—Sales of 30,000 ℔s. prime have been reported at 10½c. ⅌ ℔.

TOBACCO—Is attracting more attention at well sustained prices. Sales since Friday last: 87 hhds. Kentucky at 10c.@12c; 168 cases Seed Leaf at 6¼c.@15c.; 245 bales Havana at 33c.@38c.; with 200 bales Cuba, and 150 bales Yara on private terms; also, by **Pells** & Co., to-day, 106 bales South American at 5½c.@9½c. ⅌ ℔.

WHISKY.—Sales 650 bbls. at 24½c.@25c. ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been very quiet to-day. For Liverpool, the engagements embraced 300 bbls. Flour, at 9d.; 500 bbls. Resin, at 1s. 2d.; and, per steamer, 500 boxes Cheese, at 35s. For London, 200 boxes Cheese, at 30s, For other ports, no remarkable movemenss.

Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

Boston, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

The following are the footings of our Bank Statement for the past week:

Capital Stock	$32,910,500
Loans and Discounts	55,926,000
Specie	3,701,700
Amount due from other Banks	6,287,400
Amount due to other Banks	7,632,600
Deposits	20,971,000
Circulation	6 138,000

Markets by Telegraph.

Buffalo, Tuesday, Sept. 7—6 P. M.

Flour in good demand: holders evinced more a desire to meet buyers: market 5c @10c. easier: sales 2,000 bbls., at $4 50 for State; $5@$5 30 for common to choice Superfine Western; $5 50@$5 75 for good to choice extra Ohio and Canadian. **Wheat** dull and market heavy: holders offer to accept 2c. off from rates of yesterday. **Corn** dull and no sales. **Oats** dull; sales 9,000 bushels at 54c. **Whisky** quiet at 23c. **Canal Freights** dull and lower: 38c. on Flour, 9½c.@10c. on Wheat. 9c. on Corn, to New-York. *Receipts by Lake for the last 24 hours*—2,491 bbls. Flour; 25,158 bushels Wheat; 38,814 bushels Corn; 1,114 bushels Oats. *Shipments by Canal* 3,589 bbls. Flour; 80,910 bushels Wheat; 26,225 bushels Corn; 8,181 bushels Oats; 2,600 bushels Rye.

Oswego, Tuesday, Sept. 7—6 P. M.

Flour in moderate demand. **Wheat** held above the views of buyers, and but few sales made. Red Toledo nominally at $1 18. **Corn** quiet. **Canal Freights** steady at 27c. on Flour, 7½c. on Wheat, and 7c. on Corn, to New-York. No receipts by lake. *Canal Exports*—1,400 bbls. Flour, 19,000 bushels Wheat.

Cincinnati, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

Flour dull and nominal. **Wheat** dull. **Whisky** unchanged; sales at 21c. **Mess Pork**, $16 25. **Bulk Meats**, 5¾c.@7¾c.

Chicago, Tuesday, Sept. 7—6 P. M.

Flour dull, but 25c. higher. **Wheat** firm and 5c. better. **Corn** active at 60½c. **Oats** quiet. *Shipments to Buffalo*—57,000 bushels Wheat. *To Oswego* 3,300 bushels Wheat; 14,000 bushels Corn. *Receipts*—4,200 bbls. Flour; 80,900 bushels Wheat; 104,400 bushels Corn.

Baltimore, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

Flour is firm; Howard-street $5 62½. **Wheat** active and advancing; Red $1 25@$1 35; White $1 35@$1 55. **Corn**—White 80c.@83c.; Yellow 93c.@95c. Whiskey firm. Provisions quiet.

Philadelphia, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

Flour steady at $5 62½. **Wheat** firm; sales 2,500 bushels at $1 28@$1 30 for Red, and $1 40 for White. **Corn** quiet; sales 1,000 bushels Yellow at 88c. **Whisky** dull at 25c.@26c.

New-Orleans, Monday, Sept. 6.

Cotton unchanged; sales, to-day, 800 bales. **Flour** closed with an advancing tendency; sales at $6.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

Philadelphia, Tuesday, Sept. 7.

Stocks dull. Pennsylvania 5s, 89½; Reading Railroad, 24⅜; Morris Canal, 43; Long Island Railroad, 12½; Pennsylvania Railroad, 43¼.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

NAMES.	LEAVES	FOR	DATE.
Canada	Boston	Liverpool	Sept. 8
Edinburgh	New-York	Glasgow	Sept. 8
City of Baltimore	New-York	Liverpool	Sept. 9
Anglo-Saxon	Quebec	Liverpool	Sept. 11
North Star	New-York	Southampton	Sept 11
New-York	New-York	Bremen	Sept. 11
Propeller	Boston	Galway	Sept. 14
Africa	New-York	Liverpool	Sept. 15
Borussia	New York	Southampton	Sept. 15
Fulton	New-York	Southampton	Sept. 18
Asia	Boston	Liverpool	Sept. 22
Vigo	New-York	Liverpool	Sept. 23
FROM EUROPE.			
Pacific	Galway	New-York	Aug. 24
North American	Liverpool	Quebec	Aug. 25
Asia	Liverpool	Boston	Aug. 28
Bremen	Bremen	New-York	Aug. 28
Vanderbilt	Southampton	New-York	Sept. 1
Vigo	Liverpool	New-York	Sept. 1
Austria	Southampton	New-York	Sept. 1
Persia	Liverpool	New-York	Sept. 4
Northern Light	Southampton	New-York	Sept. 4
Indian	Liverpool	Quebec	Sept. 8
Hudson	Bremen	New-York	Sept. 11
Niagara	Liverpool	Boston	Sept. 11
City of Wash'ton	Liverpool	New-York	Sept. 15

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Fulton, from Southampton and Havre—Miss J. W. Tappan, F. S. Hoyt. V. A. Sartoni, J. F. and V. De Salazar, H. Maillard, John Sartoni, Capt Hewes, W. T. Townsend, C. Montholon, W. Wise, E. Canedo, Bearer of Dispatches. Bruin, Mathew Morgan, M. Morgan, Jr., Mlle. Rogers, Mme. Hutton and servant, Mlle. Annie Hutton, Mlle. Hutton, H. Tilge, A. Duberceux, De Salazar, H. Huddy, Mlle. N. Tilman, M. Le Conteux, De Caumont, lady and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Farley, Mrs. Oodyke, E. Poirier, Mme. François Ravel and child, Mlle. C. Dungan, Mme Clairborne, 3 children and serv't, Mlle Clairborne, M. Limburger, lady and son; Mile. Limburger, W. H. Heydecker, R. J. Stevenson, M. Courtois, Dr. J. Bergeron and 2 children, Aug. Bergerot, Mlle. Amonons, Mlle. M. Schalk, M. Renard, Mrs. Robbins, M. Robins, Mlle. Robins and friend, C. G. Taylor and lady, John H. Worth, G. Egg Mast, F. Pastor, S. Ullman, wife, child and servant; J. Karady, —Clemento, P. Garcia, Jos. F. Garcia, Dr. Wickersham, lady, 3 children and two servants; Mlle. Julia Ryan, J. Bourey, A. Schwartsenbech, Mme. Bech, 4 children and servant; A. Aschenberg and lady, M. Schoepsi, lady, child and 2 servants; A. Goodheart and lady; Edw. Locul and lady, M. Stefanoni, A. Abrens, Mlle. Emma Spear, H. La Marchi, lady and 2 children; M. Roudinella, R. Frederico, Alva Spear, Mme. Moreteau and daughters, Mme. Peckham, Mlle Ella, Lizzy and Abby Peckham, Capt. E. Gardner, A. Carriere, lady and five children, Emile Cerriere, A. King, M. Matheim, Gabriel Ravel, A. Rusch and lady, M. le Baron de Vangrineau, lady and servant, of French Legation at Washington, John S. Wright, lady 4 children and two servants, 6 Sisters of the Sacred Heart, Miss Brandes, Mlle. E. Camus, Mme. auriol, Jean Hore, Edward P. Deane, Mme. Marie Steinbruska, J. W. Bouton, H. Stewart, Mlle. L. Cooper, B. Christy, lady and 5 children, C. Cook, David Milne, A. Pfisto, E. Claude, H. G. Roeme, Mlle. Bogellot, Mme. Prevost, Mme. Bertrand, Mlle. N. Lichenstein, Mlle. U. Wolf, Thos House, lady and child, Paul Brillant, M. Mangin, M. Topehoff, F. Wilking, A. Erwault, A. Rosselin, L. Dufloog, G. Goldbech, L. Jay, Mme. Blum and five children, A. Velman, N. Bernheim, M. Seligman, J. Boche, Jean Pierre, lady and four children, Mme. Bulcher, L. Lehman, J. Licoenstein, M. Bloch, M. Liebman, George A. Bregler, M. Perelli. Total, 210 passengers.

In steamship Alabama, from Savannah—Miss Hester, Mrs. S. B. Holmes, J. Gesner, lady and servant, D. Stuart Elliott and lady, Chas. Parsons and lady, infant and nurse, Col. Thos. Bourke and lady, Col. Wm. Brailsford and lady, Miss H. Kell, Miss Bond, Jos. Summers and lady, J. C. Turner, Jr., W. J. Bishop, W. H. H. White, J. Potter Williamson, W. B. Lathrop, G. N. Neyle, Miss J. Copperfield, Miss McNorton, A. Rosenblatt, E. McCafferty, R. M. Aldworth, B. Cohen, A. Hood, the Rev. E. P. Brown, H. S. Bogardus, F. B. Baker, C. M. Lamprey, W. G. Lauterman, W. T. Conn, J. M. Cole, W. S. Herrenton, Jno. Finlayson, Capt. W. Cathcart, Charles V. Suydam, Capt. J. Douglas, H. H. Scranton, J. C. Pelot, W. C. H. Rainey, S. Hilseen, H. Chancellor, M. Elkin, J. S. Zacharie, J. A. Barron, E. D. Ells, S. Bailey, O. M. Williams, S. Cochian, Mrs. Cavedo, S. Guckenheimer, D. C. Acosta, S. McCall, W. Barnett, J. M. West, J. H. Stephens, Burnett Ward, and 4 in the steerage.

In steamship Huntsville, from Savannah—David Allen and lady, Miss Laura Todd, Richard Williams and lady, N. W. Booth, A. Stow, E. Saulsbury, J. B. Stubbs, Miss Isabella M. Davenport, Seth G. Wood, J. Davenport, Jacob Siener, E. Stratton, Jr., A. G. Brady, Mrs. Kine, John B. Sherlock, Henry Swain, M. Hughes, and 10 in the steerage.

In steamship James Adger, from Charleston—Mrs. Stewart, Miss Mary Bulger, H. Wylys, Capt. Wm. White.

In ship A Z from Liverpool—Mr. Weekes and lady, Mr. Eagar and lady, Miss Eagar.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....5 34 | Sun sets..... 6 23 | Moon sets..... 6 48

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 8 16 | Gov. Island. 9 05 | Hell Gate..... 10 27

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, Sept. 7.

Cleared.

Steamship Edinburg, Cummings, Glasgow, R. Craig.

Steamer Chesapeake, Crowell, Portland, H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Ship W. Rathbone, Pratt, New-Orleans, W. T. Frost.

Barks J. W. Brookman, Brookman, New-Orleans, Stanton & Thompson; Tidal Wave White, Zanzibar, Bassett, Bacon & Co.; Atlantic, Freidbusen, Bremen, Stanton & Ruger; Bragie, Guglielmo, Marseilles, Lawrence, Giles & Co.; Mercy Ellen, Luscomb, Buenos Ayres, Harbeck & Co.

Brig Hidalgo, Whittemore, St. Mary's, Ga., Simpson & Mayhew.

Schooners Norfolk Packet, Bedell, Apalachicola, R. Post; W. L. Montague, Travers, Baltimore, J. W. McKee; J. Aumack, Pearoe Wilmington, McCready, Mott & Co.; Clara, Crowell, Boston, A. Howes.

Sloops Thos. Hull, Hull Providence, master; Southport, Hine, New-Haven, master.

Arrived.

Steamship Fulton, Wotton, Havre and Cowes July 25, at 3 o'clock P. M., with mdse. and passengers to Wm. S. Drayton. Aug. 25, 12 miles S. of Culver's Cliff, passed steamship Vanderbilt, for Havre. Arr. at Cowes at 3 A. M., 25th. Sunday, 29th, 7 P. M., lat. 50 40 N., lon. 25 09 W., distance from Cowes 900 miles, passed U. S. M. steamship Arago, for Havre Friday, Sept. 3, 2¼ P. M., Cape Race abreast, News Yacht not in sight, threw overboard the box containing the news for the New-York Associated Press, which was picked up by a fishing yacht, bd. in. Sunday, 5th, 8 A. M., lat. 42 50 N., lon. 62 56 W., signalized bark Forest Belle, stg. E.; 5 P. M., signalized Am. ship Muscongus, in lat. 42 25 N., lon 64 55 W. Died, of organic disease of the heart, on Monday, 6th, at 9¼ A. M., J. Karradi, cabin passenger, a native of Hungary, aged 37 years. 10 A. M., lat. 40 58, lon 68 20, passed a large three-masted steamship, with red smoke-stack, stg. to the eastward.

Steamship Huntsville, Post, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co. Monday, 9 A. M., 20 miles N. of Cape Hatteras, signalized schr. Walter Raleigh, stg S.; 12 M., signalized brig Tempest, bd. S.

Steamship Alabama, Shenck, Savannah 60 hours with mdse. and passengers to S. L. Mitchill & Son. Sunday, at 1½ A. M., 25 miles S. W. of Frying-Pan, exchanged signals with steamship Star of the South, bd. S.

Steamship James Adger, Turner, Charleston 56 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Steamer Southern Star, Badger, City Point and Norfolk 36 hours, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Kennebec, Hand, Philadelphia and Cape May, with mdse. and passengers to F. Perkins.

Steamer Charles Osgood, Smith, Norwich and New London, with mdse. to E. H. Rockwell.

Steamer Albany, Kenney, Sag Harbor, with mdse. and passengers to E. H. Rockwell.

Ship A Z. Greeland, Liverpool June 12, and Tralee July 16, with coal and 211 steerage passengers to Zerega & Co. Aug. 5, lat. 44 58, lon. 40 08, experienced a severe gale. The remainder of the passage had light, variable winds and calms. No sickness or deaths.

Ship Humboldt, (Ham.,) Grell, Hamburg July 19, with mdse. and 107 passengers to L. E Amsinck. July 30, lat. 48 50, lon. 8 56, spoke bark Smallwood, for London. Aug. 10, lat. 47, lon. 27, exchanged signals with ship Richard Alsop, bd. E. Aug. 14, lat. 44, lon. 32, passed ship Rotunda, of Richmond, bd. E. Aug. 19, lat. 41, lon. 43, passed the wreck of the bark Mayflower; foremast and mainmast gone, the mizzenmast standing; was full of water, and abandoned.

Ship B. D. Metcalf, (of Damariscotta,) Stetson, Liverpool July 31, with mdse. to Metcalf & Duncan. Has had much light westerly weather, with fogs 5th inst., one of the seamen fell from the mizzen topsailyard, and was badly hurt.

Ship Cora Linn, Luther, Glasgow July 17, with mdse. to Dunham & Dimon.

Bark Kepler, Tucker, Ardrossan July 31, with iron to J. O. Baker. Experienced strong westerly gales up to lon. 47.

Bark Almona, Midgett, July 7, with coal to Wakeman, Dimon & Co.

Bark Charles Kean, Chaltin, Bristol, E., Aug. 3, with railroad iron to order.

Bark Linnea, (Swed.,) Gottostrom, Marseilles July 13, with madder, &c., to E. Caylus de Ruyter & Co.

Brig Mary E. Jones, Jones, Menton, Italy, July 15, passed Gibraltar Aug. 2, with fruit, &c., to master.

Brig Gardera, (Port.,) Carregal, Oporto 47 ds., with wine, &c., to L. E. Amsinck.

Schr. Isaac W. Hughes, Roberts, Newbern, N. C., 7 ds., with naval stores to Davis & Holmes. 3d inst., off Cape Henlopen, in a squall from N. W., split mainsail.

Schr. L. Reeves, Hopkins, Virginia 4 ds., with wood to J. B. Spofford. 3d inst., in Rappahannock River the first officer, Chas. Smith, of New-York, was knocked overboard by the main boom and lost.

Schr. Mary Ann, Sawyer, Machias 8 ds., with lumber to Simpson & Platt.

Bark Peter Demill, Hoey, Savannah 9 ds., with lumber to Demill & Co.

Schr. J. R. Kinsey, Conkling, Jacksonville, E. F., 9 ds., with lumber to Massey.

Schr. Mobile, Howes, Mobile 13 ds., with cotton to Laytin & Hurlbut.

Schr Haxall, Winter, Richmond 4 ds., with flour and tobacco to C. H. Pierson. The first day out, when off Hog Island, during a blow, sprung a leak of 1,100 strokes per hour.

Schr. Golden Rule, Jones, Alexandria 4 ds., with coal to E. Cunard.

Schr. Ellen Louisa, Thompson, New Haven, with mdse. to E. H. Hemmingway.

Schr. W. W. Brainerd, Bowditch, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Cropper, Blezen, Virginia, with Grain to A. C. Havens.

Schr. J. Rogers, Hopkins, Virginia, with wood.

Schr. Deposit, Pettigrew, Calais 7 ds., lath to order.

Schr. Exchange, Kelly, Philadelphia, for Gloucester.

Schr. Ellen Perkins, Bush, New-Haven, for Albany.

Schr. Geo. M. Smith, Smith, Providence

Schr. Como, Holbrook, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. J. L. Predmore, Cromwell, Virginia, with wood.

Schr. Nellie D., Haley, Richmond 6 ds., with coal.

Schr. L H Indicott, Leeds, Philadelphia 3 ds., coal.

Schr. Essex, Post, Philadelphia 3 ds., with coal.

WIND—During the day, from S. S. E., light.

Below.

Capt. Hazzard, of steamtug W. H. Webb, reports ship Shelter, Shedd, from Liverpool July 7, and bark M. L. Frank, of Portland, Halsted, from Cardiff July 4, as being 50 miles S. E. from the Hook, at sunset.

Memoranda.

New Bedford, Sept. 6.—The schooner Olive, of and from Eastport, with a cargo of herring and lath, bound for New-York, was found by wreckers, abandoned, and brought into this port; full of water, and most of her sails, &c., gone—hull very badly damaged. She had been in collision with brig Mars Hill, of Bangor, in ballast, bd. E.; she is also badly damaged, full of water, and in the hands of wreckers. Both captains and crews got on board of an eastern vessel, and have gone home.—(By letter to Elwood Walter, Secretary Board of Underwriters.)

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Sept. 7—Arr. ship Charmer, Lucas, Liverpool; bark La Reine, Meriez, Marseilles. Below—Bark Jas. Bryant, from Shields; schr. W. B. Scranton, from New-Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 7—Arr. ship Wellington, from New-York.

Spoken, &c.

Danube—bark Eldredge, from Palermo for Boston, 38 ds. out, Sept. 1, lat. 40 38, lon. 62

Eloise—Bremen brig, from Havana for Falmouth for orders, had lost four men by fever, Aug. 8, lat. 44 17, lon. 36 45.

E. J. Knight—whaling-schr., of Provincetown, 3½ mos. out, with 175 bbls oil, Aug. 29, lat. 42 08, lon. 64 45.

Hallowell—fishing-schr., of and for Provincetown, full, Aug. 25, lat. 44 07, lon. 56 32.

Patterson—ship, from New-Orleans for Liverpool, 39 ds. out, Sept. 2, lat. 40 27.

Saxony—bark, of Boston, bd. S., was passed, no date, Tortugas bearing S. E.

Foreign Ports.

Havre—Am. vessels in port, Aug. 23: Germania, Wood, from and for New-York 26th; St. Nicholas, Bragdon, do. do. Sept. 8; St. Charles, Conway do. do. Aug. 28; Johannisberg, Stilphen, from and for New-Orleans Aug. 24; Baden, Stilphen, do. do. Sept. 10; Bamberg, William, do. do., unc.; Ocean Romp, from New-York, Manson, unc.; Matazo, from New-York, Dillingham, do.; Odessa, from Damariscotta, Barstow, do.; Tropic, from Kennebunk, Nowell, do.; Admiral, from New-York, Bliffen, do.; Bavaria, from do., Bailey, do.

ELEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.—The undersigned, Inspectors of Election duly appointed in and for the XIth Assembly District (XIth Ward) of the City and County of New-York, by the Tammany Hall General Committee, of which Peter B. Sweeny, Esq., is Chairman, to hold and direct a primary election in said Assembly District, under the call which was issued by such General Committee on the 3d day of September inst., do hereby certify that at the said primary election, held at Mooney's this evening, GIDEON J. TUCKER received the greatest number of votes, and was duly elected the Delegate to the State Convention from the said District, and JOHN KENNEDY was elected as his alternate. (Signed,) WM. SIMPSON,
WM. CRAFT,
RICHD. FLANAGAN, } Inspectors.

New-York City, Sept. 7, 1858.